Rs 185 buys you a Royal West End Cycle complete.
Strongly recommended by
WELLINGTON CYCLE Co.
Bombay & Poona.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

THE BRAND OF HIGH GRADE QUALITY.
It is made to give satisfaction.
It is bound to give satisfaction.
It does give satisfaction.
WELLINGTON CYCLE Co.
Bombay & Poona.

VOL. VI. NO 290 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1918. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O. AND BRITISH INDIA

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.

P. & O. SAILINGS,

TO LONDON.

Date about.	Steamers.	Tons.
1918		
10th December ..	Tanfield ..	..
16th „ ..	Chanda ..	6169
1919		
11th January ..	Nagoya ..	6854
25th „ ..	Nore ..	6703

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Date about.	Steamer.	Tons.
1918		
10th December ..	Dilwara ..	5378

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

Date about.	Steamers.	
1918		
5th December ..	Lightning..	Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports.
8th „ ..	Dumra ..	Karachi, coasting.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage for P. & O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN, VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons	Date of arrival.	Date of departure.
Tatsuta Maru.	Y. Kobayashi..	3135	24th Nov. 1918.	7th Dec. 1918.
Kosoku Maru.	H Nagahiro ..	3187	18th Dec. 1918.	28th Dec. 1918.
Heishin Maru.	K. Ikuno ..	3045	28th Dec. 1918.	6th Jan. 1919.

For Freight apply to:
T. KAWAGUCHI,
Manager.
Alice Buildings,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(THE OSAKA MERCANTILE STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)
(Incorporated in Japan.)

HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA, JAPAN.
Fleet—167 Vessels Gross Tonnage 462,000.
Regular service from Bombay to Japan, Italy and Marseilles.

Steamer.	Commander.	Arrival	Departure.	Destination
Burma-Maru	S. Imai	23rdNov	7th Dec.	Japan
Sumatra-Maru	H. Uyeda	22nd „	10th „	„
Kasado-Maru.	N. Yanagi	14th „	14th „	„
Shokwa-Maru.	N. Wakatake	28th „	13th „	Italy
Saigon-Maru	S. Kondo	7th Dec.	20th „	Marseilles
Celebes Maru.	S Memoto	18th „	....	Japan

For freight apply to
M. UCHIYAMA,
Manager.
Ajam Building, Ballard Road,
Fort, Bombay.

DROPS OF INK!
MAKE MILLIONS THINK!
and to write with a bad Ink.
IS A BLUNDER.
"Inkotine" marks the highest perfection in Ink making
Try and reap its benefit.
G.S. RANADE & CO.,
BOMBAY NO. 3.

BANKING.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)
Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

Subscribed Capital	£2,000,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,000,000
Reserve Fund	£1,350,000

Head Office:
49, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.
Branches:

Calcutta	Chittagong	Mombasa
Bombay	Rangoon	Nairobi
Madras	Mandalay	Nakuru
Karachi	Colombo	Kisumo
Lahore	Kandy	Jinja
Amritsar	Newera-Elliya	Kampala
Delhi	Aden (Camp)	Entebbe
Cawnpore	Aden (Steamer Point)	Tanga, East Africa
Tuticorin	Zanzibar	Dar-es-Salam, East Africa
Cochin		

Agents in New York and South America:—
The Anglo-South American Bank, Ltd.
Agents in Mauritius:—
Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

are opened for Approved Customers and Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, Africa, America and Australia or purchased or collected.

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegrams.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(Registered in Japan.)
ESTABLISHED 1886.

Subscribed Capital	Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 42,000,000
Reserved Fund	Yen 24,300,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.
Branches and Agencies at

Bombay,	Buenos Aires,	Calcutta,
Changchun,	Chi-Nan,	Dairen,
Frengtien,	Hankow,	Harbin
Hongkong,	Honolulu,	Kaiyuan,
Koke,	London,	Los Angeles,
Lyons,	Manila,	Nagasaki,
Newchwang,	New York,	Osaka,
Peking,	Rangoon,	San Francisco,
Seattle,	Shanghai,	Shimonoseki,
Singapore,	Soerabaya,	Sydney,
Tientsin,	Tokio,	Tsingtao.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and Interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager, Bombay.

Post Box No. 207, Hornby Road, Bombay.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD

(Incorporated in England.)
HEAD OFFICE.
4, Crosby Square, London, E. C.
BRANCHES:
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, BAGDAD, BASRAH AND AMARA.

Authorised Capital	£1,500,000
Called-up Capital	£600,000
Reserve Liawility of Shareholders	£900,000
Reserve Fund	£90,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, K. T (Chairman).
Sir Edward Sassoon, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)
Emile Francqui, Esq., (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique.)
Lieut.-Col. J. Leigh Wood, C.M.G. (Messrs. Brown Shipley & Co.)
J. C. Georges Boillat, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris.)
J. S. Haskell, Esq., (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)
Bromley-Martin, Esq., (Martins Bank, Ltd.
BOMBAY COMMITTEE
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckji Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji Goculdas, Esq.
BOMBAY OFFICE:
Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS FIXED FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS AT THE RATE OF 5 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on SAVINGS DEPOSIT Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum.

Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASES and SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.

SECURITIES received for safe custody and interest and dividends collected for clients.

L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

BANKING.

THE BANK OF TAIWAN. LTD.

Incorporated by Special Charter of the Imperial Japanese Government, 1899.

Subscribed Capital	Yen 30,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 25,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 6,030,000

HEAD OFFICE:
TAIPEH, FORMOSA
BRANCHES:

LONDON	SHANGHAI	TOKIO
NEW YORK	HONGKONG	OSAKA
AMOY	SINGAPORE	KOBE
CANTON	SOERABAIA	YOKOHAMA
FOOCHOW	SEMARANG	AKO
HANKOW	BATAVIA	GIRAN
KIUKIANG	MAKUNG	KAGI
SWATOW		KARENKO
TAIWAN	SHINCHIKU	KEELUNG
TAKOW	TAICHU	TAMSUI
TOWEN		

The Bank has also a large number of Correspondents at Home and Abroad.

Current Deposit Accounts are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

Fixed Deposits are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

K. TAKEMURA.
Manager.

30, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE SUMITOMO BANK

LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Japan.)

Subscribed Capital	Yen 30,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 22,500,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 40,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: OSAKA, JAPAN.
BRANCHES AND AGENTS:

Bombay	Kyoto	San Francisco
Hakata	London	Seattle
Hankau	Moji	Shanghai
Hiroshima	Nagoya	Shimonoseki
Honolulu	New York	Tokyo
Kobe	Osaka	Yokohama

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates to be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING AND EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted.

J. SATO,
Manager.

P. O. Box No. 389.

Church Gate Street, Bombay.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1900,
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs. 12,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from December 1st to May 31st, and 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

transacted, rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA.

Incorporated in England by ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

Capital	£1,200,000
Reserve Fund	£2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE:
38, Bishopsgate, London, E. C.
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Amritsar	Hongkong	Penang
Bangkok	Iloilo	Puket
Batavia	Ipoh	Rangoon
Bombay	Karachi	Saigon
Calcutta	Klang	Seremban
Canton	Kobe	Shanghai
Cebu	Kwala Lumpor	Singapore
Colombo	Madras	Sourabaya
Delhi	Manila	Taiping (F.M.S.)
Haiphong	Medan	Tavoy
Hankow	New York	Tientsin
	Peking	Yokohama

The CORPORATION sell DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal commercial cities throughout the world, buy and receive for collection Bills of Exchange, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum, monthly balance of not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly. Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients, also received for Safe Custody and collection of Interest and Dividends, when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and for shorter periods at rates which may be ascertained on application.

J. KERNAN,
Agent.

BANKING.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital Authorized	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Issued	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Paid-up	16,42,023	10	0
Reserve Funds	11,95,950	15	0

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.
Branches:

Amritsar	Hyderabad (Sindh)	Multan City
Bombay	Jullundhur	Peshawar City
Calcutta	Lyons	Patiala
Cawnpore	Jammu	Rawalpindi
Delhi	Jhelum City	Sargodha
D. I. Khan	Karachi	Sialkot
Ferozepore	Kasur	Srinagar
Gujranwalla	Lahore City	Umballa City
Hapur	Lyallpur	
Hoshiarpur	Ludhiana	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—

K. C. MULICK,
Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$15,000,000
STERLING RESERVE FUND £1,500,000 at 2/	$15,000,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND	$19,500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$15,000,000

HEAD OFFICE—Hongkong.
LONDON OFFICE—9, Gracechurch Street. E. C.
BOMBAY OFFICE—40, Churchgate Street.
OTHER BRANCHES:

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Tientsin
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Hankow	New York	Yloilo
Harbin	Peking	Yokohama
Hongkew	Penang	
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the World.

GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE business undertaken.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED

(Incorporated in England.)

Subscribed Capital	£1,125,000
Paid-up Capital	£582,500
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£582,500
Reserve Fund	£650,000

HEAD OFFICE:
15, Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kwala Lumper
Batavia	Howrah (Calcutta)	Madras
Bombay		Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Rangoon
Delhi	Kota Bahru (Kelantan)	Shanghai
Galle		Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills an grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. lakh.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Fixed deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS.—The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents, and collection of interest therein as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.

J. A. ROBERTSON,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

JUST RECEIVED
A FRESH CONSIGNMENT
OF
THE RARE and BEAUTIFUL
Plain XL Crepe-de Chine
IN
ALL THE LATEST SHADES AND GRADES
suitable for
LADIES DRESSES.
AHMED E. ESAALI,
Empire Building, Fort, BOMBAY.

BANKING.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.
Temporary Office—Wallace Street, Fort, Bombay.
Branches—Calcutta and Hyderabad (Deccan).
LONDON AGENTS: LLOYDS BANK LIMITED.
NEW YORK AGENTS, THE GUARANTY TRUST COY. OF NEW YORK.

Authorised Capital	Rs. 12,00,00,000
Subscribed Capital	Rs. 7,00,70,550
Paid-up Capital	Rs. 69,98,990

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
Sir D. J. Tata, Kt., Chairman.
Sir Sassoon David, Bart.
Sir R. N. Mookerjee, K.C.I.E.
Sir Francis Stewart, Kt.
Sir Stanley Reed, Kt., LL.D.
R. D. Tata, Esq.,
F. E. Dinshaw, Esq.,
F. C. Rimington, Esq.,
Narottam Morarjee, Esq.,
Hajee Gulam Mahomed Ajam, Esq.,
The Hon'ble Mr. Purshottamdas Thakordas.
A. J. Bilimoria, Esq.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily credit balances from Rs. 500/- to Rs. 1,00,000/- at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum. If the balance to the credit of any account does not fall below Rs. 25,000/- at any time between 1st January and 30th June, interest will be allowed during that period at 2½ per cent. per annum. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3/- Half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS. Interest allowed on Deposits fixed for one or two years and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK. Interest allowed on Savings Bank Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules may be obtained on application.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved Securities.

PURCHASES AND SALES of Securities and Shares effected.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased and collected and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

J. PAGAN DALZELL,
Acting Manager.

PRABHAKAR SHILOTRI & CO. LIMITED.

BANKERS
109, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

Receive funds in Current Savings and Deposit Accounts, Grant Advances on Government Paper, Shares and Stocks, Gold and Silver Ornaments and easily marketable commodities and on commercial credit of customers known to us for a long time, effect purchase and sale of Securities and collect interest and dividends. Apply to:—

Dr. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRI,
M.A., Ph. D.

INSURANCE.

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

(HEAD OFFICE—BOMBAY.)

Chairman—The Hon'ble Sir FAZULBHOY CURRIMBHOY, KT.

Attractive Schemes at Low Rates.

For Prospectus and further particulars Apply to—

SECRETARIES & MANAGER,
JIVANLAL DASTUR & Co.,
618, Esplanade Road, Fort.

INSURANCE.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.,

HEAD OFFICE—7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.

	Rs.
Capital Fully Subscribed	10,00,000
Capital Paid Up	1,00,000
Invested Funds Over	30,00,000

THE ADVANTAGES OF A "NATIONAL" POLICY.

By paying your Premiums at the lowest possible rate available in India, you secure for yourself a Policy which will enable you to tide over the difficulties owing to the loss of income in your old age or provide for your family in case of an early death.

The "National" carries first class risks and offers unique advantages to the Policy holders.

Please write for Prospectus before deciding the question of insuring your life.

The first Indian Insurance Company to lead the way by investing the total sum of Rupees Six lakhs in the First and Second Indian War Loans.

RAE & CO., P. BANERJEA.
Managing Agents, Secretary.
DHURANDHAR BROTHERS,
Chief Agents: Bombay Presidency.
72, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

THE GREAT INDIA FIRE INSURANCE CO., LTD.

Head Office, Bombay.

Authorised capital Rs. 50,00,000 divided into 250,000 shares of Rs. 20 each. It is proposed to call only Rs. 10 per share. Rs. 5 on application and the balance of Rs. 5 on allotment.

Fire Insurance of every description received at lowest current rates.

For particulars, Prospectus and Rates of Insurance apply to:—

RAHIM SONS & CO.,
Secretaries.
8, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay.

AGENTS WANTED in all unrepresented districts.

P. BASAYATALI KARIM BUX

THE WELL KNOWN
ASTROLOGER.

ROOM 8, ORIENT HOTEL.
Opposite Crawford Market, Bombay.

Most reliable advice to investors and speculators for any trade, such as, Jute, Cotton, Races, Hessians, Oil, Flour, etc., and also marriages; prepare Horoscopes, read thoughts, reveal past, present, and future by Astrology and Palmistry; posted anywhere on receipt of birth date and year.

Charges Rs. 2, 5 & 10, numerous certificates.
9 a.m. to 2 p.m., & 3 to 7 p.m. (S. T.).

FOR SALE.

One CARD of old share and Stock Exchange. Apply
THE INTERNATIONAL STORES
325, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

A Millionaire Turned a Beggar

It seems ridiculous how that can be possible for a man with fortune to turn into a beggar, and it will interest every person. It is an established fact that once a man through wasting disease wasted his money and life. He went on spending from one to a million, with what result he turned a beggar and incurable. He became worse, the more he tried medical men; at last he was hopeless. The disease turned into a complication. A poor man who just finding himself weak and unfit for work; you know what he did, he just through one of his best friend's advice, started taking "Dr McPHAEL'S NERVO-VILATO PILLS," the world renowned tonic and the body developer. He from a bone and skeleton, turned a giant as you will see the figure above. You will be the same. Try a course of six bottles for Rs. 20—obtainable everywhere. If your Chemists cannot supply, "CASH CHEMISTS," Fort, Bombay, will supply post paid to any part of India, a course of six for Rs. 20.

THE

Persian Hair Dye.

India's Very Best

(1) It turns Grey Hair "Black."
(2) It makes the hair lovely "Black."
(3) It makes the hair look Natural "Black."
(4) It has no equal in the "Hair Dye World."

Tested at the Government Chemical Laboratory.

To be had from:—Army and Navy Co-operative Society, Ltd., Messrs. KEMP and Co., Ltd., PHILLIPS and Co. Ltd., PHILIMORE and Co., Cumbala Hill, THOMSON and TAYLOR, LEACH and WEBORNEY Chemists, MADON and SONS M. T. MADON Market, NAROTAM GIRDHAR, Juma Musjid, and also from all known Chemists and Druggists.

Price Rs. 2.

SOLE AGENTS:—

HORMUSJI DOSABHOY & CO.,

Telephone No. 511. BOMBAY No. 4.

Influenza and Its Cure.

PUBLIC

WILL BE GLAD TO LEARN 20 MINIMS OF

KADI

taken twice a day is a sure preventive of the above disease, and 30 minims taken thrice a day after meals cures Influenza without fail and prevents any complication of the Lungs.

Can be had of all Chemists
AND
D. SPECIFIC Co.
MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

COOKING & HEATING STOVES.

I have in stock all kinds of stoves and spare parts. Prices Moderate. Repairing work carefully done under my own supervision.

TRIAL ORDER SOLICITED.

Call at

D. R. WAGLE,
GIRGAON STOVE DEPOT,
Near Tram Terminus, GIRGAON.

Now don't fuss about with two pairs of spectacles when we can supply you a single tip-top lens the

"KRYPTOK"

which performs the functions of any two spectacles to a perfection.

No Shifting of Glasses

KRYPTOK GLASSES
THE ONLY INVISIBLE BIFOCAL

If you are satisfied with the old hackneyed style of eyewear, we have nothing to say, but if you are interested in something surpassingly smart in, eyeglasses, spectacles and automobile or sunglasses, you have only to step in any one of our showrooms, when we will display before you a multitude of spectacles and eyeglasses, which are the latest the neatest and the most stylish in their line, bestowing to your eyes and your nose the maximum amount of comfort.

BALIWALLA & HOMI

HORNBY ROAD, Opp, Whiteaway. & KALBADEVI ROAD.

The Leading Opticians of Bombay.

AWARDED GOLD MEDALS.

AMICHAND GOVANJI.

The Oldest and Most Popular Confectioner's Depot in India.

Established Over Half a Century Ago. Opposite Jumma Masjid, Shaikh Memon Street, out Fort, Bombay. 'Phone No. 676.

This establishment has been specially awarded the following certificate:—

Vegetarian Federal Union,
16, Farringdon Street, E.C.

We beg to inform the Vegetarian Federal Union of London that Amichand Govanji, the Indian Confectioner of Bombay, has been awarded a Certificate from the Vegetarian Exhibition and Congress held in the year 1898 for the excellence and delicacy of his Confectionery.

(Sd.) W. HILL, *Chairman*,

(Sd.) HARRY PHILLIPS, *Secretary*.

THE LADWAS (Sweet Balls) of various descriptions and sizes.
THE SUTARFENNY (a kind of thread-like round cake) sweetened and fragrant.
HALVAS of different descriptions such as (a) Mahim Halva (or Viv), (b) Saffroy Halva with almonds, (c) Gunny Halva, (d) Rose-scented Halva, (e) Vanila Halva, (f) Muskati Halva, (g) Ice Cream Halva, (h) Orange Halva.

All orders are executed under competent supervision with care and promptitude.

No such so-called preparations are genuine unless purchased from our Depot bearing our signboard and bearing a printed label on the wrappers as well.

No V.P.P. Orders will receive our attention. The generous public are requested to give us a trial.

Do you wear **LEMONJIAN'S** own make **JEWELLERY**
EVERY PIECE WORTH ITS VALUE.
J. LEMONJIAN & CO.
EUROPEAN Jewellers.
86, 94, 97, Medows Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

ESTABLISHED IN 890

TEL. ADDRESS "Thoughts"

M. T. MADON & Co.

TELEPHONE No 2628.

THE CHEAPEST
FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMISTS
AND
DRUGGISTS AND GENERAL MERCHANTS,
DEALERS IN
PERFUMERY, TOILET REQUISITES, PATENT MEDICINES, &
Prompt attention given to all inquiries and V. P. Orders.
24—26 ABDUL RAHIMAN STREET
(Corner Shop)
CRAWFORD MARKET BOMBAY.

WHEN YOU ARE IN MARKET

Please visit us, We STOCK:—

GIN . . SUNDRIES, Platts', English and Indian Beltings, Leather, Hair and Cotton, etc.
MILL . . STORES, Loom Sundries, Oils, Sizing Materials, Hose and Fittings, etc.
MACHINERY Engines, Boiler, Lathe, Pumps, Saw Bench, Single and Double Gins.

Branch: MURTIZAPUR } **M. H. DINSHAW & Co.** Green Street, Fort BOMBAY

If you are a Lawyer, a Clerk, a Student or a Business man
BUY A
DIAMOND POINT 14-CARAT GOLD NIB

FOUNTAIN PEN

It is an American Manufacture.

It is a companion that never fails at the right moment.

Every pen guaranteed from Rs. 2-12-0 upwards.
Self-filling pens from Rs. 3-12-0 upwards.

SPECIAL TERMS TO TRADE
SOLE AGENT FOR INDIA AND BURMA

T. H. KHANNA Baria Building, Pydhonie BOMBAY—3.

Single Barrel Breech-Loading Guns

12, 16, 20 and .410 Bores.

Rs. 47.

ARMS & AMMUNITION MART.
MAHOMEDALLY NOORBHOY
NEAR CRAWFORD MARKET,
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Telegrams:—"SHOOTER."

Nuzerally Khanbhoy

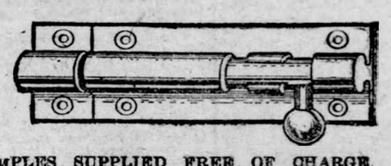
PIPES, HARDWARE, AND MILL STORE SUPPLIERS AND CONTRACTORS.

Specialities—Lead Sheet Pipes, Paints, Brass and Copper Pipes and Rods, Sanitary Ware, etc.

Copper Pipes ⅛" inch thick, any size, @ 1-14-0 per Lb, can be had till in stock.

211-15 Nagdevi Street, BOMBAY No. 3.
Telephone No. 2458

GENUINE CONGO RED.

BOLT  BRAND

SAMPLES SUPPLIED FREE OF CHARGE.
SPECIAL RATES FOR IMPORTANT QUANTITIES
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DOLATRAM KASHIRAM & Co.

Telephone No. 4052. Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
Telegrams: "Manadorap, Bombay."

ENCOURAGE INDIAN INDUSTRY.

Enquiries Solicited for:—
ALL KINDS OF OIL-PAINTS.
(Moist-paste or Ready-mixed)

GENUINE RAW, PALE BOILED AND DOUBLE BOILED LINSEED OILS.

VARNISHES, GOLD-SIZE, BLACK-JAPAN, 'STICK-FAST' PUTTY &c.
Manufactured by:—

THE INDIAN WHITE PAINT MFG. CO.
Pioneer PAINTS, OILS AND VARNISHES
MANUFACTURERS IN INDIA.

Telegrams:—"Whitepaint"—'Phone No. 5952
Factory & Offices: BYCULLA, BOMBAY.

Actina Cures Deafness.

Not merely improves the sense of hearing temporarily as do Electrophones, Ear Drums, etc., but really cures the disease permanently. The secret of Actina's success is that it removes the cause of the disease and that is where it differs from all other treatments.

The principal cause of Deafness is Catarrhal Inflammation of the throat and middle ear and until this is removed the hearing cannot be restored. The powerful vapours emanating from Actina inhaled through the mouth and nostrils and applied to the eye, course through the delicate nerves and blood-vessels, removing Congestion, stimulating and invigorating and restoring the organs to their normal healthy activity

Actina is the surest, simplest and most natural cure for Deafness and is just as effective in other Catarrhal diseases, such as Eye Troubles: Hay Fever: Asthma: Bronchitis: Headache: Sore Throat: Influenza, &c Costing only Rs. 25-8 (plus postaged etc.) this wonderful instrument should find a place in every home. Booklet entitled "Prof. Wilson's Treatise on Disease," containing useful health advice and full particulars of our Conditional Trade Offer, post free on request. Write to-day to Actina (B.C.) Sole Agency, Batala, India).

ACTINA Natural Treatment.

PLEASE NOTE THAT
K. JONES & CO.
excel in the art of
Glazing Shirts and Collars
TO PERFECTION
AND
DRY-CLEANING
IS their SPECIALITY

A trial will convince.

46, Prince Bldg. Medows St., Fort, BOMBAY.

LION
TOOTH PASTE & POWDER

A scientific and efficient tooth paste with elegant finish that absolutely supersedes all other preparations for destroying decay germs, neutralising mouth acid, promoting healthy gums and purifying the breath. It ensures sound and pearly teeth and keeps the entire oral cavity in wholesome condition.

Its delightful and refreshing flavour and its selected ingredients combine to make its use pleasant as well as hygienic, a combination that no other dentifrice can afford.

Manufacturers:—
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Tel. No. 2321.
Can be had at all Dealers

Have you ever had a suit Cleaned by us?
IF NOT GIVE US A TRIAL.

Prompt attention under European Supervision given to all orders.

Silks and Jari Border (Gold Border) Garments cleaned by the French Chemical Process thereby making them appear as new and glossy.

Expert and trained men attend to the Dyeing, Glazing and Finishing Work.

PERFECT SATISFACTION IS OUR MOTTO.

Please write for price list

Royal Laundry Co.
10, Hormusjee Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY WASHING Co.

MILITARY SQUARE
Opposite Watson's Hotel, Fort.

Pioneer Cleaners.

35 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

Beware of real dry cleaning without aid of water. Felt hats cleaned within two hours Suits and Dresses within six hours, charges extra except white flannels.

MENOIS REQUISITES.

Real Gold Pills for strength. Price Rs. 2 per phial, 8 per tube and 15 for Special.
Menois Hair Oil. Price Re. 1 per bottle.
Menois Balm. Price Annas 11 per bottle.
Menois Tooth Powder. Price Annas 4 per bottle.

Agents Wanted.

MENOIS GOLD PILLS AGENCY
BOMBAY 10.

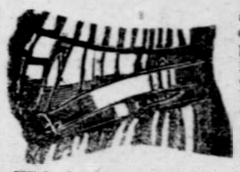
SOUNDY & Co.,

187, HORNBY ROAD.

Just received a large supply of goods.

DRUM HEADS AND REEDS
FLUTES, BUGLES, MOUTH ORGANS
Feldman's 23rd Song Annual.
Planet's 11th [illegible]
Violin Strings and Orchestral Journals' &c., &c.

Chapman's Abdominal Supporters



are the best because they support without pressure in case of Corpulency, Umbelicus Gastroptosis, Appendicitis, and of Surgical operations.

With development of Scientific methods in treatment of diseases and bodily ailments, Abdominal Supporters have been given more general attention by Medical and Surgical Profession, as well by Public. The whole subject has been carefully thought out by us and every improvement, which thorough Anatomical knowledge and Mechanical Science can suggest, has been particularly adopted. Each want or complaint has been provided with suitable appliances with the most beneficial and satisfactory result.

Girgaon, Bombay. } **Geo. Chapman & Co.** Specialists in Belts & Truss.

Phone at once 2954
FOR
MILL, GIN STORES
AND
SIZING MATERIALS.
SPECIALISTS FOR
CHEMICALS, LUBRICANTS AND GREASE.
L. TRICUMDAS & Co.,
70, Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
Tel.—"BABULNATH."
ENQUIRIES SOLICITED

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BOTTLE AND CARAFE KEEPS CONTENTS EITHER ICE COLD OR STEAMING HOT FOR DAYS

Invaluable for House-keepers Nurses, Campers, Travellers. Automobilists.

Illustrated Price List Free.

SOLE AGENTS:
London, Eastern and American Trading Company,
HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY.

We make a Speciality of
Dyeing & Cleaning
Ladies fine Garments and Gent's Suits.
FRENCH CLEANING & DYEING Co.
19-40, Medows Street
FORT. BOMBAY.

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TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

THE KALBADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—"Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes." Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietors, GOPALDAS LALDAS, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

AN OPPORTUNITY for PROVISION MERCHANTS, HOTELS, HOSPITALS, etc.—Just received fresh consignment of Pink and Red Salmon, Essences and various kinds of canned goods. Folding Iron Beds 6½ ft. by 2½ ft. SHIAVAX C. CAMBATA & Co., Agents Grace Bros. (India) Ld., 45/47, Century Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

FRIDAY—From 1st March, 1918, MEHTA & Co., Auctioneers, 25, Medows Street, Fort, will hold bona-fide auctions every FRIDAY at 2-30 p.m. Owners are not allowed to bid. Come and buy just what you want. You'll get it cheap.

PURE WHITE INDIAN PLASTER OF PARIS to compete others in every respect available at GULAMALLI GULAMHUSEIN & Co., 21, Bank Street, Fort. 3027

FORD AUTOMOBILES (India) Ltd. Hughes Road, Bombay. Call in and see us or write or wire us for everything for your Ford Car. Spare Part Price List free on application Telegrams: "Autoford" Bombay. Telephone 707.

FOUND.

FOUND—On procession day a WRIST WATCH, near Grant Road Bridge. Apply COOPER & Co., Chemists Tram Terminus, Grant Road. 3453

EDUCATIONAL.

PARENTS—Have you considered the future of your Boys? THE EMPIRE ENGLISH SCHOOL, the acknowledged centre of Education for English, Mathematics, Languages, etc., etc., will train your Boys in all School Subjects, Morning or Evening at Moderate Rates. Day and Evening General English Classes. Special Senior Cambridge Matric and Typewriting Classes under experts Individual attention is a special feature of the School. See PRINCIPAL at 259/261, Hornby Road, opp. Cox & Co., Fort.

MISCELLANEOUS.

EARNING without investment and business without loss. A sample will be sent by V. P. of Rs. 1-7 on order. Apply Box No. 1240, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3475

WANTED—TO INVEST Rs. 1,00,000 (one lakh) as a sound investment in a profitable industry, or safe running business; experienced man in the same must need apply. Apply to Box No. 1209, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3364

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEONS for the Baroda State Service in permanent employ. Apply to the CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER, Baroda State, with copies of Testimonials. 3402

DRAUGHTSMAN WANTED for Bombay Office used to Iron and Steel work, also Building and Survey Plans. State age, experience and wages required. Apply Box No. 1222 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3407

WANTED—A first class ACCOUNTANT for a large limited liability Company. Apply stating salary expected, also age and qualifications to Box No. 1212, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 338

WANTED—SORTERS for our packing department. Apply personally to the MANAGER, Diamond Jubilee Washing Co., Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay. 3395

WANTED—A smart, honest and competent WEAVING MASTER for a Mofussil Mill. Handsome salary with free quarters. Apply Box No. 1238, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 3459

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—An UNDERGRADUATE, expert in English an Marathi correspondence. See personally RATILAL KHIMJEE, Abdulrehman Street, Chhotalal Zaveridas Makhmalwala's Mala. 3405

WANTED—An energetic TUTOR, strong in English, time 8 to 12 a.m. and/or 6 to 10 p.m. at Valkeshwar, one with progressive ideas will be preferred. Apply stating qualifications and terms to Box No. 1232, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3432

WANTED—Experienced MATRIC. and ACCOUNTS CLERKS for Overseas. Also Rs. 500 security paying AGENTS and TREASURERS. MAYADASS & Co., 85, Fort Street, Bombay. 3368

REQUIRED a few DRIVERS on permanent list. Leave and Provident Fund etc., according to Civil Service Regulations. Apply with testimonials to LOCO. and CARRIAGE SUPERINTENDENT, G P. State Railway, Jetalsar, KATHIAWAR. 3421

WANTED for Burma, one CIVIL ENGINEER, thoroughly experienced in Railway Construction, salary Rs. 600, Two Indian MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN on Rs. 150 each and Two Indian METALLURGICAL CHEMISTS on Rs. 200 each. Apply Box No. 1226, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3415

WANTED—A practical AGRICULTURAL ASSISTANT to look after agricultural villages. Preference will be given to a man who has practical experience of agricultural and fruit gardening. Applications stating terms and with copies of testimonials may be forwarded to RAI BAHADUR SETH JIWANDASS, Malguzars, Jubbulpore. 3471

PHOTOGRAPHY—WANTED—One OPERATOR, who can thoroughly retouch negatives and finish Black and Whites. One BROMIDE PRINTER and DARK ROOM ASSISTANT. Apply stating salary required to GUERRA and SONS, Photographers, Bungalow No. 107, P. O. Road, Mhow, C. I. 3161

WANTED—Experienced and distinguished PROFESSORS of English History and Logic, Economics, Persian and Sanskrit and also a well-qualified man to teach commerce for the D.A.V. College Cawnpore. Pay according to qualifications. The applications must reach the undersigned by the end of December, 1918. ANAND SWARUP RAI BAHADUR, Secretary, D.A.V. College Society. 3385

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—L. M. S. for Charitable Dispensary. Apply RUTTONSEE MOOLJEE, 22, Elphinstone Circle, Fort. 3418

WANTED—A SHORT-HAND TYPIST. Salary Rs. 45 per month. Apply sharp to Box No. 1208, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3358

WANTED—LADY TYPIST, knowing correspondence to work two hours in leisure time. Apply R. T. MEHTA & Co., near West End Cinema, Girgaon. 3456

WANTED—SHORTHAND TYPIST. Salary Rs. 80 rising to Rs. 100. Apply Box No. 1235, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3455

WANTED—FAST TYPIST, start Rs. 50 per month, only competent Gujarati Hindus may apply NAGINDAS & MANEKLAL, Homji Street, Fort. 3476

WANTED—A HINDOO CLERK with experience in English and Gujarati Correspondence and also in Typewriting. See THE BHIMANI OIL MILLS Co., Surti Mohalla, Post No. 8. 3473

WANTED—GENERAL CLERKS for our receiving and delivery office. Apply personally to the MANAGER, Diamond Jubilee Washing Co., Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay. 3394

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS ENGINEER for an up-country Mill, one with electrical qualifications and having practical knowledge of all kinds of electrical work preferred. Apply stating age, caste, previous experience and salary expected to Box No. 1231, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3436

SITUATION WANTED.

SITUATIONS WANTED by two experienced Accounts and Correspondence Clerks, during morning or evening hours. Good references. Apply to Box No. 1206, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3343

WANTED.

WANTED—A ROOM for Office in Fort, can pay about Rs. 30 to 35. Apply MAHIPATRAM RAVAL, 13, Bank Street, Fort. 3389

WANTED—MOTOR CARS on contract for a year. Apply for particulars Messrs R. B. PALSAPURE & Co., Topiwala's Bunglow, Sandhurst Road. 3333

WANTED—Several centrifugal PUMPS and Crude Oil or Kerosene Oil ENGINES, new or second-hand, from 9 H.P. to 20 H.P. Send particulars and the prices required. S. G. NARAVANE, Geologist, Baroda State, Baroda. 3445

WANTED—Full sized second-hand PIANO in good working order, stating least price. Apply Box No. 1204, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3339

WANTED—A PARTNER sleeping or active for a well going concern with a Capital of Rs. 5,000, good profits guaranteed. Apply Box No. 1228, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3429

WANTED—AGENCY of business in any line for Colombo by a Parsee of 20 years' experience, can give good security. Apply Box No. 1203, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3385

WANTED—Gentleman's medium sized superior silver or gold fitted DRESSING CASE in very good condition, fittings to be complete and in excellent order. Also a very chaste GOLD CIGARETTE CASE Apply with particulars to Box No. 1237, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 3458

WANTED TO SELL—A profitable and going FLOURISHING CONCERN on one of the conspicuous roads in Bombay. The proprietor on account other engagements can't attend to it. Peoples wishing to invest Rs. 35,000 to Rs 40,000 , need apply Box No. 1210, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 3375

WANTED—A WORKING or SLEEPING PARTNER who can invest Rupees one lakh in an Import and Export business for a young man of good repute and family having experience of eight years in his own Limited concern, proceeding to Europe shortly after peace. Correspondence strictly private. Write for terms, etc., to Box No. 1219, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3396

PARTNER.—WANTED A FINANCING PARTNER by a going concern of Import and Export, having best connections in Europe, America, Continent and Japan. Import of Yarns, Piece-Goods, Textile Fents and Remnants, Hosiery, Metals, Chemicals, Colours Papers, Sundries, &c. Exports of Indian Raw-Products and all Commodities. Apply Box No. 1233, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3451

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A CHEST, C.-B., broken to harness. Apply Box No. 1236, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3456

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE.—

	Rs.
Just Received. New National Portable Typewriters Improved Model No. 3. Visible Writing, 2 Colours, Back Spacer and Tabulator. Weight with Case 9 lbs. Order early to save disappointment. Price	190
Underwood No. 5, with Tabulator	135
Oliver No. 5, with Tabulator	140
Underwood No. 5, 2 Colours, Back Spacer and Tabulator	190
Gujerati Remington No. 9, good as new...	200
Factory Rebuilt Olivers No. 5, with Back Spacer and Tabulator. Look like new and work like new	
Remington No. 10, Brief Size, slightly used	

Ribbons, Carbons and other Accessories. Repairs to all Typewriters.

NICOLLS & COMPANY,
Typewriter Experts,
Opp. Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay.

GLOBE'S TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:

	Rs.
Remington No. 10 Visible	215
Remington No. 8 Brief Size	125
Remington No. 7	110
Remington No. 9 Gujerati, little-used	225
Empire No. 1 Portable	125
Hammond with Back spacer	125
Blick No. 7 Portable with case	100
Underwood No. 5 with B. S. 2clr. little-used	250

Rebuilt Olivers No. 5 with B. S. and Tab. and Remington No. 10, look and work like new. Lowest Prices. National Portable Typewriter improved Model No. 3. Visible. 2 clrs. B. S. Tab. with improved 2 piece travelling case Rs. 190. Few left.

THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO.,
36, (B) Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay.
Tele. "Writertype." 3379

FOR SALE.

ENG. CANOE VICTORIAS just imported. Eng Victorias & Sq. Brougham, Shigram, etc., BALLAJI, 4 Girgaum. 3457

FOR SALE—ELECTRIC (BILLIARD) BRASS FITTINGS with six lights, in good order. Apply Box No. 1214, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3394

ON VIEW—Bona-Fide Sale of Mr. G. T. Cassie's Valuable Furniture, Sofas and Chairs, Almyrahs, etc., at "Ardmore," No. 25, New Marine Lines, to be sold on MONDAY. 3474

FOR SALE—BOILERS 18 by 5 pr. 100 Tangy Comp-condensing Engine 18 by 26 by 36 Platt's gins openers. Apply Box No. 1217 Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 3392

FOR SALE—The red clay for gardens, back stones for buildings, and the small stones and pieces of the stones. Write DWARKADAS GORDHANDAS, c/o Little & Co., Solicitors, Apollo Street, Fort. 3359

FOR SALE—One ton DENBY TRUCK with new tyres, purchased last year, a HUMBER, DE DION HOTCKISS, 10 seater, passenger body, all cars in perfect order. Apply Box No. 1230, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 3432

FOR SALE—One SELF-ACTING ROPE FEED CIRCULAR SAW BENCH 8 ft. by 3 ft. with a Saw of 4 ft. Diameter, quite new. Apply to D. L. SASTRY & Co., Engineers, Madras. 3387

FOR SALE—RUSTON OIL ENGINE, 50 B.H.P., complete with tanks and fittings; one HORNSBY 7½ B.H.P.; one BERLI 8 B.H.P. See SURJEE KHERAJ, Engineer, near Noorbaugh, Mazagon. Tel. No. 3822. 3361

FOR SALE—METAL FACTORY MILLING MACHINE 12 B. H. P. Rushton Proctor Oil Engine, Steam Hammer, Schiels Patent 18in. Blower, 6in. Roots Patent Blower, and different kinds of Machinery. Apply LONDON AEROGRAPH, Girgaum, Bombay. 3469

FOR SALE—LANCASHIRE BOILER 30 by 7 by 150 lbs. pressure, 50 to 150 I.H.P. Steam Engines 4, 8, 10, 21, 23, 30, 40 B.H.P. Oil Engines Finisher by Nesmith, Pump Bed, Donkey Pumps, cart-weighing machine Grinding Machines by Marshall 1½ in. Disintrigator, corrugated sheets in large stock. Apply ENGINEER & CO., Pydhonie, Bombay. 3460

TO BE LET.

WATSON'S ANNEXE, Apollo Bunder. Rooms, facing Yacht Club and Apollo Pier Road. Rents from Rs. 27 to Rs. 125. Apply to MANAGER.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

SAKINABAI MOOSABHOY JAFERBHOY KHOJA MATERNITY HOSPITAL.

WANTED—Full time qualified LADY DOCTOR for this hospital. Apply MOOSABHOY JAFERBHOY Esq., Managing Trustee, Khadak Bombay No. 9. 3438

FREE HELP
TO
FAMINE-STRICKEN PEOPLE, CATTLE AND BIRDS.

THE BOMBAY KARIANA MERCHANT ASSOCIATION has opened a FAMINE RELIEF FUND, to help people, cattle and birds in the present famine year. Therefore any village from Cutch, Kathiawar, Guzerat Mewad and Marwad, that may be in need of such help may apply to the undersigned.

SHAH PARMANAND RATANJEE,
THAKAR TULSIDAS TEJPAL,
Joint Hon. Secretaries.
Famine Relief Fund Committee.
The Bombay Kariana Merchants Association
Samuel Street, Bombay, 3.
Dated 15th Nov. 1918.

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

(1) Shaping Machine, Bed 4ft. 3 in. by 2 ft. 8 in.; size of Table 17 in. by 16 in. by 10 in.; Stroke 12 in.; Travel of head on bed 30 in.

(2) Drilling Machine to be worked by hand power, will drill hole upto 1½ in. dia. Flywheel revolving horizontally at the top of the frame. Dia. of Flywheel 30 in.

(3) Steam Hammer. Cylinder dia. 5 in. Stroke 14 in. Bed 3 ft. 9 in. by 2ft. 6 in.; Ht. 7 7ft. St. Pipe 1½ in. Dia. Exhaust Pipe 2 in. dia.

(4) Steam Verticle Boiler, Ht. 7 ft. Dia. 3 ft. 8 in. with a vertical Engine attached to the shell. Chimney and fittings wanting. Not worked for a number of years.

(5) Screwing Machine. No dies available.

(6) Ruston Oil Engine. Type H. Cylinder Diameter 8½ in. Stroke 16 in. Has Flywheel broken.

Offers to reach the U.S. on or before the 20th of December 1918.

ENGINEER, MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE
Nagpur.
3rd December, 1918. 3447

MACHINERY FOR SALE CHEAP.

	Rs.
ONE ROLLER Flour Mill 10 sack, complete for	1,25,000
One Ice Plant 10 tons ether system, complete for	30,000
40 Cotton Gins Platt Brothers, complete for	25,000
One Cotton Opener Double, complete for	2,000
One Cotton Baling Press Stewart's Patent, complete	Sold
Fifteen Engelburgh's Rice Hulling machines, complete for	4,000
Five Atta Grinding Chakkies 3½ft. and 3¼ft., complete for	1,000
One Boiler 30ft. by 7½ft. Alex. Shanks 165 lb. pressure, complete	Sold
One Boiler 28ft. by 7ft. Tinker Shenton's 140 lb. pressure, complete for	25,000
One Engine Ruston Proctor s 200 H.-P., complete for	25,000
One Engine Benj. Goodfellow's 300 H.-P., complete for	30,000
One Green's Economiser, complete for	4,000

Practically no reduction is possible in prices for Boilers; reasonable highest offers for other things will be considered. Please apply to

GIRDHAR LAL,
Chattiwind Gate, Amritsar.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

RECEPTION AT GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

THE CARRIAGES OF GUESTS attending the Reception at Government House on SATURDAY, the 7th December, 1918, will enter by the Lower Gate, Walkeshwar Road, and pass out by the Upper Gate for parking purposes. The departure from the Reception will also be by the Lower Gate.

On arrival at the platform, a ticket bearing a number will be issued to the occupant and one bearing a similar number will be affixed to the lamp of the carriage.

On departure, as carriages come up the the numbers will be called and should owners not be present on the platform their carriages will be sent round.

Guests coming in motor cars are informed that they should have a licensed chauffeur with their cars as no cars will be permitted to remain opposite the platform but will be parked with other cars according to the number allotted to them.

Guests coming in carriages or motor cars are desired to note that no carriages or motor cars will be permitted to overtake and pass carriages or motor cars in front of them while passing up or down the lower drive.

Gentlemen entitled to the Private Entree are desired to note that as the Lower Road to Government House is very narrow, carriages have to proceed in single line and that unless they come in good time there is every likelihood of their being delayed in reaching the platform.

F. A. M. VINCENT,
Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office:
Bombay, 5th December, 1918.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the PARTNERSHIP heretofore subsisting between LEO PAUL DAVIES and P. R. KAMAT, carrying on business as Merchants and Contractors at 231, Hornby Road, under the Style or Firm of Davies and Company has been DISSOLVED as from the 1st day of December, 1918, so far as concerns the said P. R. Kamat who ceases to be a partner of the said firm, the business of which will henceforth be carried on by the said Leo. Paul Davies alone as the Sole Proprietor thereof, and he alone will be liable for the debts of the Partnership.

Dated this 6th day of December, 1918.

L. P. DAVIES
P. R. KAMAT. 3478

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS for works in the construction of a temporary shed for cattle at the Bandra Slaughter House will be received upto 1 p.m. (B.T.) on MONDAY, the 16th day of December, 1918.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and should be delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant.

Forms of Contract, specification, etc., will be issued free of charge to any one deputed to receive them by the Undersigned, who will, on application give any further information that may be required.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner.
JAMES W. MACKISON, B.Sc., M.I.C.E.,
Executive Engineer.
Municipal Office,
Bombay, 5th December, 1918. 3463

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

TENDERS for works in Regrading and Covering the old STORM-WATER DRAIN in Foras Road and between Foras Road and Annesley Road will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on the 16th day of December, 1918.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and should be delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant.

Forms of Contract, Specification, &c., will be issued free of charge to any one deputed to receive them by the Dy. Executive Engineer, Drainage, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner.
JAMES W. MACKISON, B.Sc., M.I.C.E.,
Executive Engineer,
Bombay Municipality.
Executive Engineer's Office,
Bombay, 5th December, 1918. 3462

LEGAL NOTICE.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of DAYASHANKER KAMESHWAR OZA, a widower, residing at Jamnagar Shrimali Brahmin Hindu Inhabitant, unemployed .....Deceased.

PARBHULAL DAYASHANKER and CHOONILAL HARISHANKER, both of Bombay, Shrimali Brahmin Hindu Inhabitants, merchants, both residing at Vithaldas Road, Princess Street, without the Fort, the son and nephew brother's son respectively of the deceased abovenamed .....Petitioners

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this twenty-ninth day of November in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eighteen and in the ninth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar
W. J. HOWARD.

The 29th day of November, 1918.
Messrs. PURNANAND & CLUBWALA.
Petitioners' Attorneys. 3465

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE

THE REGISTERED OFFICE of the INDIA CULTURE and DEVELOPMENT WORKS Co., Ld., has been REMOVED from Whiteaway Laidlaw Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, to 5A, MURZBAN ROAD, Fort, Bombay.

MAGNIER & CO.,
Agents,
5A, Murzban Road, Fort, Bombay. 3461

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HASSANALLY EBRAHIMJI GHADIALLI, of Bombay, Bohra Mahomedan Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client free from any and all incumbrances, claims and demands whatsoever.

Any and all person or persons having any share, right, title, interest, claim or demand whatsoever in, to and upon the said property or any part or parts thereof, by way of sale, mortgage, charge, gift, inheritance, trust, lien, possession, lease, succession, survivorship, easement or otherwise howsoever, is and are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at No. 4, Mottlal Mansions, 14, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered, waived and absolutely abandoned.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Toka land or ground, situate on the north side of Parel Bhoiwada Cross Road, in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement six hundred and forty-five square yards or thereabouts be the same a little more or less, being a portion of a big plot belonging to Messrs. Merwanji Maneckji Mistry and Bomanjee Ardeshir Wadia and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 4, 9, 13, 17, 165 and 149, New Nos. B/14593, 14255 and 14326, New Survey No. 1B/2061, together with the messuages, tenements, buildings, structures, fixtures, etc., erected and standing thereon and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under F (North) Ward No. 938 (A/T), and Street No. 298AA, Bhoiwada Road and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the North by the property of the said Messrs. Merwanji Maneckji Mistry and Bomanjee Ardeshir Wadia, on or towards the East by the property of Padman Harkhakoo and others, on or towards the South by the Parel Bhoiwada Cross Road aforesaid, and on or towards the West by the open space, twenty feet in width from East to West, to be used particularly in common as a passage by the vendor and the said Messrs. Merwanji Maneckji Mistry and Bomanji Ardeshir Wadia, in connection with their respective properties, and are now in the occupation of the vendor's tenants.

Dated at Bombay this 6th day of December, 1918.

FORBES & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
3466

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of HASSUNALLY RAJBHOY, of Bombay, Shia Mahomedan Inhabitant, a Contractor, residing at Full Galli, outside the Fort of Bombay .....Deceased.

Bai HAIYATBAI, widow of the abovenamed deceased Hussunally Rajbhoy, of Bombay, Shia Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at Full Gully, outside the Fort .....Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this twenty-fifth day of November in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eighteen and in the ninth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.
(Sd.) W. H. HOWARD.

The 25th day of November, 1918.
Messrs. DUBASH & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the Will and Testament of DAMODERDAS MANECKCHAND, late of Bombay, Khatri Hindu Inhabitant, Merchant .....Deceased.

Bai DIWALI, widow of Damoderdas Maneckchand, of Bombay, Khatri Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Jugjiwan Kika Street, outside the Fort of Bombay; (2) KHIMCHAND MADHAVJI, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, Landlord, residing at Bapu Khote Street, outside the Fort, Bombay, Executrix and Executor named in the Will of the said deceased ... Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir BASIL SCOTT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this Twenty-ninth day of November in the year of Our Lord One thousand nine hundred and eighteen and in the Ninth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.
(Sd.) W. J. HOWARD.

The 29th day of November, 1918.
MR. NARAYAN C. DALAL,
Petitioners' Attorney 3465

LEGAL NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that KESSARBAI, widow and Executrix of the Will of Madhavji Dayal, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client Mr. Bhimji Umersi and that all persons having any right, title, interest, claim or demand in to or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of inheritance, gift, bequest, charge, mortgage, sale, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, possession, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at No. 121, Medows Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground held from the Khote together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house, two sheds of corrugated sheets, trees and two wells, etc., standing thereon and all fixtures thereto situate at Borivli, in Thana District, in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, containing by admeasurement 7,800 square yards or thereabouts bearing Survey No. 9, Pot No. 1 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by B. B. and C. I. Railway line, on or towards the West by Ghod Bunder Road, on or towards the North by the other property of the Vendor and on or towards the South by Kanheri Road.

Dated this 6th day of December, 1918.

MEHTA DALPATRAM & LALJI,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
3477

SALE BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & CO.'S SALES,

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.
BOMBAY
No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
Tel. No. 521.

SALE TO-DAY, AT 3 P.M.

THE BEST OPPORTUNITY TO MILL OWNERS AND COTTON MERCHANTS.

Sale opposite the Goods Superintendent's Office, G. I. P. Railway, Wari Bunder.

The sale of about 2,000 bales and loose cotton of the recent fire which occurred at Warehouse, No. 5, of the Princes Docks.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 7th December, 1918, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), opposite the Goods Superintendent's Office, G. I. P. Railway, Wari Bunder, where the Salvage is removed for sale.

About 2,000 Full pressed bales and loose cotton of the recent fire at Warehouse No. 5, Princes Docks, which occurred at 13th November, 1918, comprising of Indian, Bengal, Oomra, Karachi, Western Tuticorin F. P. cotton rawa and Coconada (slightly damaged by fire and water).

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE OF VALUABLE FURNITURE AT DECCAN COLLEGE, POONA.

On SUNDAY, the 15th December, 1918, at 3 p.m. (S.T.).

The Property of Honourable Mr. S. E. Arthur, I.C.S., etc., Commissioner of Customs, Salt and Excise, Bombay.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on SUNDAY, the 15th December, 1918, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), at Deccan College, Poona, valuable and handsome specially made to order household furniture, consisting of dining table and chairs, old blackwood sideboard, dumbwaiter, chest of drawers, dressing tables, teakwood and blackwood cupboards, writing table, hatstand, old blackwood screen, old blackwood table, drawing room sofas, arm chairs, revolving book case, old blackwood cushion chairs, table, glass door cupboards, wardrobes, hanging cupboard, cane furniture, carpets, etc.

The property is on view from Sunday, the 8th December, 1918, and Catalogues will be published.

AUCTION SALE OF 4 CYLINDER "FIAT" PASSENGER WAGGON

H. C. Suit No. 428 of 1918.

SADULAKHAN vs. KULSUMBI.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Receiver appointed in the above Suit, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 9th December, 1918, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their Auction Rooms No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, the following Motor Lorry:—

One 4 cylinder "Fiat" Passenger Waggon No. 757 with accessories.

SALE ON TUESDAY AT 3 P.M.

THE BEST OPPORTUNITY TO MILL OWNERS AND COTTON MERCHANTS.

SALE OPPOSITE THE GOODS SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, G. I. P. RAILWAY, WARI BUNDER.

The sale of about 3,000 bales and loose Cotton of the recent fire which occurred at Warehouse No. 5 of the Prince's Docks.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 10th December, 1918, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), opposite the Goods Superintendent's Office, G. I. P. Railway, Wari Bunder, where the Salvage is removed for sale.

About 3,000 Full pressed bales and loose Cotton of the recent fire at Warehouse No. 5, Prince's Docks, which occurred on 13th November, 1918, comprising of Indian, Bengal, Oomra, Karachi, Western Tuticorin F. P. Cotton raws and Coconada (slightly damaged by fire and water).

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

WEEKLY SALE ON MONDAY, THE 9TH INSTANT.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 9th December, 1918, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at their Auction Rooms, at No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, the household furniture and sundry articles.

Furniture such as drawing room suites, mirror door almyrahs, dressing and writing tables, teakwood chairs, fancy teapoys, cupboards, etc.

AT 2-30 P.M.

By order of the Executor of the late Mr. J. M. Latimer:—

1 brougham and harness.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Receiver in H. C. Suit No. 428 of 1918 (Sadulakhan v. Kulsumbi):—

One 4 cylinder "Fiat" Passenger Waggon No. 757 with accessories.

The property of a European gentleman:—

1 H. M.C. motor cycle combination 4½ h.p. countershaft.

By order of the party concerned:—

Second-hand bicycles.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 7th December, 1918.

SALE BY AUCTION.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.

Auctioneers to the Government and G. I. P. Railway.

No. 25 Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Telephone No. 1285.

AUCTION SALE OF 25 BALES YARN OF THE DAVID MILLS.

On SATURDAY, the 7th instant at 2 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Tambakanta by order of Messrs. Chunilal Amthalal and on account and at the risk of Seth Kantilal Hiralal.

Order No. 1109—25 bales each 400 lbs. yarn of the David Mills No. 10 Single November delivery.

AUCTION SALE OF 10 PACKAGES MULLS AND 9BALES CHECKS OF THE FAJULBHOY MILLS.

On SATURDAY, the 7th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamrajgully at Champagully, Mulji Jetha Market by order of Messrs. C. Nagardas Manilal and Co. and on account and at the risk of the undermentioned defaulting parties.

On account and at the risk of Messrs. D. S. Mehta and Co. of Gopalakgully.

10 packages Mulls No. 50000 or other.

On account and at the risk of Thucker Liladhar Goculdas of Gomukhgully.

9 bales each 100 pieces half to half checks of the Fajalbhoy Mills No. 2.

AUCTION SALE OF 2 PACKAGES SHIRTING FLANNELS.

On SATURDAY, the 7th instant at 2-45 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will sell by Public Aurtion at the being press opposite the gate of the Dharamrajgully at Champagully, Mulji Jetha Market by order of Set Navalchand Malukchand and on account and at the risk of Seth Somchand Haridas.

2 packages each 22 pieces Shirting Flannels 30/35 yards 37 ins.

AUCTION SALE OF 7 BALES CHECKS OF THE INDORE MILLS.

On SATURDAY, the 7th instant at 3 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamrajgully at Champagully, Mulji Jetha Market by order of Seth Joharsing Dolatram and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Dewichand Durgadas.

2 bales checks of the Indore Mills No. 1384.
3 bales checks of the Indore Mills No. 866.
1 bale checks of the Indore Mills No. 927.
1 bale checks of the Indore Mills No. 16.

AUCTION SALE OF 17 BALES SUSI CALENDERED.

On SATURDAY, the 7th instant at 3-15 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamrajgully at Champagully, Mulji Jetha Market by order of the Morarji Goculdas Spg. and Wvg. Co., Ld., and on account and at the risk of Seth Mathuradas Manji Valji.

17 bales Susi Calendered.

AUCTION SALE OF 7 BALES CHECKS OF THE UNION MILLS.

On SATURDAY, the 7th instant at 3-45 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA & Co. will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamrajgully at Champagully Mulji Jetha Market by order of Seth Vijbhukhandas Gulabdas and on account and at the risk of Sha Manilal Narindas.

7 bales each 80 pieces checks of the Union Mills No. B. B. B.

AUCTION SALE OF 638 BALES COTTON.

On SATURDAY, the 7th instant at 5 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction by order of Seth Thackersidas Shivsayamal near his room at Cotton Green, Colaba and on account and at the risk of Seth Narandas Chunilal.

76 bales cotton Rajkot.
217 bales cotton Sajan.
2 bales cotton Kumtha old.
338 bales cotton Kumtha.
5 bales cotton Kudchi.

The above goods are on view in the godowns Maneck No. 1 and Kalyan No. 6 of Seth Thackersidas Shivsayamal.

AUCTION SALE OF 9 PACKAGES DHOTEES.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 7th instant at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamrajgully at Champagully Mulji Jetha Market.

4 package each 200 pairs Dhotees No. 5000 77000 or other 8/10 yards.
1 package 200 chowlas No. 92 or other 12 yds.
1 package 200 chowlas No. 92 or other 14 yds.
2 packages each 200 chowlas No. 47901 or other 7/12 yds.
1 package 200 chowlas No. Bholijan 16 yds.

AUCTION SALE OF 25 BALES YARN OF THE DAVID MILLS.

On MONDAY, the 9th instant at 2 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Tambakanta by order of Seth Hardayal Nivetia and on account and at the risk of Seth Kantilal Hiralal.

Order No. 1198—25 bales each 400 lbs. yarn No. 10 of the David Mills November delivery.

AUCTION SALE OF 13 PACKAGES WHITE SHIRTINGS.

On MONDAY, the 9th instant at 2-45 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamrajgully at Champagully Mulji Jetha Market by order of Seth Goculdas Devji and on account and at the risk of Seth Narottam Devidas.

13 packages each 50 pieces white Shirtings No. 3601/2/3 or others.

AUCTION SALE OF 15 BALES GINS OF THE PEARL, CRESCENT, AND FAJULBHOY MILLS.

On MONDAY, the 9th instant at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamrajgully at Champagully Mulji Jetha Market by order of Seth Samrathray Khetsidas and on account and at the risk of Marwadi Ramchandar Rampartap.

8 bales each 60 pieces gins of the Pearl Mills No. 1917.
1 bale 60 pieces gins of the Crescent Mills No. 5040.
3 bales each 60 pieces gins of the Fajulbhoy Mills No. 902½.
3 bales each 60 pieces gins of the Crescent Mills No. 1952½.

AUCTION SALE OF 36 BALES FENTS (REJA) OF THE MADHOOBHOY AND MANSOOKHBHOY MILLS.

On MONDAY, the 9th instant at 4 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction by order of the Mortgagee at the godown below the building of Seth Vithal Shayana opposite the back door of Mangaldas Market and on account and at the risk of the mortgagors Messrs. Vithaldas Varjivandas and Co.

36 bales Fents (Reja) of the Madhoobhoy and Mansookhbhoy Mills.

AUCTION SALE OF 25 BALES YARN OF THE CURRIMBHOY MILLS.

On TUESDAY, the 10th instant at 2 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at Tambakanta by order of Seth Cheniram Jasraj and on account and at the risk of Seth Kedarnath Bhagwandas.

25 bales each 400 lbs. yarn of the Currimbhoy Mills No. 12½ November delivery.

AUCTION SALE OF 4 BALES SUSI OF THE KOHINOOR MILLS AND 2 BALES GINS

SALE BY AUCTION.

MEHTA & CO.—(Contd.)

(S.T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamrajgully at Champagully, Mulji Jetha Market by order of Messrs. Narayan Balwant and Sons and on account and at the risk of the undermentioned parties.

On account and at the risk of Messrs. Dewichand Devidas.

3 bales each 100 pieces Susi of the Kohinoor Mills No. 1918.
2 bales each 100 pieces Susi of the Kohinoor Mills No. 1919.

On account and at the risk of Seth Jagmohandas Hansraj.

3 bales each 60 pieces gins of the Pearl Mills No. 906.

AUCTION SALE OF 2 BALES CHECKS AND 33 BALES SUSI.

On THURSDAY, the 12th instant, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraj Gully at Champa Gully, Mulji Jetha Market, by order of Seth Nensey Madhevji and on account and at the risk of the undermentioned parties:—

On account and at the risk of Multani Chuvarmal Mahasing:—

2 bales each 80 pieces Checks of the Bradbury Mills No. 5050, 24 yards.

On account and at the risk of Multani Ghanshamdas Shitaldas:—

5 bales each 100 pieces Red Susi of the Simplex Mills No. 1476, 24 yards.

On account and at the risk of Punjabi Dulichand and Sons, of Dharamraj Gully:

5 bales each 80 pieces Doby Susi of the Union Mills No. 1707, 24 yards.

On account and at the risk of Marwadi Sakarchand Navalmal:—

13 bales each 100 pieces Susi of the Simplex Mills No. 116, 24 yards.
10 bales each 60 pieces Susi of the Simplex Mills No. 1650, 40 yards.

AUCTION SALE OF 39 BALES COTTON DYE. CHECKS, BLEACHED TWILLS OF THE INDORE-MALWA MILLS AND 79 BALES SHIRTINGS OF THE RAY SAHEB RECKCHAND MOTA, HINGANGHAT MILLS.

On THURSDAY, the 12th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the baling press opposite the gate of the Dharamraj Gully at Champa Gully, Mulji Jetha Market, by order of Messrs. Gheea and Co. and on account and at the risk of the undermentioned parties:—

On account and at the risk of Punjabj Chambamal Divanchand:—

1 bale 50 pieces Cotton Dye of the Indore-Malwa Mills No. 674.
1 bale 60 pieces Cotton Dye of the Indore-Malwa Mills No. 13041.
1 bale 60 pieces Cotton Dye of the Indore-Malwa Mills No. 68.
2 bales each 60 pieces Cotton Dye of the Indore-Malwa Mills No. 1245.
3 bales each 60 pieces Cotton Dye of the Indore-Malwa Mills No. 4644.
8 bales each 60 pieces Cotton Dye of the Indore-Malwa Mills No. 6565.
1 bale 60 pieces Cotton Dye of the Indore-Malwa Mills No. 1922.
1 bale 60 pieces Bleached Checks of the Indore-Malwa Mills No. 6032.
1 bale 60 pieces Bleached Checks of the Indore-Malwa Mills No. 1202.
2 bales each 60 pieces Bleached Checks of the Indore-Malwa Mills No. 15016.
1 bale 60 pieces Coloured Checks of the Indore-Malwa Mills No. 5511.
2 bales each 60 pieces Coloured Checks of the Indore-Malwa Mills No. 788.
2 bales each 60 pieces Coloured Checks of the Indore-Malwa Mills No. 677.
2 bales each 50 pieces Coloured Checks of the Indore-Malwa Mills No. 377½.
1 bale 60 pieces Coloured Checks of the Indore-Malwa Mills No. 6201.
1 bale 40 pieces Coloured Checks of the Indore-Malwa Mills No. 3311½.
2 bales each 60 pieces Coloured Checks of the Indore-Malwa Mills No. 3322.
1 bale 60 pieces Coloured Checks of the Indore-Malwa Mills No. 6611.
2 bales each 80 pieces Coloured Checks of the Indore-Malwa Mills No. 384.
4 bales each 40 pieces Bleached Twills of the Indore-Malwa Mills No. 3.

On account and at the risk of Seth H. Bhickaji:—

5 bales each 60 pieces Shirtings of the Ray Saheb Reckchand Mota, Hinganghat Mills No. 730 29ins. 38 yds. 5¼ lbs.
4 bales each 60 pieces Shirtings of the Ray Saheb Reckchand Mota Hinganghat Mills No. 732, 31ins. 38 yards. 5 14/16 lbs.
5 bales each 60 pieces Shirtings of the Ray Saheb Reckchand Mota Hinganghat Mills No. 734, 33ins. 38 yards. 6¼ lbs.
6 bales each 50 pieces Shirtings of the Ray Saheb Reckchand Mota Hinganghat Mills No. 736, 35ins. 38 yards. 6 11/16 lbs.
20 bales each 50 pieces Shirtings of the Ray Saheb Reckchand Mota Hinganghat Mills No. 739, 38ins. 38 yards. 7¼ lbs.
20 bales each 50 pieces Shirtings of the Ray Saheb Reckchand Mota Hinganghat Mills No. 741, 40ins. 38 yards. 7 10/16 lbs.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 638 CASES MATCHES AND 100 CASES SCHOOL SLATES.

On TUESDAY the 10th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction at C Shed Princes Dock by order of Messrs. Abdoola Alla Rakhia & Co. and on account and risk of Messrs. Abdool Aziz & Bros.

Ex s.s. "TENSHIN MARU."

100 cases safety matches.
10 cases sulphur matches.
Ex. s.s. "TAMU MARU."
13 cases sulphur matches.
Ex s.s. "YOROPPA MARU No. 2."
27 cases safety matches.
111 cases sulphur matches.
Ex s.s. "KASODA MARU."
108 cases safety matches.
75 cases sulphur matches.
Ex s.s. "UJINA MARU."
50 cases sulphur matches.
19 cases safety matches.
Ex s.s. "INHAO MARU."
80 cases safety matches.
Ex s.s. "TAIN MARU."
45 cases safety matches.
Ex. s.s. "KASODA MARU."
100 cases school slates.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, 7th December, 1918.

BOMBAY AUCTION COMPANY.

23, Curch Gate Street.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE OF AMERICAN LEATHER BELTING.

Sale on 9th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), THE BOMBAY AUCTION CO. will sell by Public Auction at their Room No. 23, Church Gate Street by order of Mr. Ramji Ladha and on account and risk of defaulting purchasers. Mr. Faramji Manekji Mistry (Hornby Road, Ismail Building).

75 Rolls of American Leather Belting size:—2¼in., 2¾in., 3in., 3½in., 3¾in., and 4in.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale

Property on view.

BOMBAY AUCTION COMPANY.

23, Church Gate St., Fort, Bombay.

SALE BY AUCTION.

MESSRS. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

22, Medows Street.

BONA-FIDE SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 10th December, 1918, at 3 p.m., (S. T.), at the residence of the late Rev. T. A. Savage, at Cathedral High School, at Outram Road behind Messrs. Cox & Co., his household furniture consisting of drawing room suites, round tables, cabinets, book cases, teapoys, dining table & dining chairs, side board dumbwaiter, iron bedsteads, chest of drawers, cloth presses, dressing and washing tables, carpet, glassware, crockery, platedware, pictures and table and wall ornaments.

The goods will be on view two days previous to sale.

SORABJEE CAWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 7th Dec. 1918.

MODY & CO.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

SALE ON SUNDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1918, AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.).

Messrs. MODY and Co., Auctioneers, will, on SUNDAY, the 8th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, at No. 4, Victoria Terrace, 3rd Victoria Cross Lane, Byculla, the very valuable and artistic drawing, dining and bedroom furniture such as cane sofa, writing table, pictures, glass door book case, valuable books, bead door chicks, platedware, rich glass and crockeryware, cruet stands, pickle stand, rich white dinner and breakfast set, dining table, dining chairs, teapoys, meatsafe, dinner wagon, sideboard with mirror back, iron single cot with mattress, panel door almyrah, dressing table, clothes basket, a lot of aluminium utensils, etc., etc., the property of L. E. Walsh, Esq.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

B. MANEKLAL & CO,

AUCTIONEERS.

Medows St., Fort.

Telephone No. 3207.

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE OF ENGLISH MADE SMALL AND BIG SIZE FANCY CUT GLASS ZUMURS SEVERAL PIECES OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND JEWELLERY.

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO DECORATORS OF HALLS, ROOMS, SHOPS AND TEMPLES.

Under the instructions of the parties concerned B. MANEKLAL & CO., Auctioneers, will today SATURDAY, 7th instant sell by Public Auction at their rooms situated at the Junction of the Meadows St. and Esplanade Road.

ONE LOT.

Fancy English cut glass Zumars, Drawing room suits, side boards Rodgers fire proof safe, Rolled top table, Typewritting machines, Fire extinguishers, Carpet cleaning machines, etc., etc.

Also several pieces of Jewellery set with Diamonds, Rubbies and etc., and a lot of Pearl ornaments.

Terms 25 per cent. required at the time of sale.

B. MANEKLAL & CO.
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 7th Dec., 1918.

J. S. MODY & CO.

20, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

Telephone No. 3469.

AUCTION SALE OF 20 BALES JAPANESE LONG CLOTHS.

On MONDAY, the 9th day of December, 1918, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., will sell by Public Auction near the baling press in Champa Gully opposite Dharamraj Gully, under instructions from Messrs. Mehta Dalpatram and Lalji, Attorneys for the Vendors and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Varajdas Rowji.

20 bales each 50 pieces Japanese long cloths No. 9999 quality No. 5000, inches 44.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale and goods taken delivery of within 8 days from the sale date

J. S. MODY, & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 7th December, 1918.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

Bombay, 7th December, 1918.

AUCTION SALE OF 6 CASKS BICHROMATE OF SODA ENGLISH.

On SATURDAY, the 14th instant at 3 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 52, Medows Street, Fort, by order of Messrs. The Commercial Trading Co., Ltd. and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchasers Messrs. (1) Maganlal Kalyanji Vora, (2) A. M. Vajirbhai and (3) Manilal Narsidas Gandhi all trading under the name and style of "The British Chemicals Co., at Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay:—

6 casks Bichromate of Soda, English arrived per s.s. "Clan Macleon."

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

GANDHI & CO.
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 7th December, 1918.

HERE IS WHAT YOU WANT

Xmas Presents

or your friends and relations, wife and children, young and old, and for your dear near and distant.

YOU WILL FIND AT

China-Japan Stores

AT ABDUL REHMAN STREET,
Near Crawford Market

Xmas Crackers, Bon-Bons, Fancy Goods, Presentation Articles, Decoration Articles, e.g. Flags, Garlands, Festoons, Lanterns, etc., at

Wholesale Prices at

CHINA-JAPAN STORES.

Please read the Number in question.

AMUSEMENTS.

Don't Fool Yourself!

Good pictures alone won't keep the crowds coming

Take Care

Projection that offends the eye discounts the goodness of the best picture

Men Who Know

The Immortals among the World's Exhibitors, the conspicuous successes, realize what a sensitive thing the human eye is. They do not consider any picture good unless

The Projection Is Good

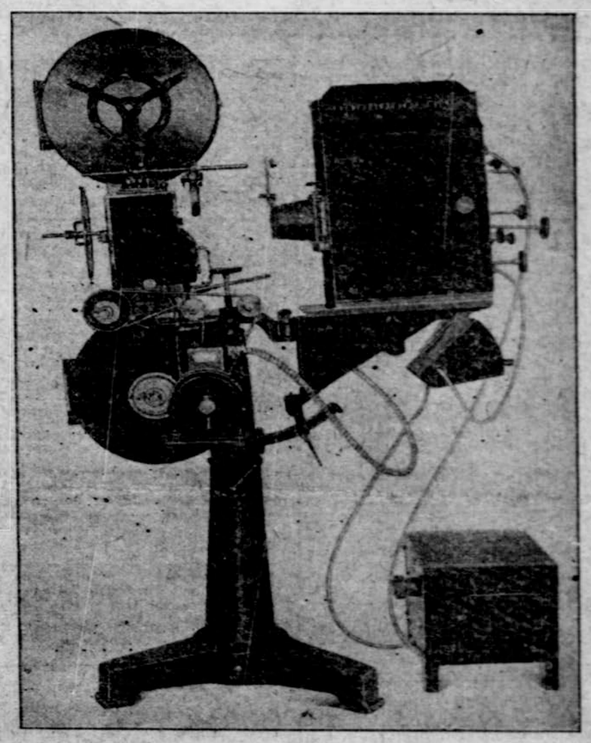
THE

SIMPLEX

MOTION PICTURE PROJECTOR

It is the cheapest

because it is so well built that figuring price of machine and upkeep, its *better* projection actually costs less.



SOLE AGENTS

FOR

INDIA, BURMA & CEYLON

The Universal Film Mfg. Co.

Heera House, Sandhurst Road,
BOMBAY.

Continued Success!!

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE

ROUSING RECEPTION OF THE

HUMPHREY-BISHOP

COMEDY AND OPERATIC CO.

LAST PERFORMANCES OF THIS PROGRAMME

"IL TROVATORE" (EXCERPTS)

and

"TIT-BITS FROM VAUDEVILLE"

Comprising

LATEST RAGS! REFINED COMEDY! ROUSING CHORUSES!
DELIGHTFUL DANCING! EXCELLENT SINGING! MELODIOUS ENSEMBLES!

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, 9th, 10th, 11th, "FAUST" Programme.

MATINEE SATURDAY AT 5-30 P.M.

SPECIAL MATINEE SUNDAY AT 5-30 SPECIAL MATINEE

PRICES—Night:—Orchestra Stalls Rs. 5, Stalls Rs. 4, D. Circle Rs. 3, Balcony Rs. 2, Gallery Re. 1 and Boxes from Rs. 15 and upwards. Matinee:—O. Stalls Rs. 3, Stalls Rs. 2, D. Circle Re. 1-8, Balcony Re. 1, Gallery As. 8 and Boxes from Rs. 12 and upwards.

BOOKING AT ROSE & CO.

TO-MORROW BOOKING AT ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

NO CINEMA TO-NIGHT

TO-MORROW, (SUNDAY) AT 10 P. M. ONLY.

GRAND CHANGE OF PICTURE BILL.

Miss Malvina Longfellow

in a 5-reel Ruffell's Feature Play:

"FOR ALL ETERNITY"

Founded on the grand old English song.

A most interesting and exciting story showing how the lost memory of a woman was recovered when she heard a lady sing the old English Song "For All Eternity" which was a favourite one in her past happy life, and how she recovers her lost happiness in the end.

Popular Prices:—Re. 1, Ans. 8 and 4. Box seats Rs. 2. Family Boxes for 4 Rs. 5.

IT SHOULD BE NOTED THAT TAXI CARS AND VICTORIAS ARE ALWAYS AVAILABLE AT THE DOORS OF ROYAL OPERA HOUSE AT THE CLOSE OF ALL PERFORMANCES. IF THE PATRONS DESIRE THE STAFF WILL SECURE VEHICLES FOR THEM. IT IS INADVISABLE TO LEAVE THE PRESCINCTS IN THE EXPECTATION OF GETTING A CHANCE CONVEYANCE.

THE EXCELSIOR

Lessees:—The Excelsior Theatres Co. Ltd.

9-30 TO-NIGHT 9-30

Bandman Opera Co.

in a series of popular London Musical Successes.

To-day Saturday 7th December at 9-30

YES UNCLE

Sunday 8th Dec. at 5-30
Reduced Price Matinee

"The Bing Boys are Here"

Monday 9th Dec. at 9-30.
"THE BOY"

Tues. 10th Dec at 9-30
"CARMINETTA"

Wed. 11th Dec. at 9-30
"THE ARCADIANS"

Thurs. 12th Dec. at 9-30
"YES UNCLE"

Fri. 13th Dec. at 9-30
"MR. MANHATTAN."

Booking at ROSE & Co. up to 1 p. m. and after 4 p. m. at the Theatre.

Booking by Tel. (No. 288) must be taken up before 9-15 p. m.

Daily at 6-30 p. m.
New Pathe play

CHALLENGE IN 3 PARTS.

FISH OIL PURE

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

TAYEBALLY ALLIBHAI & Co.

Sivri, Coliwada,
BOMBAY Post No. 15.

AMUSEMENTS.

HERE YOU ARE AGAIN!!

With the Sweetheart of Pathe Serials
—the dainty darling of Cinema-goers.

RUTH ROLAND

The Magnificent Detective Story
OF ROMANCE, ADVENTURE & HUMANITY

Commencing this very Evening—Saturday.
Opening Six Chapters this week! Start at once!!

THE

MARK MYSTERY

OR

"THE RED CIRCLE"

The 30,000 feet superb serial with the Cinema Hall-Mark of Pathe Freres.
Come and get closely acquainted with the sweet, loveable, gentle successor to the

BRAND OF INFAMY!

Have you seen "THE NEGLECTED WIFE"? Were you impressed with that film? Did you like Margret Warner and Mary Kennedy and Frank Norwood there?
WELL!—all these stars enact the principal roles in this Serial too!—The Charming RUTH ROLAND plays the Heroine.

CINEMA PRECIOUS

(Grant Road Tram Terminus.)

Universal Screen Magazine
and
A roaring comedy in the Programme!

DIGEST!!

Frank Mayo plays the part of the Detective Lover trying to track down the mysterious RED CIRCLE. With such a story the opportunities afforded the director are many, and Sherwood McDonald has very evidently recognised them, as his work testifies.

Daniel Gilfether, the premier actor of the Pathe-Balboa Company, takes the part of "Circle" Jim Borden, the ultra criminal.

DECIDE!!

READ!!

The RED CIRCLE is a peculiar mark which is inherited by every descendant of a certain criminal family. When the story opens the curse of the inheritance has fallen upon the last of the clan, pretty little Juno Travis (Miss Ruth Roland).

Superior environment and education had been bestowed on June and she was reared in an atmosphere far removed from vile association. Will the instinct of heredity be overcome by environment and upbringing?

REFLECT

Two Special Prize Matinee Shows to-day and to-morrow at 3-30 and 5-15 p.m. (S.T.). Rest of the Shows at 7, 8-45, 10-30 p.m. (S. T.)
POPULAR PRICES AS USUAL.

THE EMPIRE

CINEMA AT 4-30 & 6-30
CHERNIAVSKYS AT 9-30

The Adventures of STINGAREE

THE GENTLEMAN BUSH-RANGER

2 DASHING ADVENTURES THIS WEEK 2.
PATHE NEW COMIC

"A BIG IDEA BY LUKE"

No 8-15 and 10 p.m. Cinema Shows to-day.

Bombay's Popular Picture Palace

THE MAJESTIC

presents to-day and during the week

THE GREATEST UNIVERSAL SERIAL SUCCESS

THE RED ACE

FEATURING

MARIE WALCAMP

Episode 12th	.. ..	"OVERBOARD"
Episode 13th	.. ..	"NEW ENEMIES"
Episode 14th	.. ..	"FUGITIVES"

ALSO

The Universal Screen Magazine

AND

A side-splitting Comedy.

TIME & PRICES AS USUAL.

Two extra Matinees on Saturday and Sunday at 3-30 and 5-15.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE

Owing to the huge demand for seats at the
EMPIRE THEATRE
there will be a special
FAREWELL CONCERT
by the
WORLD-FAMOUS TRIO
CHERNIAVSKYS
During the programme
THE CHERNIAVSKYS
will play the famous
"BARCAROLLE"
from "The tales of Hoffman" for which they are world famous.

To-morrow Sunday Dec. 8th at 9-30 p.m.

Booking at ROSE & Co: upto 1 p.m. after 4 p.m. at the Theatre.

NEW ALEXANDRA

Near Crawford Market.
TO-NIGHT!
FOURTH INSTALMENT
THREE NEW EPISODES
of the
THRILLING UNIVERSAL SERIAL
THE RED ACE
THE RED ACE
featuring
Marie Walcamp
THE FAVOURITE STAR

Dare-devil Adventures—Hair-breadth escapes—Perils by fire and sea—follow each other in rapid succession.

Episode XII.
"OVERBOARD"
Episode XIII.
"NEW ENEMIES"
Episode XIV.
"FUGITIVES"

3 Shows Nightly at 7, 8-45 and 10-30
PRIZE SHOWS
Saturday and Sunday at 5-15.

AMUSEMENTS.

IMPERIAL

PRESENTS

"THE HOUSE OF HATE"

FEATURING
Pathe's Peerless Fearless Girl
PEARL WHITE
A SERIAL OF SUPER EXCELLENCE.

TIME: 7, 8-45 & 10-30 p.m. daily. Matinee every Saturday & Sunday 5 p.m. Extra Show every Sunday 3-30 p.m.

A Novelty for Lovers of Music.
FOR THE FIRST TIME IN BOMBAY.

Tango Waltz Film

with NORAH WALKER and ERNEST BELCHER, Late of Alhambra, London.
MUSIC BY GUY JONES.

THE EMPIRE

TO-NIGHT at 9-30
RETURN OF THE WORLD-FAMOUS TRIO

LEO (VIOLINIST) — JAN (PIANIST) — MICHEL (CELLIST)

CHERNIARSKY TRIO

Booking at Rose & Co. upto 1 p.m. after 4 p.m. at the Theatre.

CHERNIAVSKY TRIO.

NOTICE TO LATE COMERS—The public are respectfully informed that Patron arriving late after the Concert has commenced cannot be admitted into the auditorium until the item then being played is finished.

Just Complete! ***Just Complete!***

AN UNIQUE PUBLICATION.
ROMANTIC AND THRILLING INCIDENTS TOP TO BOTTOM
Really Grand! **Really Wonderful!!**

The Mysteries of the Mogul Court

(Second Edition) A HISTORICAL ROMANCE
By DHIRENDRA NATH PAUL, Author of "HINDU PHILOSOPHY."
Completed in two Volumes, beautifully Cloth Bound.
860 Pages. **Price Rs. 6** (six only) **Postage extra.**

This work, The Mysteries of the Mogul Court, will be quite an unique one. No one has yet made an attempt to place before the world the mysteries, secret conspiracies—private and public executions—deep-laid plots, horrible, hair splitting incidents—within the thousands of labyrinths, secret passages, rooms, doors and windows in the celestial palaces of the Great Mogul and also undreamt of luxuries and pleasures—the flow of vast wealth quite unimaginable. This unique work being a Historical Romance, will give flesh and blood to this skeleton and place the Mogul Emperors, their great Begums and their innumerable Bandis together with the great Amirs, Omraos, Mansabdars and Rajput Rajas in their living forms.

Apply to:— DATTA BOSE & Co., Booksellers.
29, Durga Charan Mitra Street, CALCUTTA.

AT YOUR SERVICE!

The glad opportunity, which you were waiting for so many months past, is at last in your grip. At the special and incessant behests of their innumerable Patrons, the

WEST-END CINEMA

(NEW CHURNEY ROAD)

have booked, with considerable difficulty and at a tremendous cost the Mighty Wonder Serial

"JUDEX"

the story—in 21 Reels—of **Love, Hatred, Revenge** and **Justice,** commencing to-day—Saturday—with 8000 feet weekly.

It is quite probable you have seen this extraordinarily heart-gripping story of the conflict between Love and Hate, of father's murder avenged, of the exploits of tiny darlings, and the vicissitudes of a sweet innocent girl, constantly surrounded by dangerous, desperate adventurers.

The Serial created quite a furore in Bombay, when it was presented to the discriminating Public of this City, when the **West-End Cinema** was the scene of daily animation and enthusiasm for five continuous Weeks. If you have seen **Judex**, its ten to one you will want to see him again. If you have **not** seen **Judex**, it is ten to one you lose the most remarkable Film of 1918 Bombay Public was ever offered.

TAKE NOTE, PLEASE!

The Serial will be run through in three Weeks; you will not have to hang very long for the happy end.

Again a rush is expected on all the Classes, and you are requested to take your seats early.

A charming Comedy in the Programme.

Two Special Prize Matinees at 3-30 and 5-30 p.m. (S.T.)
Rest of the timings at 7; 8-45; 10-15 p.m. (S.T.)

GUPTA'S

Departments.		Specialities.
Silks for all, Gold Tissues, Brocades, Brasswares.	Fancy Victory Bazar of Xmas Goods now on B. D. Gupta, B.A. *Opp.* French Motor Co., New Queen's Road, BOMBAY Phone: 3292.	Scarves, Opera Cloaks, Dress Pieces, Belts, Borders, Purses, Toys for children.

C. B. 462.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

Liverpool, Nov. 29th:

		Bales
Total Days Sales at Liverpool		1,000
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.		--
" " Sales of East Indian		--
" Imports		25,000
Mid. Americans Spot		21.74
Egyptian F. G. F. Spot		27.90
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time).	Jan:	27.20
	Mar:	26.40
	May	25.89
New Orleans 10 a.m.	Jan.	26.63
	Mar.	25.95

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Nov. 29th.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

New Contracts.

Months:	To-day's price.
Nov:	21.14
Dec:	20.12
Jan:	19.64
Feb:	18.15
Mar:	17.41

Prices taken at 10-10 a.m., nearest actual values.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Nov 29th

New Contracts.

Months	To-day's price.
Nov:	21.14
Dec:	19.91
Jan:	18.80
Feb:	18.00
Mar:	17.27

EGYPTIAN FUTURE.

Liverpool, Nov. 29th.

New Contracts.

Months:	To-day's price.
Nov.	27.90

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS. Liverpool, Nov. 29th.

Mid. Bengal Good	14.43
" " Fully Good	16.18
" " Fine	18.68
" No. 1 Dowr Good	15.52
" " Fully Good	16.57
" " Fine	17.97
" Broach Good	18.17
" " Fully Good	16.42
" " Fine	16.67

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS. London, Nov. 29th:

	Bales.
Total Actual Export	Nil.
" Forwarded	65,000
" Imports	117,000
" Stock	269,000
Actual Weekly Sales	3,500

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Nov. 29th.

Futures at New York Jan.	26.50
" " Mar.	25.65
" " May	25.05
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	10½
Demand Bills	4.75.60
Silver Commercial Bars	101½

New York, Nov. 30th.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	27,000
" Exports to Great Britain	25,000
" " to Continent	3,000
Futures at New York Jan.	25.30
" " March	24.45
" " May	24.05
Spot Cotton at New York	28.10
" " Orleans	28.75
Futures at New Orleans Jan.	24.73
" " March	24.02
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	10½
Demand Bills	4.75.60
Silver Commercial Bars	101½

New York, Dec 2nd.

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports	17,000
Futures at New York Jan.	24.75
" " Mar.	23.98
" " May	23.46
Spot Cotton at New York	27.50
" " Orleans	28.25
Futures at New Orleans Jan.	24.00
" " Mar.	23.20

MONEY MARKET.

London, Nov. 29th,

Rentes 3%	63
Bar Silver Spot	48 3/4
Closing Tone of Silver:—Quiet.	
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 per cent. since 5th April 1917	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st.	3 1/2
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st.	3 1/2
" FineTrade Bills 3 months	4 1/4
" " 6 "	4 5/8
Interest day to day loans	3
" 7 day market loans	3 1/8
Consols 2½ %	60
Rupee Paper 3½ % Nominal	53½
Indian Stock 3½ % Sterling Loan	71½
Government Securities 5 %	91
Ex. On London at Paris Ex. Francs	25.07½

London, Nov. 30th:

Rentes 3%	63
Bar silver Spot	48 3/4
Closing Tone of Silver:—Steady.	
Discount Bank of England Rate 5 per cent. since 5th April 1917	
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st	3 1/2
" Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st.	3 1/2
" Fine Trade Bills 3 months	4 1/4
" " 6 "	4 5/8
Interest day to day loans	3
" 7 day market loans	3 1/8
Consols 2½ %	60
Rupee Paper 3½ % Nominal	53½
Indian Stock 3½ % Sterling Loan	71½
Government Securities 5 %	91
Ex. On London at Paris Francs	25.07½

WAR LOANS.

London, Nov. 29th:

3½ % 1925—1928	£88
4½ % 1925—1945	£99½
5 % New	£94½

London, Nov. 30th:

3½ % 1925—1928	£88
4½ % 1925—1945	£99½
5 %	£94½

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

London, Nov 29th.

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£132
Standard Copper G.M.B. Nominal	£122½
Hard Spelter	Nominal.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta Jan.-Mar. Buyers	20
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Jan.-Mar. Buyers	21/9
Tone:—Nothing doing.	

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Dec.-Jan. Sellers	2/9
Plantation First Latex Crepe Dec. Sellers	2/4½

London, Nov. 30th.

METALS.

English best Selected Copper	£133
Standard Copper G.M.B. Nominal	£122½
Hard Spelter	Nominal.

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java, No. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta Jan.-Mar. Buyers.	20
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Jan-Mar. Buyers.	21/9
Tone:—Nothing doing.	

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Fine Hard Cure Dec.-Jan. Sellers	2/9
Plantation First Latex Crepe Dec. Sellers	2/4½
Tone:—Quiet.	

Manchester, 29th Nov. 18.

The tone of Manchester cloth and yarn market is dull.

Water Twist, 4/-

Printers cloth, 90/-

London, 30th Nov. 1918.

The Bombay Mails of the 4th ultimo, were delivered here to-day.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

Bombay, Dec. 6.

We have again had wide fluctuation in the market during the past week. On Friday last Fully Good Broach April-May closed at Rs. 555 and on Saturday the rate touched Rs. 572. By Monday the price had dropped to Rs. 534 and on Tuesday it touched Rs. 565. Fluctuations followed, but on Wednesday the rate improved to Rs. 535. Yesterday the market opened at Rs. 541 improved to Rs. 558 and after fluctuations closed at Rs. 551. To-day the opening quotation was Rs. 553, and closing rates are given below.

A large business has again been done in Broach, and early in the week there was heavy selling by bear speculators and export houses, and the market was much depressed. Covering and some buying by bulls caused the improvement above referred to, but the near future is uncertain and we are likely to see further wide fluctuations. We are in favour of buying in all easy markets on declines, particularly Broach, anywhere in the neighbourhood of Rs. 500 to Rs. 510, as we believe in considerably higher rates ultimately. Cotton has been unduly depressed owing to the weakness of the piece-goods market, and other outside causes, but there is absolutely no reason for pessimistic views of the market. The markets of the world are too bare of cotton for this, and there is no suitable substitute for cotton. The famine in India will no doubt affect local consumption, but foreign markets will soon reopen and require to be restocked. The war is over and cotton will soon be wanted everywhere.

Ready cotton has been affected by the general depression and some cheap lots could be picked up early in the week. The last day or two the tone has been steadier, and though the demand is only moderate holders are not eager to dispose of stocks, particularly of new crop.

During the week fairly heavy rain has fallen in the Berars and Central Provinces, and though this may increase the outturn, the quality is likely to deteriorate and to show black leaf in later arrivals.

Home cables are so much delayed that it is impossible to follow the course of New York or Liverpool as affecting the local market.

QUOTATIONS 5-30 P. M.

Fully good Broach	--	April-May	Rs.	553
Fully good Bengal	--	Dec.-Jan.	"	426
Fine Comras	--	Dec.-Jan.	"	519

COTTON CONTRACTS COMMITTEE

QUOTATIONS, 6TH DECEMBER 1918.

				Rs.
Fully Good M. G. Broach	--	April-May	--	564
Fully Good M. G. Bengal	--	Dec.-Jan.	--	431
Fine M. G. Comras	--	"	--	526
Fully Good " G. Comras	--	"	--	500

RECEIPTS OF COTTON.

Receipts of various growths of Cotton at Bombay compared with the corresponding periods in the previous season:—

Growths:	For week ending 5th December 1918.	Total to date since September 1st. 1918.	1917.
	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
Khandesh	2,874	9,857	41,509
Central India	2,635	3 910	5,054
Barsee and Nugger	1,255	4 711	3,495
Hyderabad Gaorani	841	1,707	2,230
Berar	12,435	30,023	37,913
Central Provinces	6,788	12,166	8,408
Total Comras	25 784	66,283	98 539
Dhollera	748	14,712	19,984
Broach	Nil	611	1,2 2
Coompta and Dharwar	1 252	24,261	30,230
Westerns-Northerns	310	31 474	24 605
Bengals (N.W. Provinces Rajputana	5 893	24,939	32 112
Sind, Punjab	32	1,016	2 272
Cocanada	10,111	31 374	6 383
Persian	25	2,554	6,029
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	218	876	14
American	2,664	31,129	7,794
Egyptian	Nil	Nil	Nil
Other sorts	Nil	Nil	Nil
Total	80	8,223	4,883
	46,847	258 108	215 222

EXPORTS OF COTTON FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL.

	Bales.
G. I. P. Railway from 1st Sept. 1918 to 9th Nov. 1918	15,132
B. B. & C. I. Railway from 1st September 1918 to 2nd Nov. 1918	10,037

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

The following are to-day's closing rates as issued by the Karwari Chamber of Commerce:

Bombay, Dec. 6th—5-30 p.m.

	Bazar Terms: Rs. as. ps.	Railway Delivery Rs. as. p.
Wheat White Delhi 70-35	27 0 0	11 2 0
" " Cawnpore 70-30	26 0 0	11 0 0
" Karachi Bangla	32 0 0	11 2 0
Rapeseed, Brown Delhi	12 4 0	12 12 0
" Cawnpore	12 0 0	12 8 0
" Yellow Cawnpore	13 4 0	13 10 0
Linseed Brown Bold	13 8 0	14 0 0
" Thin	13 2 0	13 10 0
Teelseed, White 85-15	26 0 0	19 0 0
" Gujar 75-25	--	--
" Gujar 60-30	--	--
" Black	25 0 0	--
Poppyseed, White	14 4 0	15 4 0
Groundnuts	22 0 0	--
Mowraseed	6 12 0	--
Barley	47 0 0	--
Cascrseed	21 0 0	--
Forward:		
Wheat April-May	8 4 0	
Linseed May	15 0 0	

BOMBAY & CHINA YARN MARKET.

Bombay, Dec. 6th, 1918.

	Rate per lb. Rs. as. p.
Davids No. 10	5 15 0
Swapari No. 10	5 14 8
Simplex No. 10	5 14 0
Edward No. 10	5 13 0
Light Houses No. 64	0 10 8

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Dec. 6th, 1918

	Market Rates
Bank Telegraphic	1 5 15
Bank Demand	1 6 1
Bank Acceptance 3 m/s.	1 6 6½
Fcs. Demand	192½
American Dollars	227½
Hongkong "	353½
Shanghai "	150
Japan "	155
Singapore "	

Market Steady

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

BOMBAY, Dec. 6.

BULLION.

Bar Gold, Rs. 28-3-0.

Bar Gold was steady.

EXCHANGE.

T. T. London, 1/5 15/16.

D. D. on London, 1/6 1/32.

Credit 3Msd/s, 1/6 13/32.

D. D. on France, Fr. 194.

Credit 3Msd/s, Fr. 202.

T. T. on Japan, Rs. 150-8.

60 D/st Japan, Rs. 143-4.

D. D. on Hongkong, Rs. 223-8.

D. D. on Shanghai, Rs. 349.

D. D. on Singapore, Rs. 247.

D. D. on New York, Rs. 279-8.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

The following are the nominal rates:—

5 per cent. War Loan 1929-47, 93.

5½ per cent. War Bonds 1920-22, 99.

4 per cent. Conversion loan, 83.

4 per cent. Terminable loan, 95.

3½ per cent. Paper, 79.

4½ per cent. Port Trust long dated due 1926, 89.

4 per cent. Port Trust long dated, 85.

4 per cent. Municipal long dated, 84.

4 per cent. Municipal Short dated, 90.

4 per cent. City improvement Trust Long dated, 83.

5 per cent. Municipal Tansa, 93.

5 per cent. Municipal Sanitary, 92½.

The following are the bank rates:—

Bank of Bombay ..... 6 per cent.

Bank of Bengal ..... 6 per cent.

Bank of Madras ..... 6 per cent.

SHARES.

After a prolonged spell of depression, bordering on stagnation it is refreshing to be able to record a fair improvement in the bazaar and although transactions have not been marked by any degree of animation the tone of the market nevertheless has been distinctly healthier, with a decent appreciation in values all round. This change in sentiment is almost entirely due to the report that has gone round that the Excess Profits Tax will eventually be not more than 25 per cent. This rumour is being seriously credited by many and some even to the length of believing that the measures contemplated for the levying of the tax will be abondoned, in "toto". Whether there is going to be a reduction in or total abandonment of the impost, time alone will elucidate; but the whole country is up against the new tax, protests being the order of the day; and it is confidentally hoped and trusted that the Government would not after all, deal a death-blow to the various industries which have been passing through an unusually grave crisis.

This report of a probable reduction in the contemplated tax naturally alarmed Bears who hastened to cover sales. Fresh investors were also seen entering the market, and some important Bulls who had been merely lookers-on for a long time past, have shaken off their lethargy and started buying. This has imparted a little stimulus to the market and fair advances have been recorded.

A feature of the week has been an improvement in the demand for yarns from China and transactions to the tune of 3,000 bales have been credited to shippers. Indications are not wanting of a slow but steady improvement in the cloth market. A better movement of cloth has been in evidence and retail prices reveal an improvement. Should cotton rally as probabilities point to we think we ought to witness the prevalence of brighter conditions in the cloth market.

In any event, it would appear that the worst is over, and although we are not out of the woods yet the feeling prevails that the next change ought to be for the better. Pessimism is silently giving way to a buoyant sentiment and Bears have now to think twice before launching on short sales.

In view of the change in sentiment prompted by the trend of the yarn and cloth markets, and having special regard to the very low ebb to which prices have reached, we believe a judicious investment started in reputed cotton mill shares ought to yield encouraging results. Although we do not look forward to anything in the nature of a big loan—and the days of Madhowji and Nagpores at Rs. 3,000 have gone, never to return. We think we can confidently hope for a reaction of say 10 per cent. in sound scrips. Among sound investments on the present basis of prices we would recommend:—

By. Uniteds	Pearls
Centuries	Indore Malwa & Swadeshis
Fazulbhoys	Nagpores.

There has also been a better feeling to the industrial class of securities due to the rumour of a probable reduction in the Excess Profit Tax and rates have rallied a few points. Some deals have been transpired in Tata, Irons, Deferreds changing hands at Rs. 925, 950.

The following are the closing rates of the Bombay Stock Exchange.

Swadeshi 1,855, Swan 515, Simplex 642-8, Shahpurii 112-8, Pearls 490, New reat 287-8, Madhowji 1,890, Luxmi Cotton 1,500, Kohinoor 1,955, Currimbhoy 317-8, Kastoorchand 1,030, Ind. Bleaching 157-8, Finlay 417-8, Fazulbhoy 630, Davids 555, Crescent 190, Colaba 1,490 Century 375, Nagpur 2,155 xd. By. Cotton 555 By. Uniteds 772-8, By. Dyeing 1,270, Bundi 25, Ind. Cement 325, Katni Ord. 252-8, Katni Defd. 1,300, Tata New Defd. 350, Tata Old defd. 970, Tata Ord. 220, Shivrajpur 34, Alcocks 730, B. Burma 760, By. Tramway 447-8, By. Steam 315, Tata Hydro: 1,145.

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

We have to report a very quiet market during the week with nervous sellers and easier advices from Karachi and Calcutta and large arrivals from Mauritius and prices have declined by eight annas to one rupee per cwt. all round. Native holders of Java Sugar are very nervous and are selling their holdings at market price thus forcing down the market. Karachi and Calcutta markets are also lower with easier prices. Mauritius market is strong and it is reported that the balance of New Crop Sugar has been bought up by Government. Java market is very firm and about fifty thousand tons have been bought by Messrs. Fraser and Co., which we presume must be for Home Exports. The s.s. "Clan McVicar" has arrived from Mauritius with 101,500 bags for a big house. We do not expect any new business for the near future. The following are the Bazar rates and stocks:

T. M. O., Rs. 17-10 to equal to 23s., F. B. H. stocks 60,000 bags.

Mauritius Syrups, Rs. 15-8 to 16-8, F. B. H. stocks 17,000 bags.

Brown, no stocks.

Soft, Rs. 20-8 equal to 25s., F. B. H. stocks 3,000 bags.

Mauritius Crystals, Rs. 16 to 18-8, F. B. H. stocks 985,000 bags.

Mauritius Syrups, Rs. 1578 to 16-8, F. B. H. stocks 60,000 bags.

PIECE GOODS.

A quiet tone has prevailed in the Cloth Market during the past week and few signs of business are observable. The up-country districts are sending forward no new inquiries, the feeling being rather one of waiting, as the tendency seems to be for a further decline. Buyers are anxious not to be burdened with new engagements for the time being, and are rather disposed to get rid of their holdings even at sacrifices, for want of capital to finance the large business. Speculation has been entirely absent. The number of legitimate orders has been quite small and confined to retail quantities only. The want of trust amongst merchants in the piece-goods trade has brought about a situation which will bring bad results for all the parties concerned. Some reasonable indulgence in the matter would no doubt create a harmonious settlement of the many disputes that are hanging fire. The variations in prices have been on a more restricted scale than usual, but the sales made by public auction, have had a depressing effect on the market. Clearances have not been satisfactory and some dealers have flatly refused to take delivery until their buyers do so. This attitude of the merchants does not reflect credit on them, as they wish to avoid the responsibility by hook or by crook in these hard times. High priced goods are still to arrive in which the buyers will be heavy losers and the importing firms must be prepared to answer the numerous complaints that are expected to be put forward by the dealers on all scores.

The Bombay Native Piece-goods Merchants' Association has passed a resolution and sent a copy of the same by wire to his Excellency the Viceroy requesting the Government to stop the introduction of the Bill to levy the excess-profit tax as the war is now over and the condition of the trade and industries generally has become difficult. It is left to be seen in what light the Government views the situation.

The Manchester Market has been steady, but some signs of slight weakness have been noticeable here and there. The Board of Trade has discontinued the issue of war-risk insurance on cargo, which will be a saving in cost. The rates of freight will soon be cheaper. But the engagements of makers are for months ahead, which will have to run down before any substantial reduction in quotations can be looked for.

GREYS.

The position has been much the same as the previous week in Grey Shirtings, Jaconets and Mulls. Grey Dhooties have been easier owing to free arrivals.

Local mill cloths have been quoted at Rs. 1-4 to Rs. 1-8 per lb., but the demand has been absent.

Japanese cloths have remained steady owing to the endeavours to form a board for the settlement of disputes, whereby the first seller would retake the goods on receipt of damages for cancellation of contract, which amount would be contributed by the middlemen as well as the last buyer. The loss would thus be divided between several dealers and the original seller will receive back the goods, which, with the allowance, will cost him less than the present market rates.

WHITES.

White Shirtings as well as Mulls have been easier, the former by two rupees and the latter by four to six annas per piece. Best quality Horrockse's Shirtings have dropped down by Rs. 7 per piece. 27 inches by 18 yards Green End Mulls have shown a fair reduction owing to the absence of demand. Rallis No. 61/81 W. Nainsooks have been in enquiry at Rs. 3-6-0, but these are out of stock. Tape bordered Nainsooks have been very much depressed. 54 inches by 20 yards Gold End White Mulls No. 854 of Karachi which were selling at Rs. 22 in September last, can be had at Rs. 10 wholesale and Rs. 11-8 per piece retail. Similarly No. 957 in 59 inches by 20 yards can be had at the proportionate price.

The quotations for the leading shops of Greys and Whites are as under:—

	Ins.	Yds.		Rs.	a.	p.
Grey Shirtings—						
Ralli's Pearl No. 2000	39	37½/8	--	12	12	0
" " " 100000	46	37½/8	--	---		
Flenlay's No. 1905	--	42	39	--		
Rales' No. 12888	--	41	37½/8	--		
Dewhurst's Times" No. 5	39	38½	--	14	8	0
" "B.E.D."	--	39	36½	--	17	0
Grey Jaconets—						
Ralli's No 13	--	63	39	--	7	8
Grey Drills—						
Peppercll "Dragon"	--	39	48	--	22	0
Ralli's Mustid, No. 425	--	39	39	--	16	0
White Shirtings—						
Elsomas's No. 1506	--	29	45	--	24	0
H. B. T. C. 40000	--	39	46	--	31	0
White Nainsooks—						
Ralli's Nos. 7000/9000	--	27	15	--	3	4
" No. 1900	--	27	18	--	2	15
" No 39000 T.B.	--	38	28	--	6	0
Graham's Nos. 88/8888	--	28	16	--	4	0
" 50000	--	34	12	--	3	4
Greaves' No. 8000 T.B.	--	32	28	--	---	
Ritchie's 3500/4510-5520	--	--	36	--	3	2
White Mulls—						
Ralli's No. 6	--	61	18	--	---	
" " 30	--	61	18	--	---	
" " 600	--	61	19	--	12	0
" " 6000	--	58	19	--	13	0
" " 88	--	58	36	--	6	12
" " 818	--	38	36	--	6	14
Ritchie's No. 675	--	53	15	--	---	
" " 615	--	50	19	--	8	0
" " 66000	--	44	18	--	6	8
" " 1500	--	27	18	--	3	0
Greaves' No. 8000	--	32	18	--	2	12
Graham's No. 880	--	36	19	--	8	8

JAPANESE CLOTHS.

The following are the prices ruling in the bazaar of well-known Japanese Cloths:—

	Ins.	Yds.		Rs.	a.	p.
GREY SHIRTINGS—						
No. 55008	--	--	36	--	15	0
No. 1005	--	--	"	--	20	0
No. 500	--	--	"	--	20	0
No. 2008	--	--	"	--	19	0
No. 800	--	--	"	--	---	
No. 2200/2208	--	--	"	--	---	
No. 7000	--	--	"	--	15	0
No. 8800	--	--	"	--	20	0
No. 4100	--	--	"	--	18	0
No. 8100	--	--	"	--	20	0
No. 8000	--	--	39×38	--	---	
No. 666	--	--	"	--	14	0
No. 101	--	--	33×36	--	---	
No. 101	--	--	39×36	--	---	
GREY SHEETINGS—						
9 Dragons	--	--	39×36	--	13	8
"C" Quality	--	--	39×36	--	13	0
"Booth Dev."	--	--	39×39	--	---	
GREY DRILLS—						
Elephant	--	--	29×40	--	21	0

CURRENT BANK RATES

England	--	--	5	per cent. Apr. 5, 1917
France	--	--	5	per cent. Aug. 29, 1914
Germany	--	--	5	per cent. Dec. 23, 1915
Russia	--	--	6	per cent. July 28, 1918
Italy	--	--	5	per cent. Nov. 11, 1918
Netherlands	--	--	4½	per cent. July 1, 1918
Belgium	--	--	5	per cent. Aug. 20, 1914
Austria-Hungary	--	--	5	per cent. April 10, 1915
Sweden	--	--	6½	per cent. Jan. 31, 1918
Spain	--	--	4½	per cent. Oct. 28, 1914
India (Bombay	--	--	6	per cent. Nov. 7, 1918
India (Bengal (Calcutta)	--	--	6	per cent. Nov. 7, 1918
India (Madras	--	--	7	per cent. Nov 11, 1918

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 6.

The market for coal shares was dull and uninteresting with very little business passing. Industrials were not in much demand. Jute mill shares ruled steady with more enquiry and Kamarhattys registered a further advance while auckland and alliance shewed some improvement. Following were closing quotations:—

Coal:—Katras Jherriah 125, Pandeveswar 12-4, Searsole 13-4, Samla Govindpore 1-12 premium; Simla Ramnagar 2 prem.

Jute:—Alliance (ord) 510, Auckland (ord) 352, Barnagore (ord) 125, Fort Gloster (ord) 310, Lawrence (ord) 484, Lothian (ord) 257-8, Northbrook 50, Reliance (ord) 33-12.

Tea:—Eastern Cachar 125.

Miscellaneous:—Anglo Oriental Navigation 35, Bengal Lead 15-4 s.l., Indian Tanneries 17-12, Orissa Cement 17-8.

Government paper three and a half per cent. was quoted at Rs. 76 to 76-4 and small lots were done at Rs. 76-6 to 76-10.

Rs. 5

WILL BRING

32 BRASS TOYS

AND

30 WOODEN TOYS

well coloured highly polished, very attractive, a great amusement to children and nourishment to their memory.

26 English cut alphabets on well polished wood—Re. 1-0-0

THE PADDY SILK MANUFACTURING Co., BENARES CITY.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

S.S. Toyo Maru—GODA—Suez Nov. 20.
S.S. Hellas—BICK—Suez Nov. 20.
S.S. Dumra—MASDON—Karachi Dec. 4.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

Friday, 6th December, 1918.

Shed.	Steamer	Tons.	Destination.	Date	Agent
PRINCES DOCK.					
A.	H.T.Burrumbeer	1561	N.F.	..N F...	D R I M
B	Talan Maru	1849	Kobe	6-12-18	N.Y. Kaisha
C.	Dilwara	3460	China	10-12-18	B.M. & Co
F.	Banca	3704	Rangoon	..6-12-18	
G.	S.S. Linza	656			M & Co
K.	St. Geran	500	Not fixed	N F	M B Kaisha
M	Macdalena	2980	Not fixed	N F	T M & Co
N.	City of Chester	8521	Hull	N F	K N & Co
VICTORIA DOCK.					
1	Palamcotta	2894	Not Fixed	N F	M & Co
2	Unkai Maru	2093	Busrah	..6-12-18.	H S Shustry & Co
	No. 3				
4	Shokwo Maru	1904	Not fixed	N F	O S Kaisha
5	Osenimba	4937	N F	N F	M M & Co
6	Kasado Maru	3726	Kobe	N F	O S Kaisha
7	Sumatra	4258	Kobe	..9-12-18	O S Kaisha
	Maru.				
8	Burma Maru.	2823	Java	..6-12-18.	O S Kaisha
10	War Bittern.	3150	Liverpool	11-12-18.	W&A Graham & Co
15	Zayani	2627	P. Gulf	.9-12-18.	H S Shustry & Co.
16	Shushtar	1718	N F	N F.	P G S N&Co
HARBOUR WALL.					
	Netravati	409	Karachi	..5-12-18	B S N&Co
	Sabarmati	523	Not fixed	N F.	
	Mahanadi	549	Not fixed	N F.	
MEREWETHER DRY DOCK.					
H.T.	Jehangir	5206	5-12-18.	..	D R I M
ALEXANDRA DOCK.					
1	H M S North-brook	2972	N. F.	..	D R I M
2	H S Vipa	1955	N F	N F	M M & Co
3	H T Reimora	2750	N F	N F.	M M & Co
4	H T Pooksang	1987	N F	N F	D R I M
5	H T Sandakan	1111	N F	N F.	D R I M
7	S S Clan Macvicar	3461	Karachi	9-12-18	J F & Co
8	S S Tanfield	2700	London	9-12-18	M M & Co
9	H T Kalang	1986	NF	N F.	D R I M
10	H T Ponsang	1959	NF	N F.	D R I M
12	H T Syria	4916	NF	N F.	D R I M
13	H T Kwangsi	1996	NF	N F.	D R I M
14	H T Sinunan	794	NF	N F.	D R I M
14	H T Ichang	1228	N F	N F.	D R I M
15	H T Margaret Hussey	800	NF	N F.	D R I M
15	H T Tiawan	1400	N F	N F.	D R I M
17	H T Boulama	1625	NF	N F.	D R I M
OFF SIDE.					
P	S S Franz Ferdinand	3806	N F	N F.	D R I M
OFF SIDE JETTY.					
Tsinan		1400	NF	N F	
A. D. R. STATION.					
H. T.	Jeddah	5923	N F	N F.	T. M. & co
ALEX. DOCK HARBOUR WALL.					
O.	S.S. Singu	1912	NF	N F.	Shaw Wallace & Co
HUGHES DRY DOCK					
Chanda		6169	NF	..	5-12-18 M M & Co
H T	Trevethoe	4248	NF	..	M M & co
IN THE STREAM.					
Dumra		Masdon	NF	N F	M M & Co
Hellas		Beck	NF	N F	M M Shipage
Lichtning		2134	Persian Gulf	N F.	M M & co
Toyo Maru		2278	NF	N F.	

S.S. Toyo Maru:—The steamer Toyo Maru, 2,278 tons, Captain U. Goda, arrived in harbour yesterday from Suez, which port she left on the 20th November, with ballast.

S.S. Hellas:—The steamer Hellas, 849 tons, Captain C. Bick, arrived in harbour yesterday from Suez which port she left on the 20th November, with a cargo of sugar.

S.S. Dumra:—The B. I. S. N. Coy's steamer Dumar, 762 tons, Captain T. T. Masdon, arrived in harbour yesterday from Karachi, which port she left on 4th instant, with Mail, a general cargo and passengers.

Xmas and Peace Sale

AT

Bombay Jewellery Mart

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where you will find most suitable presents in (English and Indian) JEWELLERY and SILVERWARE at special reduced rates.

FOR A FEW DAYS ONLY.

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FOR ONE HOUR OF YOUR TIME DAILY.

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IMPORTANT MACHINERIES FOR SALE

Best English Lathes from 6' to 28'
Heavy type Planing Machines.
Pulley Turning Lathes.
Radial Drilling Machines.
Middle Size Drilling Machines.
Robinson's Wood Planing Machines.
Wooden Lathes.
Derrick's Cranes.
Wheel Cutting Machines.
Looms from 24" to 60" of Standard English Make.
Spinning Machineries of all descriptions.
Gins & Cotton Presses.
Complete sets of Electric Installations for 30 lights.
Diesel Oil Engine of 80 B.H.P.
Paxman's Steam Engine of 300 B.H.P.

For further particulars and prices apply to:

E. K. PALIA & CO.

72-76, Apollo

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

TO-DAY.

The Empire: Cinema at 4-30 and 6-30 and Cherniasky at 9-30.

Willingdon Memorial Counter-Requisitionists Committee Meeting—"Bombay Chronicle" office.—3 p.m.

Opening ceremony of the Tuberculosis Sanatorium by their Excellencies the Governor and Lady Willingdon at the Ainha Mahal, Parel, at 5 p.m. (S. T.).

Combined meeting for thanksgiving, St. Thomas' Cathedral, Fort, 6 p.m.

Homeward English Mail closes at General Post Office, 12 noon.

Farewell Reception at Government House 2-45 p.m.

All India Championship Sports.

MONDAY, Dec. 9.

Homeward English Mail will be closed at the General Post Office, at 12 noon.

Body guard Sports at the Willingdon Sports Club 4-30 p.m.

Farewell Dinner to their Excellencies by the Members of the Legislative Council.

Mails for Muscat, Jask, Bunder-Abbas Dubai, Bushire, Charbar and Basni close at General Post Office 9 a.m.

TUESDAY, Dec. 10.

Farewell Official Dinner at Government House 8-30 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 11.

Farewell dinner to their Excellencies by the Ruling Princes and Chiefs of the Bombay Presidency.

AMUSEMENTS.

Palace of Varieties: Gaiety Theatre, 6-30 and 10-0 p.m.

Royal Opera House: at 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

Excelsior Theatre: Bandman Opera Co., 9.30 and Cinema at 6.30.

Empire Cinema: at 8-15 and 10 p.m.

West End Cinema: 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Majestic Cinema: 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30.

New Alhambra Cinema: 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

New Alexandra: 7-15, 9-0 and 10-45 p.m.

Precious Cinema: 7-0, 8-45 and 10-30.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOMBAY.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Punjab Mail	19 0	11 0
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpore)	16 40	20 0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	7 15	13 0
Madras Mail	8 40	21 10
Poona Mail	11 30	14 45
Poona Express	19 40	7 55

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Northern Express	13 35	16 0
Gujarat Mail	8 25	20 45
Kathiawar Express	7 56	21

BAND AT BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

The Band of the 1/13th G. I. P. Railway, Battalion, (I. D. F.) will play at the Bombay Gymkhana this (Saturday) evening commencing at 6 p.m.

BAND AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS.

By kind permission of the Commanding Officer and Officers of the 1st F. S. Gn. Bn., South Staffordshire Regt., their Band will play a programme of music at the Victoria Gardens, commencing at 5-45 p.m. (S. T.) to-day.

OUTWARD MAIL.

The s.s. "Chupra" which left Bombay on the 9th ultimo arrived London on Thursday, the 5th instant. All well.

DIVINE LECTURE.

Mr. D. G. Vaidya will conduct the Weekly Divine service in the Local Prarthana Mandir, Girgaon, to-morrow at 5-30 p.m. all are invited.

KANARA CATHOLIC ASSOCIATION.

A Special General Meeting of this Association will be held in the office of Mr. E. J. Vas, Pleader, High Court, Prag Mahal, Dhobitalao at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) to-morrow.

ARYAN EXCELSIOR LEUGUE.

Rev. J. C. Winslow of Ahmednagar will deliver a public lecture in Marathi on "St. Asgustin of Hippo," to-day at 5 p.m., at Girgaum Gujerati Boys' School, opposite Prarthana Samaj.

MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION.

To-day at 6-30 p.m., Mr. Percey Anstey will deliver a lecture on "Common Superstitions", at the Anjuman-i-Islam Hall, Fort. Mr. Fyze B. Tyebji will preside. The lecture is open to the public.

NAMADEO SAMAJIK SAUNSTHA.

Under the auspices of the Saunstha, Mr. Waman Atmaram Hendre will deliver a lecture in Marathi, on "The Namadeo Volunteer Corps", at 9 p.m. to-day, in Mr. Khandke's Hall, at Kapad Lane.

THE SRAELITE BROTHERHOOD.

The usual Jewish History Class will meet to-night at 7-30. At to-morrow's meeting, Mr. Michael E. Rohekar, will deliver a lecture on "Four Principal Kingdoms" at the Institution's premises, and Peerkhan Street, Byculla, at 4 p.m. (S. T.).

HINDU INTER CASTE MARRIAGE BILL.

Under the Presidentship of H. H. Jagadguru Srimat Shankaracharia of Raja Rajeshwarashram, at Madhav Baug, a meeting of Pundits of Bombay will be held to-morrow at 4 p.m. (S. T.), to protest against the Hon. Mr. Patel's Hindu Marriage Bill.

THE ZOROASTRIAN BROTHERHOOD.

Under the auspices of the Zoroastrian Brotherhood Mr. Narayen Rao Kulkerni will deliver a lecture on "Co operative Movement—and Communal Progress," in the Hall of the Tutorial High School, Grant Road, at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.), to-morrow.

MARATHA PROVIDENT FUND.

The twenty-third annual gathering of the Maratha Provident Fund will take place at 3.30 p.m. to-morrow at Hirabag, when prizes to school-going children recommended by the members of the fund will be distributed. Mr. Rajaram Tukaram, President of the Bandra Municipality, will preside.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR.

The popular musical farce "Yes Uncle" will occupy the stage of the Excelsior Theatre to-night. This is the first Saturday night performance of the successful play and, no doubt, large crowds will flock to see the many exceedingly funny situations in which this merry little musical comedy abounds. For to-morrow's Matinee the ever popular "The Bing Boys Are Here" will enact their merry adventures. Whole repertoire for the next week can be seen from our advertisement columns.

To-morrow night at 9-30 in order to meet the wishes of many people who could not book seats at the Empire Theatre for the "Cherniavskys" Trio, there will be a special performance at 9-30 in which these world famous Soloists will give another complete change of repertoire. Their last two Concerts judging from the booking will beat all previous records and the farewell performance at the Excelsior to-morrow at 9-30 should again draw a packed house.

WEST END CINEMA.

It will certainly be glad news to several Patrons of this Picture-House that the management are repeating the immensely popular serial, "Judex," at the earnest solicitations of numerous Cinema-lovers. When this wonderful story of Love, Hate, Revenge and justice was presented some months back at the West-End Cinema, there was a regular furore and the management had a brisk of work for five weeks. Now "Judex" is being presented in 8,000 feet weekly, thus finishing the story in three instalments. It is an intensely powerful. Photo-play, wherein the noblest and the basest human emotions are portrayed with extraordinary vividness and punctuated with absorbing incidents of manly revenge, womanly love and infantine inocense.

THE EMPIRE.

The "Cherniavskys" Trio will give another complete change of programme to-night and will, no doubt, report their great success of Thursday.

For 6-30 performance this evening Stingaree enters upon his 12 and 13 Adventures and incidentally shows how unaided he effects the rescue of Summer—the man who in the last week's Adventure was about to be hanged by the robber Black Bill. The adventure of this week concerns a valuable Race horse about to be sold to pay the rent to a hard-hearted landlord by a young lady running a farm. In another adventure Stingaree is tracked by a new Inspector of Police and some extraordinary and amusing situations arise which include the burning of a hotel. Stingaree rescues one of the Troopers who was tracking him. The adventures of Stingaree will come to a conclusion next week with the last 2 and final adventures.

NEW ALEXANDRA.

Some really good thrills will be found in the fourth instalment of "The Red Ace," the patriotic American serial which is being shown at the New Alexandra.

Virginia and Winthrop, being captured by spies, are left prisoners in an old building which is then set on fire. Virginia performs the desperate feat of climbing out of a fifth story window; and jumping to the wires, first untwing Winthrop, who later jumps into a fire net.

After running through several perils, the brave couple give hot chase to the spies who are trying to smuggle their booty across the border. Those who have followed the story so far on the screen, cannot miss these exciting chapters.

CINEMA PRECIOUS.

All Pathe Serials bear as it were, a Hall-Mark of Cinema quality. To-day commences the extremely powerful Detective Serial by the same Cinema Experts "The Mark of Mystery" or "The Red Circle" featuring the delightful, dainty Star Ruth Roland, as the Heroines the loving, loveable successor of the Brand of Infarmy. It is really an extremely interesting and skilful story, very efficiently staged and very ably exacted. Miss Ruth Roland undergoes some smart pieces of acting, and is supported by a brilliant cast. The serial is a sister film to the "Neglected Wife" and is just as very interesting as its predecessor.

IMPERIAL.

In mystery, incident, dramatic situations and in everything that goes towards making a serial a complete success, "The House of Hate" is not lacking. The story concerns the House of Waldon, the owners of an extensive plant engaged upon the manufacture of war materials. Winthrop Waldon, the guiding hand of the firm is a widower with an only daughter Pearl, who is in love with Harvey Gresham, a young chemist engaged at the house on scientific research. Getting on in years and his mind always absorbed in matters pertaining to the welfare of the works, Winthrop Waldon calls a meeting of relatives in order to decide who shall succeed him. Meantime his life has been threatened. At the meeting it is decided that Haynes Waldon, a nephew, shall in due course marry Pearl, and thus become the legitimate heir. Ezra Waldon, a brother and Naomi Waldon a niece, are the other members of the family, each of whom hates the other while giving an outward show of affection. In fear of death Waldon calls in a detective and shows him the threatening letter received. Waldon also confesses that there is a family secret which he will disclose to the detective the next day, but meantime he must watch the house. Despite the close vigilance and while Waldon is working in his room after the others have retired, a secret panel in the room opens, there emerges a hooded figure, and the next moment Winthrop Waldon is lying dead. Before flying back to his hiding place, "The Hooded Terror," looks round the room and seeing a large painting of Pearl on the wall he throws his death-dealing dagger which pierces the painting at the heart. That is the sign that Pearl is to be the next victim. Suspicion of the murder falls upon some member of the household. First one and then the other is suspected. Even Gresham, whose love for Pearl would apparently absolve him from blame is marked down. And all through from one episode to another, Pearl is continually being carried off by mysterious hands. Attempts on her life are made over and over again, and just when death seems inevitable rescue comes in some form.

Pearl White is too big a favourite in serial plays to need further mention. She is just her own sweet self, adapting herself to the quick-changing conditions admirably. "The House of Hate" is an assured success—and a big one at that.

RESEARCH WORKERS HONOURED.

The Kanara Catholic Association, has awarded a medal to Mr. J. A. Saldanha Assistant Judge at Thana, for research work. Mr. Saldanha is an active member of the Royal Anthropological Society and has contributed many papers to that body on the past and present history of Kanara, its peoples and customs. He is also the author of (i) Law of Salsette Land and Town Development. (ii) Notes on the first Anglo-Indian and other subjects. (iii) Konkani or Goan Castes. (iv) Savantvadi Legal and Judicial Manual.

AMENDMENT OF MUNICIPAL ACT.

HON. MR. P. C. SETHNA'S MOTION.

The Hon. Mr. Phiroze C. Sethna has given notice that at the next monthly meeting of the Corporation, he will move—

'That the Corporation are of opinion that a clause should be inserted in the Municipal Act to the following effect:—

"Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, it shall be lawful for the Corporation from time to time, by a resolution supported by not less than one-half of the whole number of Councillors to appoint, as members of any Committee under Sections 38, 39, 40 and 41, any persons of either sex, who are not Councillors, but who may, in the opinion of the Corporation, possess special qualifications for serving on such Committee, provided that the number of persons so appointed on any Committee shall not exceed one-third of the total number of the members of such Committee.

"All the provisions of this Act relating to the duties, powers, liabilities, disqualifications and disabilities of Councillors shall, save as regards the disqualification on the ground of sex, be applicable so far as may be to such persons.

'2. That the President be requested to address Government to undertake legislation to amend the Municipal Act accordingly.'"

FRANCHISE COMMITTEE.

CORPORATION'S WITNESSES.

Mr. Ramkrishna S. Navalkar, has given notice that at this month's meeting of the Corporation he will move the following resolution:—

'That in the opinion of the Corporation it is desirable to send some five witnesses (to be named at the meeting) to give evidence before the Franchise Committee, and that the President be requested to take the necessary steps in the matter.'"

FAILURE OF CROPS.

PLEA FOR REMISSION OF LAND REVENUE.

At a public meeting of the citizens of Panvel assembled on the 1st instant the following resolution was passed:—

Though several individual representations have already been made to Government for the remission or suspension of the land revenue on account of the failure of crop in the Panvel taluka, the expectations of the people when those representations were made as to the probable yield of the crop are not realized. Thus the actual average yield of the rice crop being scarcely even annas three in a rupee, it has become absolutely necessary for the Government to take a proper view of the horrible situation to be faced, and pass orders for remission of land revenue and thus relieve the poor rayats from the utter anxiety created by the grave situation.

HUGE FIRE IN FORT.

SIR D. E. WACHA WANTS INVESTIGATION OF CAUSES.

The Honble Sir Dinsha E. Wacha, has notified that at the monthly December meeting of the Corporation, he will move—

"That the Municipal Commissioner be requested to report with full details, after a careful and independent investigation, on the cause or causes of the fire which took place on the early morning of 1st November last in house No. 59, Karwar Street, Fort, said to be owned by Mr. Azam, and leased to a Mahomedan rent farmer, where live as many as 250 persons or thereabout and where was stored in the godowns on the ground floor a variety of rubbish materials more or less of a hazardous character liable to catch fire.'"

HOUSE-BREAKING ON CHARNI ROAD.

A WAGRI WOMAN SENTENCED.

At the Mazagaon Police Court, before Mr. G. R. Khairaz, Second Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Acharekar charged two Wagri men and one Wagri woman with house-breaking and theft of embroidered cloth and silver plates valued at Rs. 600 from the house of one Mr. R. K. M. Kothare, residing at Charni-road, Bombay, on the 4th October last.

The evidence showed that the accused were spending money freely and were about to leave Bombay. The police kept a watch on the doings of the gang and eventually arrested them on the 26th November last in Douladstreet. Property, worth Rs. 500, was recovered. It was concealed under a heap of chunam in a godown under construction.

The accused pleaded guilty. The first accused was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment. The second and third accused were sentenced to six and three months' imprisonment, respectively.

We understand that Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola has been elected President of the Mahomedan Educational Conference at Surat.

It was generally believed that General Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan had given up racing altogether. We learn however, that the General merely suspended racing during the war, and his ownership, will be declared to the forthcoming Bombay Racing Season.

Major Greig who for seventeen years has been Military Secretary to successive Governors of Bombay, and for the last seventeen months has been on active service in Mesopotamia has proceeded from Mesopotamia to Aden to meet Sir George Lloyd whose Military Secretary he is to be.

Mr. F. L. Souter, Inspector-General of Police whose tenure of office expires in 1820 has resigned his appointment, and on vacating, Mr. J. A. Gudier, C.I.D., will officiate. It is intended that a member of the Indian Civil Service will hold the appointment later on. Mr. Griffiths, Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay, C.I.D. will take Mr. Guider's place

A number of the Civilians belonging to United Provinces whose services were lent the Army Department during the war will shortly be released for civil duty. Among the first to return is Mr. C. M. Collett, I.C.S., who has been posted as Deputy Commissioner of Unao and replaced Mr. I. F. Sale who is posted ti Moradabad as Joint Magistrate.

LORD WILLINGDON MEMORIAL CONTROVERSY

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Before entering into this controversy according to the proverb "good cometh out of evil" let me thank you for one thing that you have acquired and that is that you have smashed those indiscreet flatterers who are always in the forefront to honour without discretion all and any Governors and big Civilian autocrats irrespective of their actions during their regime. I firmly believe that in future no attempts will be made by such people to do honour in the name of the public which is now sufficiently alive to the sense of self-respect and public duty.

I am a Merchant and as such if I express my views in that spirit please take those in the same spirit. I frankly say I have not studied minutely the administdation of H. E. Lord Willingdon, but I have carefully followed the controversy and read many speeches that are made in respect of this subject. No human being is perfect and infallible. I am interested chiefly in cotton and cloth trade and mill agency and I tell you my experience that no Merchant or Mill Agent without exception has made such contracts whether purchases or Sales that have all proved profitable though you will admit every such merchant or mill agent when he enters into any such Contracts he does it with his intention to do good and profit surely to his interest or to the interest he represents. Now when at the end of the year he draws up Balance Sheet to his partners or Shareholders that balance sheet is discussed not in every item but by the item of profit and loss. Public or Shareholders in this case judge a man who is at the helm if business by that item of profit and loss alone no matter if he may have made losses on the individual transactions.

Now specially during this War time and at its close Cotton and Cloth Merchants will bear me out that only those Merchants who have not lost anything from these transactions are said to come out wise and best.

I now request you and such Public as represent your views regarding Lord Willingdon's administration to see with that view and decide what they think of his Excellency. Surely his Excellency has not followed other Presidencies in interning leaders of thought that were believed by Civilian autocrats as seditious and very risky to be allowed in War time and that too when they had wide powers under Indian Defence Act, H. E. has steered our Presidency during this War time and time of much stress to Bombay, which city alone, we are proud to say, has been able to help the Empire in those War times at very great Sacrifice of its peoples' comforts and heavy losses to them under kind and charming influence of their Excellencies' personalities. As a statesman also H. E. has brought our Presidency up rightly in the estimation of the Secretary of State during his visit to India. I believe no one in this Presidency will doubt that H. E. is personally a broad-minded Statesman, thorough English Gentleman, and more sympathetic to the just Indian operations of getting self-Gobernment. I believe you will further admitted that personally H. E. is giving every scope to the public to express views freely which any person or Governor in his place indirectly would have curbed by undesirable tactics such free expressions of views.

Every Indian knows what generally the Civilian bureaucrats are, and how they want the administration of India for their benefit and sole Control. To work with them if H. E. has not taken any retrograde steps he does not deserve any abuses. I believe in spite of these difficulties H. E. has been lucky to bring Mr. Montagu in his period when he has done everything to uplift India from this position.

I mentioned in the beginning of this letter what good this agitation has done. Now I mention what harm is being done by this agitation.

I believe you will admit Bombay Presidency is the only Presidency where in Commerce and Trade, Indians and Europeans pull on together without any racial prejudices and with credit to both. The Commercial community here work very amicably, smoothly, and in the joint interest of both. This agitation is to my mind bringing the seeds of that spirit of dissension and race-hatred which had no existance heretofore in Bombay. Not only in Indians and Europeans but among some leading Indians also this agitation is bringing that undesirable spirit of dissension and difference. This spirit must be nipped in the bud. You will admit commerce is sure to play a great part in this world after the reconstruction at the Peace Conference. I hope and wish in the interest of commerce and fostering good spirit in Commerce and our own leaders, you and your party will neglect the prattlings of a few unsteady so-called leaders who take upon themselves as if they are great props of pro-Lord Willingdon movement and as if they only were very wise (let them be so.)

We have to take into consideration one big point in H. E.'s favour which is this. If I were placed in the management of a Mill which is worked for the interest of the managers and Officers of the Mill only and if I am further asked to manage that mill with the same staff only and if I am not successful in getting results of the working to the satisfaction of shareholders will you not look to my difficulties that were created by the staff under me? It is very wise to say that if I were strong enough I could have shown better results I believe if I stopped the mill from making losses I habe done sufficient.

Taking into consideration the good cause of this Country which I believe your paper has fully at heart I request you to retire now honourably from this agitation. You and your party had their full say with all the strength of your followers.

I hope and believe when you and your party will hear H. E. when he is free from the trammels of Indian Civil Service bureaucrats you will repent for what you are doing now by this agitation. I fervently hope that H. E. when he goes to England and during his short stay there he gets opportunity to serve the cause of Indian interest he will do a great service in the final formation of Montagu Reforms which will be finally shaped after the propogation of New Parliament.

I appeal in conclusion to consider the last profit and loss of Lord Willingdon's administration and if there is no loss, please in the interest of this Country let this honour be done to Lord Willingdon unanimously.

This will show that though your views may be right when things to certain pitch which might do least harm to the cause of the Country you are prepared oven to pocket personal insult that according to you was offered to your party which I believe Lord Willingdon may never have meant.—Yours, etc.,

LALJI NARANJI.

Bombay, 6th December, 1918.

BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

AGENDA FOR MONDAY'S MEETING.

FOUR "VICTORY" RESOLUTIONS.

The revised and final list of business to be brought forward at the meeting of the Bombay Legislative Council on Monday next has been published.

After questions and answer Government bills will be taken up. The Cotton Control Bill comes up for second reading. There are a large number of amendments to it from several non-official members.

A new bill to amend certain enactments and to repeal certain other enactments will then be taken upon for first reading.

There are four resolutions from four different members in regard to the triumph of the Allied armies and the signing of the armistice. The first is one from the Honourable Captain C. Fernandes, M.D., I.M.S.:—

"That this Council desires to place on record the great joy and satisfaction with which it has received the news of the armistice between the Allied forces and Germany and its grateful admiration of the courage and enduance of his Imperial Majesty's Forces whose magnificent achievements have so powerfully contributed to the glorious triumph of the Allies, the vindication of justice and righteousness and the annihilation of Prussian militarism, and this Council earnestly prays that the armistice may be the forerunner of a lasting peace and of ever-growing vrosperity for the British Empire."

The next is one from the Honourable Mr. R. P. Paranjpye:—

"This Council requests his Excellency the Governor to convey to his Majesty the King-Emperor an assurance of the Council's devotion to his Majesty's throne and person and an expression of loyal congratulations at the complete success of the cause of the Empire and its Allies in the Great War."

The third resolution from the Honourable Mr. G. K. Parekh, LL.B., was as follows:—

"This Council begs to offer its humble and respectful congratulations to his Majesty the King-Emperor on the triumphal close of the unprecedentedly terrible war in which the British Empire and its brave Allies were engaged and which threatened the destruction of liberty and of free institutions throughout the world, and prays that his Excellency the Governor-in-Council will be pleased to transmit this resolution to his Majesty."

The fourth is one from the Honourable Mr. Harchandrai Vishindas:—

"This Council records its deep sense of gratification at the termination of the world-war in the glorious and brilliant triumph of the Allied cause of righteousness, justice and humanity over brute militarism, and humbly congratulates his Majesty the King-Emperor on the most distinguished part played by the British Empire.

This Council further prides itself on the magnificent contributions of money, men and material made by this country and fervently hopes that India will share to the full with the rest of the Empire in the blessings of peace and freedom."

The Council will pass one resolution embodying the ideas contained in the four preceding resolutions

NON-OFFICIAL RESOLUTIONS.

The Honourable Mr. S. D. Garud will move:

"(1) This Council recommends to his Excellency the Governor-in-Council that a committee be appointed to investigate the efficacy of water as a cure for disease and to indicate the steps that should be taken to popularise its use for the cure of disease in the mofussil."

(2) "This Council recommends to his Excellency the Governor-in-Council that non-official officers and members of local boards be paid travelling allowances for journeys in connection with the work of the boards."

The Honourable Mr. C. V. Mehta will move:—

"This Council recommends to his Excellency the Governor-in-Council that early steps be taken to abolish the City of Bombay Improvement Trust and to hand over its work to the Bombay Municipality."

"This Council recommends to his Excellency the Governor-in-Council that a press note be issued from time to time stating what has been done and is being done as regards the supply of grass, grain, takavi and other relief measures to various districts in the Presidency on the lines of the statement made by the Honourable the Revenue Member at the meeting of the Bombay Legislative Council held in September last."

The Honourable Mr. A. F. I. Pathan will move:—

"This Council recommends that the Government may be pleased to provide for a certain percentage of free studentships in every Government Arts College as in Government High Schools."

The Honourable Mr. S. B. Upasani will move:—

"This Council respectfully recommends to his Excellency the Governor-in-Council that in view of the present abnormal rise in the cost of living and other necessaries of life Government will be pleased to reduce the increased rates of fees at present charged in secondary schools to the level of the rates as they stood before the increase was sanctioned."

"This Council recommends to his Excellency the Governor-in-Council that Government be pleased to sanction that any expenditure which local bodies may have to incur to meet unusual visitations of epidemics and famine shall be shared by Government to the extent of three-fourths."

"This Council recommends to his Excellency the Governor-in-Council that Government be pleased to cooperate with and help the Municipalities and Local Boards in the measures required to combat epidemics like influenza and plague and for relief in connection with famine, and to bear a substantial share of the expenditure which the local bodies may have to incur on this account and if that be not possible to relieve these bodies from their statutory obligation to take needful measures in this respect."

The Honourable Mr. B. S. Kamat will move:—

"This Council recommends that Government may be pleased to represent to his Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay the desirability of adding a proviso to the following effect at the end of sub-rule 6) of Rule 408 (published at page 2221 of the Bombay Government Gazette,' Part 1, dated the 12th of December 1912) regarding the scale of fees for the remuneration of Receivers, viz:—

"Provided that the maximum remuneration payable to any Receiver in any one year shall not exceed Rs. 30,000, any excess of fees levied being refunded at the end of each year to the estates concerned in proportion to the excess over the maximum.'"

"This Council recommends that Government may be pleased to direct (1) that all Government Hospitals shall have attached to them non-official advisory Committees composed of men and women; ; and (2) that the services of female Sub-Assistant Surgeons be engaged in as many Government Hospitals as possible."

The Honourable Mr. Gokuldas Khandas Parekh will move:—

"This Council places on record its high appreciation of the services rendered by his Excellency to this presidency and its regret at his leaving it at this important crisis in its political future, and is keenly sensible of the very cordial relations that have always characterised his presidentship of the Council during the last five years and a half."

ALLEGED CRIMINAL MISAPPROPRIATION.

WIFE SUES HUSBAND.

ACCUSED ACQUITTED.

(Associated Press.)

POONA, Dec. 5.

Mr. Percival, Sessions Judge, delivered judgment to-day in the case in which Conductor Charles James Payne, Ordnance Department, and Mrs. Alice Barrow were charged with criminal misappropriation under section 403, I. P. C., in respect of five carriages, a buggy, and five horses said to belong to complainant Mrs. Annie Payne.

In the course of his judgment Mr. Percival observed that the property in question belonged to Mrs. Payne, that there was a *bona fide* dispute and that the accused are not criminally guilty owing to their having retained the property. "The relationship of the parties is that complainant is the wife of accused No. 1 and the sister of accused No. 2. But accused No. 1 brought a petition for divorce against the complainant and a decree *nisi* was passed in September last. The complainant relies chiefly on a number of letters sent to her by accused No. 1, when she was on good terms with him, in which he repeatedly refers to the carriages and horses as "your" carriages and horses. In one letter he mentions "a further birthday present." Elsewhere he says "I took your advice and set you up," and again "the business I have given you." He refers also to "your new venture" and writes that "I have now set you up to the tune of some thousands of rupees, and I think you ought, in common fairness, play the game in money matters." No doubt there is a reference to "we" in one of the letters, but the vast majority of the references are to "your," and the purport thereof is that they were a gift to the complainant. It may no doubt be that the gift to the wife was made owing to the fact that the accused No. 1 is a military man and was consequently not able to engage in trade; but, if a man chooses to give a business to his wife because he is in Government service, and then has a difference with her, he must suffer the consequences, and cannot later on turn round and say that he wishes to have the property back again. I am accordingly of opinion that the complainant has made out a stronger case for the ownership of all the carriages and horses than the accused have done.

"Nevertheless, I hold that it is a case of a *bona fide* dispute. In my opinion it is an instance of a "wrong opinion that the accused was justified in keeping the property" or of "the assertion of a contested claim or right, however ill-founded that claim may be." The accused No. 1 can put forward certain claims to the carriages and horses, and he admittedly paid for them originally, though his title to them is not nearly as strong as that of the complainant. For these reasons the two accused are acquitted and discharged; but at the same time I direct under section 517 of the Criminal Procedure Code that the 5 carriages, buggy and 5 horses be all delivered to the complainant. I consider that if either party is to sue for property in the Civil Court, it should be the accused rather than the complainant who should be required to do so. This is the view taken also by the two assessors."

"ADVICE ABOUT COTTON."

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir.—Here I am again worrying you, but you have been kind in the past, and these are only a few lines, which I know you will oblige me by publishing.

Regarding my remarks about Cotton. I am in favour of going "short" round about 580. Americans have been up Tuesday, Wednesday, and will be up Thursday. On Saturday and Sunday we may get news from Yankeeland which will not be so favourable. If this letter is published to-morrow, it will be in time to give those who will take advice in time, to sell between 570 and 580, if the market even goes to 600. I see it down below 525 before the 15th. If afraid to sell, then wait and go long, but do one or the other is the advice of.—Yours, etc.,

"SIMLA BIRD."

Bombay, Dec. 6.

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"THE KING OF CARS."
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272 Safes supplied for Savings Banks in India and Burma after a severe competitive test by fire held in Calcutta by the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs in July, 1912.
210 Burglar-Resisting Safes, recently supplied to Government, to replace other makers' safes that had been burgled.
By Appointment to H. E. the Governor.
Makers to H. M.'s Mint and a number of European and Indian Banks.
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LORD WILLINGDON'S ADMINISTRATION.

AN INDICTMENT AND A CONDEMNATION.

SPEECH BY
MR. B. G. HORNIMAN
AT
SHANTARAM'S CHAWL, BOMBAY
ON NOVEMBER 26TH 1918.

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ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

"A Whip"—The matter has already been exposed.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Saturday, 7th December, 1918.

ENGLAND AND INDIA.

As a message from our Special Correspondent stated yesterday, at the East India Association, London, Mr. Thorburn read a paper violently attacking the educated Indians and characterising the Montagu-Chelmsford Scheme as Utopian. Mr. Thorburn is a retired Indian Civilian and his lamentable essay at the East Indian Association is a fresh demonstration of the graceful manner in which men like him, having throughout their lives eaten the salt of India, repay the debt to her by opposing what is, even by its authors and supporters, regarded merely as a cautious step towards helping the Indian people to train themselves for the enjoyment of self-government years hence. Apart from this, there is nothing remarkable about either Mr. Thorburn himself or his views. Mr. Thorburn retired from India nearly two decades ago and is, therefore, a back number as far as any judgment on current Indian affairs—much less on that most elusive feature of a nation's development, the capacities, the aspirations and the ideals of its intelligentsia—is concerned.

Who are the "educated Indians" whom Mr. Thorburn has chosen to attack violently? They are those who amidst difficulties, internal as well as external—such as have seldom dogged the footsteps of any people struggling towards national freedom—have yearned and struggled to see their country free, self-respecting and prosperous. For thirty years the educated Indian "has developed in his Congress and latterly in the Muslim League," to quote the language of Mr. Montagu and Lord Chelmsford—whose recognition of the place of the educated classes in Indian polity is not quite ungrudging—"free popular convocations which espress his ideals" and "he has by speeches and in the press done much to spread the idea of a united and self-respecting India among thousands who had no such conception in their minds." But we need not pursue the matter further. For Mr. Thorburn is no more original in his method of opposing the reforms than any of the "Die-hards" of the Sydenham and Hewett ilk. Violent denunciation of educated Indians with a view to demonstrate the pretended conflict of interests and aims between them and the bulk of their countrymen is a hackneyed device to thwart the progress of any reform in the Indian constitution and administration. And those who indulge in such ill-natured and ignorant attacks against the intelligentsia of another country do but display their own unworthiness to be included among the intelligentsia of their own country. As to Mr. Thorburn's discovery that the Montagu-Chelmsford Scheme is Utopian it belongs to the familiar category of inbecilities perpetrated by those who, like him, having lived in the most critical years in human history and having seen despots hurled from their thrones, have forgotten nothing and learnt nothing. The opinions of these obscurantists would in ordinary circumstances, be met with the contempt they deserve. But the circumstances are not ordinary. British statesmen of all parties have declared their resolve to adhere to the pledge, given to India, of early freedom. But whether the freedom is to be substantial and is to come early will depend chiefly on the British elector whom all parties are now suing. He has realised that India has played a glorious part in the war and he has all the impulse of generosity to do the just thing by her. But he is ignorant of India, her people, their condition, their aspirations and their immediate needs. His ignorance is a special danger to India, inasmuch as it makes him peculiarly amenable to the insidious influence of a calumnious campaign against the Indian people, which the latter are not allowed a fair opportunity to counteract.

It was a mere accident that two Indian members of the Press Deputation as well as Mr. Karandikar happened to be present at the East Indian Association meeting and were thus able to refute what Mr. Ghose aptly described as Mr. Thorburn's half-truths and untruths, and to let the British public know that India had "outgrown the bureaucratic administration contrived a century ago" "Privilege, patronage and poverty" have been features of that administration. The end of this war has ushered in a new era in which privilege, patronage and poverty can have no place. If India is not to be denied the benefits of this change, she must be given "a government of freedom, frankness and fertility." The Montagu-Chelmsford Scheme is an insufficient step towards such government and if, the principle of self-determination is to have any application to India the Congress-League amendments, expressing as they do the true Indian sentiments, as Mr. Kasture Ranga Iyengar emphasised, should be supported by the British Parliament. Against the realisation of such a consummation the only obstacle is that the Indian people are not allowed to communicate freely and adequately with the British electors. The deputations and newspapers are uninstly banned. It is unthinkable that knowing what the real demands of the Indian people are, the British people, given a fair opportunity, will stultify themselves in the eyes of the world, by refusing to satisfy those demands But how long is that opportunity to be denied to the British and justice to the Indian people?

LORD WILLINGDON AND HIS FLATTERS.

Any amount of amiable and less tolerable nonsense is being talked in connection with the proposed memorial to Lord Willingdon and some have gone even to the length of confounding Lord Willingdon with the King-Emperor. They argue that just as the King-Emperor cannot be blamed for the faults of the administration, so Lord Willingdon cannot be held responsible for his administration. These sycophants must know that whereas his Majesty the King-Emperor is outside and independent of the administration and as such is the object of homage of all the parties, Lord Willingdon is in the thick of the administration and is appointed specially as an administrator and is responsible for every act of the administration. We have heard of the doctrine "The King can do no wrong." But the new principle that "The Governor can do no wrong" is simply astounding. Were Lord Willingdon to express himself, we hope, he would be the first to repudiate such unmeaning and disguting adulation and claim to be tried and judged on his administrative acts. These worthies who cannot understand the difference between the King and the King's representative had better not intermeddle any more in politics. They are also wrong who argue that Lord Willingdon should not be blamed but that his councillors should be asked to account for the administration. Lord Willingdon again, we hope, would be the first to refuse to take any advantage of such an escape. He should stand or fall by his administration. These amiable persons do not seem to have really understood the position, responsibilities and duties of the Governor. The Governor can overrule the Council and act on his own responsibility, he can side with the Indian member and exercise his casting vote and lastly he can resign and lay down his office if he finds the Council too reactionary for him. There is no individual responsibility in our present executive councils. The responsibility is collective and the Governor cannot disclaim any responsibility for the administrative acts, during his regime More subtle but equally absurd is the plea sought to be introduced by Sir N. G. Chandarvarkar. Is the Governor on the whole liberal and sympathetic? Does he sympathise with Indian aspirations? Then whatever the failure of his administration with reference to particular acts or policy, he must be voted a public memorial. Sir Narayan uses a great name in connection with this test of a Governr. But for obvious reasons, we prefer to deal with it, no its merits. We have no hesitation in telling Sir Narayan that his test would be accepted by no one, not even by the present object of his worship. Mere sympathy and platonic liberalism will no longer be accepted as the true tests of a great Governor. Much more is required in these days of a Governor who aspires for a public memorial. It is absolutely necessary that his administration should be a success and not a failure and that his sweet talk is supplemented by noble deeds. We have travelled far beyond the stage when sympathy secured a public memorial whatever the failure of the Governor's policy or acts. These days are gone for ever. Is it after all by his talk that Lord Willingdon wishes to be judged? Does he sacrifice his Councillors and disclaim responsibility? Does he even in his fondest dreams claim the position of the King-Emperor sought to be thrust upon him by his deluded worshippers? It would be manifestly doing wrong to Lord Willingdon to hold him responsible for the absurdities of his flatterers. Still there is some time. And the pro-Willingdonites would do well to tell the public precisely for what they want to honour him with a public memorial. To this plain and honest query there is no answer and till it is forthcoming, no reasonable person can be misled by the clouding of the issues and by unrestricted abuse and vilification.

THE "DONNYBROOK" GANG

The growth of the movement against according a public memorial to the retiring Governor has been marked, as might have been expected, by every species of attempts on the part of the "requisitionists" to revile its leaders. The crime of seeking to voice genuine public opinion and to prevent the authority of the name of "the citidens of Bombay" being usurped by a handful of the eternal bondsmen of the Bureaucracy for purposes of their own is, of course an unpardonable one and those who have made hold to undertake the task have in consequence been subjected to gross and sustained calumny by these people and their tools. The "Advocate of India" has been foremost in this campaign—appropriately enough—and low scurrility has been oozing from it day by day. But it is apparently not content. It has now opened its columns to what can only be described as direct incitement to violence, and we would draw the attention of Government and of the Commissioner of Police to a letter which appeared in yesterday's issue of the "Advocate of India" over the signature of "Donnybrook." The *nom-de-plume* is the index to the purport of the letter, and its flaunting truculence, we trust, will not be lost upon the guardians of "law and order" in Bombay. Referring to the forthcoming meeting, the writer says:

> "It is to be hoped that every European and Anglo-Indian as also all Indians who respect their loyalty to our Sovereign's representative, will be present to support *by every means* (our italics) the memorial to be voted for."

What this instigation means is too obvious to require any elaboration, but if interpretation were needed the *nom-de-plume* of the writer, which has only one meaning, supplies it, and all we need do for the present is to place it on record. We may add that this disgraceful invocation of organised violence is not the first of its kind that has been made in Bombay during the past few weeks. The sequel remains to be seen, but in the event of any disorder arising at the meeting the public will have no difficulty in fixing the responsibility for the same. The counter-requisitionists have repeatedly urged upon the Sheriff the necessity of making adequate arrangements for ensuring orderly and decorous proceedings at the meeting which he has been ill-advised enough to convene, having regard to the state of public opinion, but it is very clear from the replies that have been vouchsafed in his name—they bear the bureaucratic hall-mark—that he is incapable of appreciating the situation and his own responsibility. On the other hand incitements to disorderliness are being allowed to be openly made. It is a perilous adventure, and we must warn all concerned to desist while there is yet time. We should have thought that it has been sufficiently demonstrated that Suleman Casim Mithaim is a kind of political buffoonery which does not pay in the long run.

Notes of the Day.

Freedom of the Seas.

Mr. Churchill speaking at Dundee said that Britain was entering the Peace Conference absolutely determined not to accept any limitations on her right to maintain naval defence. He was speaking probably with reference to the freedom of the seas which threatens to be a prominent point to be discussed at the Peace Conference. What Germany and to a certain extent America want England to do is to renounce the right to exercise control over neutral trading with the enemy by the seizure of contraband. Some go still further and want to confine war practically to land and enemy ports. But England cannot accept the contentions of Germany or the neutral countries without virtually crippling herself. She came perilously near doing so by the acceptance of the Declaration of London which she had to discard later on. It is to be remembered, however, that the restrictions are of a necessity imposed only during times of war. During peace time, free access to the seas is allowed to every country. Under cover of a plausible doctrine which has been violated in every particular by Germany by its unrestricted submarining it is sought to impose restrictions on Britain which it has never accepted. If for instance the sea is to be open during war as well as peace, blockade would be unmeaning and the present war would have been indefinitely prolonged. No distinctions can be made between articles of food, conditional contraband and absolute contraband. The particular position and structure of the British Empire require certain precautions absolutely and now that during the present war, the British ministry has realised the evils resulting from the Declaration of London it may be assumed that no conditions that would weaken Britain's naval defence would be accepted.

The Publicity Boards.

Public curiosity is now aroused regarding the continued existence of the Publicity Boards. There is a considerable deal of money still spent on this now superfluous department of Government the solid achievement of which is known to us, as we indicated some weeks ago, only in the shape of the excellent "War Journal" issued at Allahabad and the equally interesting "Haq" of Lahore which in Urdu continues to provide most useful and stimulating information regarding the War. We have a vague idea that a branch of the Publicity Board exists in Bombay and that expenditure on it continues to be incurred at the cost of the public purse. We understand that as usual the higher officials who do the ordering are paid in satisfying cheques, while the humbler sewers of wood and drawers of water, who are assigned the task of translation and such other secondary duties, remain yet to be remunerated on a decent, let alone a liberal, scale. Lest some unfortunate struggling clerk who finds it hard to make both ends meet in these days of scarcity be incontinently cashiered on the suspicion of having supplied this information to "The Chronicle", it is a moral obligation on us to intimate to the wary conductors of the Publicity Branch in Bombay that it is not always the unhappy and disappointed underlings who seek our assistance: it is quite as often higher officials who, chafing under the organised injustice inflicted upon them, ask us to give publicity regarding the otherwise unpublishable facts likely to be suppressed by a board whose business is Publicity.

A Censorship Mystery.

On November 19th Reuter cabled from London as follows:

> In a stately chamber adjoining the House of Lords the King this afternoon met both Houses of Parliament, representatives from the Dominions, India and other parts of the Empire and delivered an historical speech in reply to the addresses from both Houses congratulating his Majesty on the conclusion of the armistice.

Then followed a lengthy description of the ceremony of presentation of addresses and reading of his Majesty's reply. But the expectant public of India have not yet been vouchsafed a word about the contents of the King's "historic speech" itself, which we were told previously, was intended to be his Majesty's message to the whole of the Empire on the conclusion of the armistice. Surely India has a right to be informed of the contents of this momentous message without the least delay. Sixteen days have passed since the message was delivered in open Parliament and it is exasperating that the Government of India or whoever is responsible for this astounding step—should deem it fit to keep the people of India still in the dark as to the contents of the message.

What is the Mystery?

What is at the bottom of this sorry business? Are we to understand that the Government of India have in contemplation the getting up of a big Durbar or some such show of notables at which it can be pompously delivered? Or is it that some incoming Pro-consul has been entrusted with the immensely difficult task of bringing it safely to India in his pocket, as was done in the case of the Premier's message to India which was entrusted to Sir S. P. Sinha? Whatever the intention of Government, it is highly undesirable that the Indian people should be kept in the dark for any length of time about so important a message. It should be published forthwith. Or, if the Government of India have any good reason for keeping back the message from our knowledge for sometime, those reasons ought to be made known to the public without delay.

DECLARATION OF PEACE.

EXPECTED BY SPRING.

PRESIDENT WILSON OPENS CONGRESS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 3.
Recd. mid-day, Dec. 6.

WASHINGTON.—The President opened the Congress to-day. He hoped that peace would be declared by Spring. The new naval programme was desirable because it would be unwise to adjust America's programme to a future world policy which was at present not determined.

CANADA AND PEACE CONFERENCE

DIRECT REPRESENTATION DEMANDED

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 3.
Recd. 12 Noon, Dec. 6.

OTTAWA.—Mr. Rowell, President of the Privy Council, in a speech at Port Hope, Ontario, strongly demanded direct Canadian representation at the Peace Conference. He added that if only one oversea representative were able to participate he should be a Canadian as Canada was the largest and the oldest Dominion

CANADA'S RECONSTRUCTION PROGRAMME.

ENLARGEMENT OF WELLAND CANAL TO BE RESUMED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 3.
Recd. 12 Noon, Dec. 6.

OTTAWA.—It is officially announced that the enlargement of the Welland Canal will be resumed immediately as a part of the reconstruction programme, involving an expenditure of twelve million dollars and employing four thousand men.

POLISH REPRESENTATION AT PEACE CONFERENCE.

GOVERNMENT IN FAVOUR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 5.
Recd. 5-30 p.m., Dec. 6

The Government have intimated that they are in favour of the Polish representation at the Peace Conference, where Polish interests are involved.

POPE SUMMONS CATHOLICS.

TO PRAY FOR JUST PEACE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 5.
Recd. mid-day, Dec. 6.

ROME.—A Papal encyclical summons Catholics everywhere to pray for a just peace and promises that the Pope will use all his influence that the Catholics loyally execute the decisions of the Peace Conference.

GERMANY MUST PAY FOR WAR.

MR. MONTAGU'S SPEECH AT CAMBRIDGE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 2.
Recd. 1-50 p.m., Dec. 6.

Mr. Montagu, in a speech at Cambridge, on the 30th, urged the Liberals, Conservatives and Labourites to unite and solve the problems. The position, which our soldiers and sailors had won, must be kept proud and secure by men and women of all parties. The men who had ill-treated our prisoners or ordered them to be ill-treated must stand for punishment. "I want," Mr. Montagu said, "to see the Kaiser placed on trial." Germany must pay for the war according to her ability and capacity. Those in Ireland who want Home Rule should have it but it must not be forced on those in north of Ireland who do not wish it. The Government was pledged to bring about self-government in Ireland in due course.

UNION OF MONTENEGRO WITH SERBIA.

DECISION OF NATIONAL ASSEMBLY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 5.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Dec. 6.

A telegram from Agram, says: It was the National Assembly of Montenegro not the Parliament which decided to depose King Nicholas and unite Montenegro with Serbia.

KAISER SPEAKS.

LOYALTY TO PRESENT GOVERNMENT.

AWAITS CHARGES AGAINST SELF.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 5.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Dec. 6.

A telegram to the "Daily Mirror," from Amerongen, says: The ex-Kaiser in a statement said "I am threatened with criminal charges which I must face. Therefore, I must reserve my statement until the charges are brought. Furthermore, I, as a private citizen, must be loyal to the present German Government and cannot make a declaration possibly compromising others."

"KAISER MUST BE PROSECUTED."

MR. LLOYD GEORGE'S STATEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 6.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., Dec. 6.

Mr. Lloyd George in a statement of his policy says the Kaiser must be prosecuted. He was responsible for deliberately provoking the war and for the invasion of Belgium. The British jurists, who as Law Officers had been consulted, unanimously recommended that the Kaiser's Accomplices, also Submarine Commanders and maltreaters of war prisoners ought to be tried under International Law. The Government at the Peace Conference would press for the execution of Justice. The Allies were constituting a commission of experts to ascertain the best means of compelling the Central Powers to discharge the cost of war.

TURKS' ATROCITIES.

MASSACRES AND DEPORTATIONS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 30.
Recd. 5-30 p.m., Dec. 6.

Reuter has received from the Greek sources figures showing that in the Spring of 1914 the Turks deported 700,000 Greeks of whom half-a-million are now refugees in Greece. Since the beginning of the war to the end of 1917, the Turks deported 2,140,000 Greeks and Armenians of whom 900,000 Armenians and 700,000 Greeks were massacred and 200,000 mobilised Greeks were put to death or died as the result of their sufferings.

The Greek property taken by the Turks and Germans is valued at 3,000,000,000 francs.

IMPERIAL RIFLE SHIELD COMPETITION.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR INDIA'S ADMISSION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 2.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., Dec. 6.

The National Rifle Association has issued the results for 1918 of Imperial Challenge shield competitions for challenge shields medals and prizes presented by Lt.-Col. Raymond. W. Ffennell of South Africa in which nearly 15,000 boys competed. Of 12 prizes, Great Britain take! 571 Australia 47 New Zealand eleven, South Africa six, Canada six, and West Indies one. It is to be regretted that India does not appear. Arrangements are being made, whereby entries for these competitions can be accepted in India and it is hoped that many teams will enter.

AWARDS TO INDIAN ARMY OFFICERS.

FOR BRAVERY, RESOURCES AND INITIATIVE.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE.)

LONDON, Dec. 3.
Recd. 7-45 p.m., Dec. 6.

The Gazette contains the following awards to the officers of the Indian Army:

Bar to Distinguished Service Order to Major F. F. Coleridge for conspicuous gallantry and fine leadership during attack. When his battalions were held up by a heavy machinegun fire he walked round his entire line and personally gave instructions to all the units for reorganisation and pushing on to the objectives. His splendid leadership enabled his brigade to take a deep objective and it was the principal factor in the success of an important operation.

Bar to Distinguished Service Order to Major W. J. Lambert, who led his regiment in a mounted attack with great dash.. Before a bridge-head his leadership and resource were mainly responsible for three mounted attacks converging at the same moment.

Distinguished Service Orders.

Major P. F. Gell, who led a turning turning movement which rolled up the enemy. He sabred three of the enemy, dismounted others with his swordshilt and displayed exceptional ability as a cavalry leaders.

Captain E. M. Murray:—During three months' operations he persistently showed high courage and ability. He was thrice in action against the enemy aircraft. On the last occasion he returned with twenty bulletholes through his machine after his passenger had emptied 1½ drums of ammunition from a Lewis gun at the adversary.

Lieutenant J. F. Falconer.—Finding the enemy held the best position for his machinegun section, he immediately charged and drove them out bringing his guns into action from a fifty yards range on the retiring enemy also silencing the nest of the enemy machineguns. He showed exceptional initiative.

REQUISITIONISTS' RETREAT.

MEETING TO BE HELD IN TOWN HALL.

OFFER OF CONFERENCE REFUSED.

FAIR CONDITIONS NOT WANTED.

The Sheriff of Bombay has sent the following reply to Messrs. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Umar Sobani and D. D. Sathaye, Honorary Secretaries, of the Counter-Requisitionists' Committee:—

Gentlemen, I have to acknowledge receipt of your letter of the 3rd instant.

2. In reference to para 2 thereof I would refer you to what is stated in para 3 of my letter of the 30th ultimo.

If those whom you represent choose to attribute a political aspect to a non-political matter I cannot prevent them from so doing.

3. I have seen the committee of the Requisitionists in reference to paras 3, 4, 5 and 7 of your letter.

They are still of opinion that the conditions contained in my letter of the 30th ultimo would ensure the attainment of the objects therein referred to, viz.,

(a) that all those desirous of attending and recording their votes should have an opportunity of so doing.

(b) that the proceedings should be completed within a reasonable time, yield a definite result and be conducted in a decorous manner.

On the other hand they are clearly of opinion that those objects would be completely defeated by the conditions you suggest, which involve the holding at night of a meeting of several thousands.

If any persons of the views you have expressed were to attend they would according to your proposals be mingled with those who support the resolution: an orderly and satisfactory sorting of the crowd on each occasion when a vote came to be taken would be well nigh an impossibility and even if humanly possible be a matter of hours.

The committee do not consider that any useful purpose would be served by any such conference as you suggest. I may add that I share their views in the above respects.

4. As the conditions contained in my letter of the 30th ultimo have not been accepted, the meeting will take place in the Town Hall as already advertised.

5. In reference to para 6 of your letter I would refer you to what I have already stated in para 5 of my letter of the 30th ultimo, viz., that those whom you represent must like the majority of the citizens of Bombay take their chance of obtaining admission and accommodation.

I have the honour to be, etc.,
(Sd.) MAHOMED HAJEEBHOY,
Sheriff of Bombay

MEETING OF COUNTER-REQUISITIONISTS COMMITTEE

A meeting of the Committee of the Counter-Requisitionists will be held to consider the Sheriff's reply and the action to be taken thereon in "The Bombay Chronicle" office to-day at 3 p.m.

WITHDRAWAL OF SIGNATURES.

LETTER TO THE SHERIF.

The following letter has been addressed to the Sheriff of Bombay.

Sir,

In view of the fact that the meeting proposed to be called by you in the Town Hall to vote a memorial to his Excellency the Governor, has evoked a considerable and influential opposition; as admirers of his Excellency, we think it would be doing him no honour to persist in convening the contemplated meeting. We have, after mature consideration, come to the conclusion that it would be more graceful if a private meeting of his Excellency's friends and admirers was called and the projected public meeting abandoned. We the signatories therefore suggest a meeting of the nature detailed above would evoke greater enthusiasm.—We have the honour to be, etc.,

(Sd.) M. S. PANDIT, Bar-at-Law.
(Sd.) H. B. TYABJI, Bar-at-Law.
(Sd.) F. J. GINWALA, Solicitor.
(Sd.) V. G. DALVI, Bar-at-Law.

Bombay Nov. 26.

EXTRADITION AND TRIAL OF KAISER.

AGREEMENT IN INTER-ALLIED CONFERENCE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 5.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Dec. 6.

PARIS.—It is semi-officially confirmed that the Inter-Allied Conference in London was agreed upon the necessity of obtaining the extradition and trial of the Kaiser.

MAINTENANCE OF ARMIES OF OCCUPATION.

98,000,000 MARKS DEMANDED FOR FIRST MONTH.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 6.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., Dec. 6.

AMSTERDAM.—The French armistice delegate at Spa has demanded 98,000,000 marks for the first month's maintenance of the British and French armies of occupation.

COL. HOGGE OF INDIAN ARMY

DECORATEDBY PRESIDENT POINCARE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 2.
Recd. 1-50 p.m., Dec. 6.

The Gazette announces that President Poincare has conferred the Legion of Honour, Croix d'Officier, on Colonel R. E. Hogge, Indian Army.

250 SOLDIERS STANDING FOR ELECTION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 5.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Dec. 6.

Two hundred and fifty soldier candidates are standing for election. The Sinn Feiners, who do not take their seats will not draw salaries under the ruling of the Speaker, and their deposits will not be refunded.

CONSCRIPTION IN EUROPE.

DEMAND FOR ABSOLUTE ABOLITION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 6.
Recd. 7-30 p.m., Dec. 6.

Mr. Churchill speaking at Dundee said the British representatives at the Peace Conference would demand general absolute abolition of conscription throughout Europe.

DEATH OF EX-PRINCIPAL OF BOMBAY SCHOOL OF ARTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 3.
Recd. 5-30 p.m., Dec. 6.

The death is announced of Mr. John Griffiths, first Principal of the School of Art.

ALLIES ENTER UKRAINE

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 5.
Recd. mid-day, Dec. 6.

PARIS.—A wireless Russian message says: The Allied troops have crossed the Bessarabian frontier and entered the Ukraine.

MESSRS TILAK AND IYENGAR

APPOINTED DELEGATES OF CONGRESS DEPUTATIONS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Dec. 5.

The General Secretary of the Congress have cabled to Mr. Tilak and Mr. S. Kasturiranga Iyengar that they have been appointed to be the members of the deputation of the Indian National Congress, and are authorised to act on behalf of the country as per resolution of the Special Congress, held at Bombay, in August last.

POOR TEA CROPS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 5.

The following telegram has been sent to the Indian Tea Association. London:—Assam. Cachar Doars, Sylhet and Terai outturn is poor, the season is closing. Darjeeling season has been closed.

SURRENDER OF ENEMY NAVY.

TURKISH WARSHIPS INTERNED.

RUSSIAN BLACK SEA FLEET HANDED OVER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 5.
Recd. 5-30 p.m., Dec. 6.

The Admiralty announces that all Turkish warships have surrendered and have been interned in Constantinople.

Goeben, four German submarines and the Russian Black Sea fleet consisting of the dreadnought Volya and six destroyers have also been handed over to the Allies.

OUTBREAK OF RIOTS AT COLOGNE.

CONFLICTS BETWEEN POLICE AND MOB.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 5.
Recd. mid-day, Dec. 6.

COPENHAGEN.—Serious riots occurred at Cologne on the 3rd. The mob plundered shops and attempted to raid the food depot, but retreated when faced by machine-guns. Conflicts between the mob and the police took place all night. There was a number of casualties.

SERIOUS INCIDENTS IN PRISONERS' CAMP IN SAXONY.

MARSHAL FOCH CALLED TO MOVE IN THE MATTER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 5.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Dec. 6.

PARIS.—Marcel Hutin says, the gravest incidents occurred in the war prisoners' camp in Saxony, and in this connection the Allies are calling upon Marshal Foch to act energetically.

CONFERENCE OF GERMAN GOVERNMENTS.

BAVARIAN PREMIER'S SUGGESTION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 4.
Recd. 12 noon, Dec. 5.

AMSTERDAM.—The Bavarian Premier has telegraphed to Chancellor Ebert, proposing that an immediate conference of the representatives of the German Governments be held at Jena to discuss the questions of the National Assembly, the Foreign Ministry in Berlin and the publication of documents.

REVOLUTION IN UKRAINE.

ALLIES REQUESTED TO OCCUPY BLACK SEA PORTS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 5.
Recd. mid-day, Dec. 6.

A telegram from Constantinople, dated November 26th, says a revolution has broken out in the Ukraine. The Ukrainians in Constantinople are urging the Allies to occupy the Russian Black Sea ports.

BELGIAN CAVALRY'S ADVANCE.

NEUSS AND ODENKIRCHEN OCCUPIED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 5.
Recd. 7-30 a.m. Dec. 6.

A Belgian communique says: The cavalry has occupied Neuss and Odenkirchen.

AMERICAN PROGRESS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 5.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Dec. 6.

An American communique says: We have reached the general line of Berncastel, Malborn and Otzenhausen.

BRITISH MARCH TO THE RHINE RESUMED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 5.
Recd. mid-day, Dec. 6.

A British communiqué says:—We... day resumed our march to the Rh... reached in the evening the line ... burg, Schleden, Duren.

ATROCITIES ON BRIT...

CULPRITS TO BE PU...

(REUTER'S TELE...
L...
Recd. 7...

Sir Eric Geddes, speak... clared that men guilty ... ties upon our prisoners ... the invaded countries ... condemned, put to de...

Economic & Financial Situation.

A WEEKLY REVIEW.

Research on Vegetable Products.

The general want of uniformity and absence of system about the functions, powers, and activities of the scientific officers of the central and provincial governments engaged in research work have resulted in the waste of public money, overlapping of work on some questions and neglect of important matters. This is lamentably true concerning the insignificant results attained with regard to the vegetable products which are found in great abundance. The Commissioners, in chapter 9 para 114, remark "In the case of vegetable products, which occur in such enormous quantities and great variety, comparatively little work has been done of the kind necessary to translate the purely scientific data into a form suitable for the investing industrialist. "The cursory examination of vegetable products as has been conducted in the past is rightly condemned as having resulted in sterility owing to the want of data necessary for a proper commercial undertaking. Research work, to be fruitful, should be done on the spot, continuously, systematically and persistently with a clear conception of the object in view." "Adaptation of methods and processes to Indian conditions and to Indian materials often involves research work of a complex and difficult character. Between the first stage of the inception of an industrial undertaking and its actual realisation there is usually a necessity for scientific and expert control. Much money in the past would have been saved, if the importance of these preliminary investigations had been realised. Ordinarily no firm could afford to risk the cost of employing the various experts so required in an uncertain industrial venture. This is more appropriately the business of the State, and the survey of its natural resources should be undertaken systematically, not in the form of an isolated series of special prospecting tests, which results in frequent repititions, with wasteful overlapping of results and embarrassing gaps."

A systematic survey of the country's natural resources, especially mineral and vegetable, should be immediately undertaken and the case for an adequate, efficient and well-directed scientific and technical service is strong. Chemists are the most important of the scientive officers that are employed by the Government, and chemistry is the science that has to be placed in the forefront of the research work that should be urgently undertaken to benefit agriculture and industry. The lack of co ordination of the activities of the scientific officers, their employment in other departments and executive work, their dissipation of energy are condemned by the Commissioners in strong terms. Their criticism of the chemists employed by the Government is worth quoting, as correct diagnosis must precede any [illegible]. "For the various chemical problems that are essential to industrial devel opment in this country, this form of organised confusion exists even on a larger scale. Chemists are employed by the various provincial Agricultural Departments ,but some of them were found to be occupied with problems like dyeing, paper-pulp making and the extraction of drugs, being apparently unconscious of what has been done, and is now being undertaken, in other parts of India. . . . . There appear to be no definite conditions governing the reference of chemical problems to the Imperial Institute in London. . . . The permanent official establishments are also supplemented at irregular times by the employment of temporary exports, on the apparent assumption that India has insufficient problems to occupy the life's work of one man on connection with such large industries as silk taning, glass, glycerine, paper-pulp, and soap."

Wanted An Indian Chemical Service.

[illegible] have a direct bearing on [illegible] are chemistry, geology, botany, and zoology. As chemistry is the most important the formation of a special, and well-organised chemical service is recommended by the Commissioners, and this proposal, which is sound, should be given immediate effect to. The chemists are to be divided into three compact groups, (a) agricultural, (b) Organic, and (c) Mineral. Though agricultural and organic chemists would overlap, in view of the great and special importance of agriculture, special attention should be paid to this branch of chemistry. "The organic chemists would be occupied largely with problems connected with forest products, essential oils, dyes, leather and sugar. Many of these officers would be eligible to officiate in the agricultural group. The mineral chemists would include metallurgists, the metallurgical inspectors, and the chemists of the mints and of the Geological survey. At some laboratory recognised as the headquarters of the service, there should also be at least one chemist who has specialised in physical chemistry, for a chemist of this type would deal with the physical problems connected with both the organic and inorganic substances." Dehra Dun is suggested as the most suitable place for the headquarters of the Chemical, and some other scientific services. For scientific purposes, the whole chemical service should be under the control of a senior officer, the Chief Chemist, the head of the service. Under him directly would be the staff of the headquarters laboratory, including the physical chemists, and the specialists not assigned to provincial branches. Deputy Chief Chemists are to supervise the other three distinct groups. The junior members of any of the three groups would be lent to the provincial governments for five-year periods to carry on, routine work, teaching, and some research work assigned to them by the head of the service.

For the recruitment of the scientific services, the Commissioners say, that junior appointments should be made to the utmost extent possible from the science graduates of the Indian Universities, while senior and experienced men to initiate and

(Continued on Page 10.)

RESTITUTIONS BEGUN.

LOOT BEING RESTORED.

ABOUT £80 MILLIONS WORTH MATERIAL ALREADY RETURNED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 5.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Dec. 6.

PARIS.—The Germans have begun restitutions under the armistice. They have already paid three hundred million francs in gold, exacted from Russia, to the Allies who will retain it till the conclusion of peace. The Germans are daily restoring works of art stolen from France. The value of those already returned is estimated at eighty millions sterling.

HUMILIATING END OF GERMAN FLEET.

ADMIRAL BEATTYS' SPEECH.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 3.
Recd. 12 Noon, Dec. 6.

The speech of Admiral Beatty on board the Lion before the First Battle-Cruiser Squadron left to escort the German fleet to the Scapa Flow for internment has now been published.

Referring to the German surrender, Admiral Beatty said: "It was a pitiable, horrible sight to see these great ships being shepherded like sheep by the Grand Fleet. We expected them to have the courage of those whose work lies upon great waters; we expected them to do something for the honour of their country. I am sure that the sides of this gallant old ship, which has been well hammered in the past, must have ached to give them another taste of what we intended for them. Their humiliating end was a sure and proper end to the enemy, who proved himself so lacking in chivalry. His strategy, his tactics and his behaviour have been beneath contempt. His end is beneath contempt and worthy of a nation which waged war in the manner in which the enemy waged war."

HONOURS FOR INDIAN ARMY.

BELGIAN GRAND CROSS FOR MAHARAJA OF PATIALA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Nov. 29.
Recd. 1-50 p.m., Dec. 6.

The Gazette announces that the following decorations have been conferred upon officers of the Indian Army:

President Poincare has conferred the Legion of Honour, Croix de Chevalier, upon Major N. V. Biscoe.

King Victor Emanuel has conferred the Order of St. Maurice and St. Lazarus, Commander, upon Colonel H. D. Watson and the Order of the Crown of Italy, Officer, upon Major R. B. Buteder.

The King of the Belgians has conferred the Order of Leopold, Grand Cross, on the Maharajah of Patiala, and the Order of Leopold, Officer, on Lieut.-Colonel Sir Theodore Morison, the Order de la Couronne, Commander, upon Lieut.-Colonel G. M. Oudain; Lieutenant, upon Sirdar Jogendra Singh of Patiala, and Chevalier, upon Captain Eustace Hammick.

AMERICAN MEAT PACKING FIRMS CHARGED

WITH ATTEMPTS TO RESTRAIN TRADE

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 3.
Recd. mid-day, Dec. 6.

WASHINGTON.—The Federal Trade Commission has submitted a report to the Congress, charging five big meat packing companies with combining to restrain trade, and illegally controlling the sale of livestock and fresh meat.

RECRUDESCENCE OF RLY. TROUBLE IN LONDON.

DEMAND FOR SHORTER HOURS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 5.
Recd. 5-30 p.m., Dec. 6.

There has been a recrudescence of the railway trouble in connection with the termination of the industrial truce. The men demand shorter hours. The situation is regarded as serious. The ex-member of Parliament, Mr. Thomas is conferring at length with Sir Albert Stanley.

DEATH OF DUKE OF GRAFTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 5.
Recd. 7-30 a.m., Dec. 6.

The death is announced of the Duke of Grafton.

Augustus Charles Lennox Fitz Roy, K.G., Seventh Duke of Grafton. Born 1821; served in Crimea, severely wounded at Inkerman. Earl Euston, his son, is heir to the dukedom.

ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL SITUATION.

A WEEKLY REVIEW.

(Contisued from Page 9.)

direct research work should be obtained on special terms from England, when such are not available here.

There are at present 50 chemists, graded as first class officers, in Government service, drawing an annual salary of about six lakhs, from imperial and local funds; and the Commissioners recommend the enlargement of this staff to about 130, with a salary bill of about 15 lakhs. As the chemical problems awaiting solution are urgent, the early institution of measures to organise the service, on these lines is urged as a provincial measure, while the permanent organisation is to be settled after the appointment of a committee including a distinguished chemist from abroad. Twenty superior officers are to be employed as entomologists, and small committees are recommended to formulate specific proposals for the organisation of the imperial scientific services for bacteriology, botany, and zoology.

The Position of Scientific Officers.

The present practice of the Secretary of State for recruiting professors for scientific instruction is rightly criticised, and the elimination of this practice is urged. Scientific and technical officers should be seconded from the imperial services to act as professors for five years in the colleges so that science teaching as well as the research and industrial requirements of the country would be coordinated. This system would tend to keep the pursuit of research, training of students for research work, and the scientific service in close touch with the educational and industrial departments, afford facilities for specialization, and make for continuity and a high standard of applied research work leading to practical and definite results. In order that the conflict of jurisdictions should not affect the control of the scientific officers working under the local governments, and to avoid duplication and other Allied evils, the scientific officers are to work under the control, so far as the scientific programme and plan of work as well as the checking of results are concerned, of the imperial scientific heads, while in their routine and executive capacity they are to be under the supervision of provincial governments.

Research Work in India and Abroad.

The prevalent practice of sending materials and samples for examination at the Imperial Institute London and abroad is not conducive to the development of research work in India and is therefore condemned. Research work on raw materials, if satisfactory results are to be attained, should be done in India itself. The specialists should be grouped in central places where laboratories and other facilities are available, and the expenditure of Indian revenues on the Scientific and Technical department of the London Imperial Institute should be discontinued.

Considering the magnitude and variety of problems awaiting solution the idea of one central institute for all departments of research is impracticable, and therefore, the Commissioners recommend the establishment of specialised institutes at suitable centres. Regarding the location of such institutes and the selection of their groups of subjects, the Commissioners make no definite recommendations leaving these matters to be settled by the Committees which are to work out the organisation of the scientific services.

Industrial and Technical Education.

The weak spot in the educational policy of this country has been the scandalous neglect of technical and industrial education. The provision of scholarships abroad has been so parsimonious that for the past so many decades only about a hundred students have been sent abroad of whom about 60 have returned to this country. Even with regard to the students sent abroad, suitable instructions have not been given nor any effort made to secure practical training for those who have completed a theoretic course. This is particularly lamentable as the enormous patronage wielded by the Secretary of State who is a large purchaser of stores and plant is a factor that can be used to get facilities for the practical training for hundreds of scholars. In this connection it should be stated that many governments, Colonial, Japanese, and other, make it a point, when giving big contracts to large firms, of inserting a clause stipulating that full facilities should be given to all the scholars sent by their respective governments for practical training. This point should be urged for immediate adoption by the Government and it is to be regretted that neither the Industrial Commission nor the Morrison Committee that issued a whitewashing and colorless report some time back have not made this recommendation, which is widely adopted by other governments in giving big contracts. For several years to come the scholarships for foreign study should be provided on a generous scale to a large number of students instead of to a few as it is the case at present. Great care should be exercised in selecting candidates for scholarships and choice of subjects to see that the useless practice of [illegible] industries non-existent in the country [illegible] students should be eliminated. [illegible]ndations of the Commission [illegible]nding of students abroad are [illegible] their recommendation that [illegible]ot be sent before ascertaining [illegible]ia Office whether there are [illegible]ing is reactionary as it [illegible]mber of students. What [illegible]t a strong and vigorous [illegible]he firms and factories [illegible]purchase list to take [illegible]f students should be [illegible] to them that in the [illegible]n of such facilities [illegible]ould be withheld [illegible]de done this vexed question of lack of training centres would be solved completely and at once.

Cottage Industries and Organised Industries.

Far more important than the sending of students abroad for higher technical and industrial instruction is the establishment in the country of institutions and providing facilities for technical and industrial education of all grades to meet the requirements of the country. For purposes of training, the industries have to be divided into cottage and organised industries as each class requires different methods and special courses. In some cottage industries the skill of the workman is the guiding factor while in others it is the right selection of appliances rather than skill of workmanship that tells. In others education on the commercial side is the desideratum. Industrial education, to benefit the cottage industrialists, should be framed so that all these considerations should be kept in view and the different requireents should be met.

In the case of organised industries, manufacturing on a large scale, the problems are of a different character. Here again there are two classes, the manipulative where long practical experience is necessary and operative, where on account of the automatic character of the plant and the simplicity of the processes the necessary knowledge can be more easily acquired. Branches of mechanical engineering as repair work or the making of machinery, manufacture of pottery and glassware, textile work, tanning, and mining, come under the first class, namely *manipulative* industries. Manufacture of sugar and chemicals, oil and rice milling, are examples of the second class, namely *operative* industries. In the case of manipulative industries, actual and long training in industrial concerns is necessary. In the case of the operative industries, the training that is necessary is technological, mainly in industrial chemistry of a special type, together with some training in the handling of machinery and in the making of drawings. The practical experience is a secondary and supplementary feature. For sugar or chemical works manager, the main qualification is proficiency in technological chemistry, and mechanical engineering to a less extent. When this main training is acquired, familiarising with the conditions of sugar or chemical factories is merely a matter of time and routine. For training in the manipulative industries, apprenticeship system is the main feature to be kept in view supplemented by theoretical teaching in class rooms attached to factories. In the case of operative industries, technological training, especially in some branch of technological chemistry, in a teaching institution, and mechanical or electrical engineering are the subjects to be studied.

Mechanical Engineering-Artisans, Foremen and Engineers.

Training in mechanical engineering, is rightly regarded by the Commissioners, as the most important need at present for India's development, and for which the available facilities are considerable. The totally inadequate character of present arrangements for the training of artisans or skilled workmen is recognised, as well as the great possibilities for training in mechanical engineering in the large railway workshops. But no specific proposals for the training of artisans efficiently and in requisite numbers are made. The dictum of the Commissioners that "the only remedy is to improve the social status and prospects of the skilled workmen" is rather Pickwickian, while their opposition to any legislation to provide for the employment of apprentices is mischievous. There is absolutely no reason why the railway workshops, which are the property of the state should not be compelled to take up a certain number of apprentices. The Public Works Department can also do a great deal to cope with this defect. Non-committal observations regarding the raising of the status and night instruction and so forth are mere pious wishes, in the absence of definite and practicable recommendations. The complete absence of Indians from the ranks of foremen in the large railway and private workshops throughout India, is a serious gap in our industrial position that should be soon foilled up satisfactorily. The proposals of the Commission in this respect amount merely to the inclusion of a few middle class apprentices in the railway workshops, are absurdly inadequate, as will be shown when we deal with the scheme of the officers of the East Indian Railway Company in Appendix N.

Logical Training and Engineering Colleges.

The engineering colleges in India are now merely offering instruction in civil engineering and the training of upper subordinates mainly to meet the requirements of the Public Works Department. The expansion of these institutions to provide for the higher technical instruction of mechinical and electrical engineers qwaw as well as the inclusion of departments of general technologocal chemistry is urged. In addition to the expansion of the present provincial engineering colleges on these lines, the establishment of two imperial engineering colleges are advocated, but this proposal is not specific as the Commissioners merely say that thay should be founded ultimately. No time limit is fixed. The two institntions should be staffed with specialists of high reputation who must be provided with adequate equipment for both teaching and research work. "One of these colleges should cover every branch of missioners merely say that they should be devoted mainly to metallurgy and mineral technology, the developments of which are certain to be on a very extensive scale."

Mining and Metallurgical Education-Navigation and Marine Enigineering.

Mining education as is now imparted in the Sibpur College is defective in many respects, and is besides purely provincial in scope. The Macpherson Committee recommended an advanced mining school to be located at Dhanbaid at an initial cost of 5½ lakhs and a recurring coannual cost of 1 lakh of rupees. To make the country independent of imported experts and by training mine managers in India, the cost is by no means excessive and, the Commissioners recommend that provision should be made for a larger number of students than 48 fixed by the Macpherson Committee, and that no provincial preference should be shown. The Bihar and Orissa Government propose to start a technical school at Sakchi for the metallurgical industry, and this has the approval of the Commissioners who say, "We consider that there is will be ample scope for a school of the type proposed, both before and after the starting of still higher institutions for specialist training and research."

"Shipbuilding is indicated as a potential Indian industry of the future, though one that perhaps will not materialise for some time unless the necessary plates, sections, and engines, are imported from abroad. Be this as it may, there is no reason why India should not be ready to man her own ships when they are built. She has already for many years past provided excellent crews for the ships of other nations; and given facilities for education in nautical subjects and marine engineering, she should in course of time be able to supplement these crews, at any rate in the coasting trade, with capable officers and engineers." To provide training of this nature, for which there have been frequent demands from the Bobbaty side, as the Commissioners say, the establishment of at least one school of navigation and the provision of one or more training ships would be necessary, and for this the Commissioners say that an expert committee should specially be appointed with the necessary knowledge.

Technical Assistance to Industries by Government.

The Commissioners propose a Government organisation to furnish technical advice for the small industry, and adequate economic and scientific data for all classes of undertakings. With regard to the pioneering and demonstration work of new undertakings, the treatment of the Commissioners is disappointing the subjects being dismissed in paragraphs by explaining the terms and giving some instances. The assistance to be given by the Government to private industries is mainly considered from the aspects of technical advice, guaranteeing state purchase of certain quantity of output, supply of machinery to cottage workers on easy terms, advice in the erection and installation of plant and machinery, temporary loaning of state scientific officers for stated periods. An illustrative list is given showing how the Government could help the different industries. (Page 166.)

Name of Industry	Technical help Required to Initiate Scientific Advisers	Engineers and Experts
Oil Milling	Chemist	Engineer (a) Specialist (c) Tanner†
Tanning	Chemist for tanning materials	Forest expert and experts for raw materials Businessman. Boots, etc.
Leather Work Dyeing		Chemist.
Essential oils	Dye chemist Chemist	Distillation expert Chemist.
Explanation	In general charge of working after start	
a—To advise re plant c—Special knowledge	Chemist	

INDIA AND PROTECTION

THE PLACE OF COTTON TRADE.

SIR GEORGE LLOYD'S VIEWS.

In connection with the debate in the House of Commons on 14th March, 1917 on India's First War Contribution (£100 millions) and the Cotton Excise Duty, the Governor-designate of Bombay, Captain Lloyd as he then was, delivered a speech which will now be read with interest.

Following on the speech of Mr. Philip Snowden, Captain George Lloyd said:—

I feel that I must correct one or two of the remarks which have fallen from the Hon. Member for Blackburn (Mr. Dnowden). He has given the house a picture of the great profits made by the Bombay millowners, and he tried to show that profits of 50 per cent. to 100 per cent. were normal profits. I have some knowledge of, but no interest in, the Bombay cotton industry, and what he said is quite untrue. We must not take war profits only. If we did we might industries in England making 50 per cent. to 100 per cent. profit. In a matter of this kind we do not want to mislead people, but to get at the facts. If you take the year preceding the War—I have obtained the figures in a hurry, but I am confident they are correct from my knowledge of the person who gave them to me—you will find that for 1912-13 the average profits made by the weaving mills in Bombay were 10 per cent., and by the spinning mills 6 per cent. The previous year they were 1 per cent. more than that, I believe that those figures are approximately accurate. We must remember that, in addition, the price of money is considerably higher in India than in England. By considering these facts you will get a truer picture of the profits made by the Bombay mills than that presented by the Hon. Member for Blackburn in good faith, I have no doubt. Anyone who knows the Indian Cotton industry knows that while large profits are sometimes made, as they are in every industry, it is a very fluctuating trade indeed, often shattered by plague and ruined by famine, and that there have been as many large fortunes lost in the Bombay Cotton industry as fortunes have been made. I have not had the pleasure of listening to the Hon Member for Blackburn for two and a half years. I usually disagree with him, but I always like to listen to him. I was surprised to hear him use the arguments he did with regard to the helplessness of India deciding her own fiscal affairs. It is inconceivable that we in an Imperial Parliament should adopt the line he suggested. He said that if Canada wants to put on a duty against her imports, we bear it. Yes, because we have to bear it. And he says that in India, because we have the power and they have no representation except through the Secretary of State in this House and because the people of India are speechless, for that reason we are to do as we like, not as they like.

Mr. Outhwaite.—If they are speechless, how do you know their opinion?

Captain Lloyd.—The national speakers at National Congresses are not quite voiceless. Apart from that point, we have to follow such trend of Indian popular opinion as we can snatch by listening to it rather than following the dictates of anyone industry in England.

Mr. Montagu.—I am only anxious to know how far the Hon. Member carries his argument. Does he confine it to a motion on Customs and Excise Duties or extend it to all resolutions passed at Congresses?

Captain Lloyd.—I go a very long way. I am one who believes that India, in the very near future, will have a great deal more liberty of Government. I wish to see it. I also agree with the Hon. Member for Blackburn in saying that this is the beginning of a great change, but I am not against it for that reason. India is on the verge of a big industrial development. In the future, when she has acquired the power to do what she likes with regard to her own fiscal policy, as she will have before another twenty-five years are out, are you always going to say to India, when she has created a large industrial population, that she must be checked whenever it comes into conflict with any one industry in this country? That is not a possible policy, and the sooner it is abandoned the better. Even if this duty—this objection I believe to be absolutely frivolous—is going to injure slightly or result in smaller profits for Lancashire, I should still take the same view. Where will you be led if you are going to follow the Manchester policy in this respect? Millions of pounds have been spent on the steel industries in India, which have been of great value to us in this war. (An Hon. Member: "No"). They have been of great value to us in this war and will be of greater value to us in the future. If India wanted some protection for those steel industries, are we, because it would conflict with the interests of our steel industry in this country, to say "No", and allow her steel industry to be crushed? History gives us no uncertain lessons of what happens when a country is governed solely on the basis of self-interests.

A far better conception of our duty with regard to India is to encourage, by every possible means, her industrial development on fair and sound lines. We shall be doing far better to our own industries in this country by taking such measures as we can to assist her industries before she has power herself to force us to accept the tariff which will then be hostile to our industries. If we to-day, take a large and generous view of her future and industrial development, before long we shall share in that development, and in the riches India will create by her own genius and her own energies. In conclusion, I believe that, far from damaging the interests of Lancashire by taking this step, in two or three years time it will be shown that this was one of the most statesmanlike measures passed by this House, and we shall have a clearer vision than is possessed by a good many people of the consequences. I have often spoken to

LORD WILLINGDON MEMORIAL.

PRESSURE ON MUNICIPAL STAFF.

MR. S. D. NAVALKAR'S MOTION FOR ENQUIRY.

Mr. S. D. Navalkar has given notice to move the following resolution at the December meeting of the Bombay Corporation:—

"That the Commissioner be requested to report (a) whether he is aware that the heads of the different Municipal departments and Municipal peons asked the Municipal clerical and other staffs to sign a requisition form addressed to the Sheriff of Bombay re: calling a public meeting for the purpose of giving expression of the appreciation of the services of their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon in the name of the citizens of Bombay as noted below and if so, by whose orders this was done; if not, whether he would be pleased to enquire into the matter; and (b) what steps he is going to take in future to stop bringing indirect moral pressure upon the Municipal staff by asking them to sign such requisition of highly controversial nature, taking into consideration the effect of the circulation of a document of this character through the heads of the departments among their clerical and other staffs."

REQUISITION FORM.

The following is the form of requisition referred to in the above resolution:

TO,
THE SHERIFF OF BOMBAY.

Sir,—We, the undersigned, were given no opportunity of signing the Requisition addressed to you to call a public meeting for the purpose of giving expression of the citizens' sense of appreciation of the services of their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon to the Presidency of Bombay. We are most strongly in favour of the meeting being held.

"BANGABASHI" DEFAMATION SUIT.

APPLICATION FOR SPEEDY TRIAL.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 6.

At the High Court before Justice Rankin, the Advocate-General applied on behalf of the Bengal Government to expedite the hearing of the suit instituted by Dwijendra Chandra Ghose against Proprietor, Editor and Printer of the Bengali weekly named "Bangabashi" published in Calcutta to recover Rs. 5,000 as damages for defamation.

The plaintiff was an Inspector of Police in Rangpur District. In two issues of paper it was alleged that the plaintiff had been accepting bribes from people in order that they should not be sent up in certain "hat-looting" cases. Further it was alleged that he with another police officer, so cruelly treated a woman who was carrying that the child died.

The defence pleaded fair comment and justification. Mr. C. R. Das on behalf of the defence submitted that no case had been made out for speedy trial.

The Advocate-General wanted particulars regarding the plea of justification and the foundation of the plea of fair comment. No notice of this application regarding speedy trial was given, pending the hearing of application for particulars.

Official and Personal.

It is understood that Sir Cowasjee Jehanghir Bart. will be the new Sheriff.

Her Excellency Lady Willingdon received a visit from H. H. the Lady Aga Khan on Friday morning.

Their Excellencies had tea with H. H. the Lady Ali Shah on Friday afternoon.

Their Excellencies were present at the Farewell "At Home" given in their honour by the Committee and Members of the Western India Turf Club at the Willingdon Spots Club on Friday afternoon.

Their Excellencies were the guests of Sir Dorab and Lady Tata at Dinner.

It is understood that Mr. C. E. Low, Secretary to the Government of India goes on special duty in connection with the report of the Industries Commission, Mr. A. H. Lee officiating.

The Hon. Mr. Sharp, Officiating Secretary to the Government of India, will shortly visit Sakchi to discuss the question of the technological college recommended in report of Industries Commission.

It is understood consequent on the selection of the Hon. Mr. Cruickman to serve on the Franchise Committee, the Hon. Mr. N. E. Majoribanks, I.C.S., will be co-opted member on the same committee when they are on tour in the Madras presidency.

His honour Sir Harcourt Butler arrived at Allahabad on Tuesday and received a number of visitors. His honour visited the Colvin Free School and proposed the site of the Kyastha Pathsala, and was to preside at a meeting of the Publicity Bureau in the forenoon.

Indians who understand the question thoroughly, and they have told me that if our attitude and do nothing to we persist in allay the suspicions of our attitude they have in regard to this question, when the day comes and they possess the power to retaliate, we shall find that we shall share not at all in the advantages we might have had if we had chosen. No one who has seen what the Indian troops have done for us in this war, who have seen their gallantry and devotion and who know the sacrifices they have made, can consider this an inexpedient moment to give a proper and fitting reply and to make an advance towards Indian opinion. It will be found throughout the length and breadth of India that the step taken by the Government to-day will receive the most cordial welcome and assent.

DURBAR HOSPITALITY!

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Your revelations in to-day's paper by the publication of H. H. the Jam's letter proves to the hilt the extravagant manner in which the Princes are led to play ducks and drakes with their money in festivities when their subjects are in the throes of an unprecedentedly severe famine. Some of these very Princes who are very lavish with the public money at this juncture have been issuing stringent injunctions against holding caste dinners within their own territories.

May we know by what logic they seek to salve their conscience by such flagrant violation of laws laid down by themselves? How long are the poor to bear the consequences of whimsical extravagances of this kind, especially at famine seasons?

The criminal waste of the Ryots' money proposed by the Jamsaheb should be stopped by H. E. the Governor himself if he at all possesses a grain of that real sympathy with the famine-stricken people which he professed to have at the Famine Meeting. He can prove it by advising this coterie of his princely admirers to divert the funds so collected for famine relief within their own states.—Yours, etc.,

"COAL."

Bombay, Dec. 5.

UNIVERSITY LECTURE.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—My attention has been called to a [illegible] letter of November 30, with reference to the appointment of University lecturers. I made it clear in my speech that I did not refer to any personality, but contended only for a principle. This was that while some of the Professors in the Bombay Colleges were doing M.A. work as honorary lecturers, the Syndicate should not have come forward to recommend other college professors for paid lecturerships. The effect would be, as I understand, has actually happened in one case, that the honorary lecturers would refuse to do their work when others are being paid for similar work. I also contended that if some of the Senior professors had too much work with junior classes to have time for M.A. work, some junior men can be taken on the staff to relieve the seniors for higher work. In any case my point was that under the circumstances the University should have subsidised the colleges themselves for doing post-graduate work rather than shown this apparent partiality to some professors. The only lecturers the University should have appointed this year ought to have been persons unconnected with colleges if any such were absolutely necessary to fill up gaps in the arrangements for the M.A. lectures by the colleges themselves. No fault can be found personality with the Professor of Persian in the Elphinstone College who only offered to do the work as something outside his regular work, and in fact I have too great a respect for him to make a personal attack upon him.—Yours, etc.,

R. P. PARANJPYE.

Fergusson College,
Poona, Dec. 5.

MAMLATDAR MURDER CASE.

NATHU BAJABA'S EVIDENCE.

BEATING OF RECRUITS.

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

On the Court reassembling on the 25th November, Mr. Sant, pleader, Sangamner, resumed the further cross-examination of witness Nathu Bajaba of Akola. Witness stated:—

He could not say who else besides Nos. 41 and 50 ran against the Fozdar. All of them had sticks and axes. No. 50 had an axe. The Fozdar's wife had come out then. As soon as No. 50 rushed against the Fozdar, the woman came in. No. 41 too had an axe. Witness did not notice what Gangaram Shete did nor what was done by Rakhama Pachpute. He saw Shankar who was going here and there with a weapon. He too was rushing against the Fozdar along with others. Shankar was not with them when they went from the bazar. Witness did not know to what villages the recruits who got down from the Mamlatdar's house belonged. He knew them by sight only. When the Mamlatdar came out of the house there was light of the fire. It was a dark night. There was a wall between the houses of the Mamlatdar and the Brahmin. It projected a little outside the two houses.

Witness saw the Havildar when he came out. Before that he heard nothing about him. Vithya kicked the Havildar and Haribhajan struck him with a stick. Accused Nos. 10, 11 and Haribhajan took the Havildar in.

STATEMENT BEFORE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE.

Witness mentioned the names of 12 or 13 persons who had beaten the Mamlatdar, in his statement before the District Magistrate.

He did not state to the District Magistrate the fact that Narsu had come to witness and disclosed their plan for murdering the Mamlatdar. Witness did not remember it. So he had said that he came to know of this plan in the market only. Some recruits were beaten in the bazaar. Witness might have then mentioned Nos. 8, 10, 35, as the persons who were beating the recruits. He did not say that he himself beat the recruits. Witness struck Mahadya recruit near the Mamlatdar's house, and had stated so to the District Magistrate. He did not state before him that he (witness) saw the Mamlatdar at the window. He had stated that the Mamlatdar fired two shots: and that one shot hit one Raoji Satwa of Shelat. Witness did not remember whether he had stated that Appa was beaten when he replied, to a question put to him, that he did not know where the Mamlatdar was. He had stated the names of accused Nos. 35, 4, 5, 8, 10, 11 and 13 before the District Magistrate as the persons who beat the Mamlatdar. Others were not before witness then. So he did not state their names nor could he point them out. Witness was arrested on Tuesday (10 or 11 days after this offence), then he was taken to the District Magistrate one or two days after his arrest.

The police did not question him before he was taken to the Collector. His statement was recorded by the police after he returned from the District Magistrate. He was not taken to any other Magistrate, except to the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, where he was taken on Wednesday. He had not made any statement before him. Witness only stated to him that he was not beaten by anybody. On return from the Sub-Divisional Officer, he told Rao Sahib Kokje that he wished to make a clean breast of all that had happened. The Magistrate did not question witness what was the story. Witness was kept separate for two days and then he was taken to the District Magistrate. No police officer at all saw witness during these two days. Witness would not assign any reason why he volunteered to tell the truth, without minding the consequences. No one had told him that if he stated the truth he would be pardoned, before he was taken to the District Magistrate. Mr. Bapat sent him to the Collector with a constable. After his return from the Collector witness was in police custody in jail. He was kept in a separate room during those 10 days, all alone. He was taken to Rahuri then, in police custody. He was there for about 2 or 2½ months. Rakhama, Shankar, Aba and Gangaram were with witness in the same room. They were brought to Ahmednagar about 10 or 12 days before the date of this trial. They were kept in jail in a separate room from the other accused. They were still there. Before Mr. Bapat and Mr. Shaik Alli (Inspector) witness' full statement was recorded. It was recorded a few days after his statement was recorded before the District Magistrate. The accused were not shown to witness then or before that. When his statement was recorded by Shaik Alli, the other pardoned witnesses were not there. The District Magistrate did not question him orally before recording his statement.

CROSS-EXAMINATION.

Cross-examined by Mr. Saptarishi witness stated he knew accused Nos. 42 and 43, both by sight and names. They used to come to the Akola Bazaar very often. He had seen them since his age of discretion. He had no reason to go to Gardani. He might have stated that the Gardani people struck the door with stones. But he did not mention the names of Nos. 42 and 43, because it did not come to his mind then. He had mentioned that the tanga was brought and burnt. He might have mentioned 2 or 3 names including Nos. 42 and 43. He had stated to Shaik Alli that Nos. 42 and 43 were striking the door with stones: and that they were also burning the tanga. Witness picked out Gardani people at the identification parade held by the police. He did not then pick out Nos. 42 and 43. They were among the police.

Witness Pandu and Govinda Naikwadi used to sit together. They were on friendly terms with one another. Pandu was Nana Patil's son. He was never watched by the people.

Mr. Binning declined to re-examine witness.

IDENTIFICATION OF GARDANI PEOPLE.

Replying to Court, witness stated that the Kolies lived in the Dangar country, which commences from *Dadalane*. It might have taken about 2 hours for his statement to be recorded by the police. In the interval of about 4 days, he had made an effort to remember as many names as possible and these he mentioned to the police. A Panchnama was made about the identification of Gardani people. Witness did not pick out Nos. 44 and 45, then though they were among the people before him. As they had looked down and had on their head pieces of cloth (as it was raining) he had overlooked them. He picked out accused Nos. 8, 9 and 10, who were Thakars. There were no Malis or Ramoshis.

Narsu had confidence in witness. Dada Bhil of Dhumalwadi was taken as a recruit by the Mamlatdar. Witness was told so by accused No. 24. Witness took back his Rs 7-13-0 within 4 or 5 months of his paying it witness resided in the Patil lane at Akola, about 100 yards from Rama's temple. He knew Haribhajan and Mangaldas for 5 or 7 months before the riot. They had been there for that time only. Haribhajan was residing in Rama's temple. He was the pujari of that temple. Mangaldas lived at Agar. He too was not the pujari of Agasti. Manadas was the pujari of Agasti: He was alive. Thakurdas was pujari of Rama. He did not see Mangnicas Mandas's Chela after the riot. Mangaldas was in the riot till evening. He did not see Manadas's chela. Then they had disappeared.

In reply to Mr. Binning (with Court's permission) witness stated that Haribhajan was cooking Thakurdas's food Thakurdas was then well Mangaldas used to go out in the hills for some time. Some times he used to live at the Agasti's temple, he had nothing to do with Agasti's temple.

ABA RAOJI'S EVIDENCE.

Aba Raoji Pashpute of Aurangpur was the next witness for the prosecution. Examined by Mr. Deshmukh, witness stated that Rakhma Pachpute was his younger brother. He knew the people of Navala *zap* and Dhumalwadi. Witness identified a number of accused as having known them prior to the riot. The riot took place on a Saturday in the month of Shrawan. Vitha and Tuka (Nos. 10 and 12) had come on the Friday proceeding to the temple at Aurangpur. They said "the people of Dhumalwadi and Navala *zap* have called you at noon tomorrow at Ambat." Witness heard No. 39 calling his brother on Saturday at breakfast time to go to Ambad. He was then in his field and heard the shout from there. Witness came to know that his brother met Ambad No. 39. Witness was in the field till noon.

GATHERING NEAR MARUTI'S TEMPLE.

After noon time, he saw that a large number of people had assembled at the Ambarai (Mango grove). The crowd was going towards Akola. He followed the crowd to see what the crowd was doing. He met some women returning from the Akola Bazar between the Zap and the Dak Bunglow. Those women told witness that a riot had taken place at the Bazar. Then he went as far as the Pimpal tree near Maruti's temple. He saw a large crowd of people there. The crowd extended from the Pimpal tree to the Mamlatdar's house; they were armed with sticks and axes. He saw Uma, constable and Vithalsing, Head Constable coming from the Mamlatdar's house. Then Bajaba and Yeshwanta said "Seize these two persons." They said "why do you catch us? We are one with you." Then Uma and Vithal shook hands with them and went away.

Witness found Bhoma (No. 47), Aba (No. 49), Shankar (No. 37), and No. 1 Ganpat sitting by him (witness) on the Pimpal platform near the Maruti's temple. Those persons said "tell the crowd not to go without killing the Mamlatdar." Then the people raised a cry, "a meeting of rats has come to see a cat." They also shouted "*Agasti Maharaji Jai*." Witness went a little forward near the Mamletdar's house. There he heard four shots. He saw there only Raoji Satwa Yadav of Shelat wounded by a shot, he was being carried in a hammock by Dagi and another. Witness saw No. 34 being hit with shots on his arm. Then he went near the Mamletdar's door.

DOOR SET ON FIRE.

There he saw that some people had collected rubbish and were lighting it after having poured kerosine oil on it. The door had been already set on fire but it was extinguished by water which I noticed on the road. Then Tulsiram No. 35 asked people to go to the back door to set it on fire. He too went there. Accused No. 14 poured kerosine oil. Nos. 12 and 11 were also setting the back door on fire, others were collecting rubbish. Two or three accused were breaking wheels for wood. No. 36 was shouting to them to be quick. Witness opened the tin and No. 13 poured the oil, and the door was set on fire. Witness left that place when the door took fire and went near a mango tree to the east. He saw Sakharam Dhumal and Bala Washerkar standing at the window and requesting people to take them out as they belonged to the caste. Then Hariba threw the turban. And Sakharam and the two Balas came down and then the Fozdar. Then the women of the Mamletdar's family came down and then 2 or 3 recruits.

The Fozdar was taken to his *otta* and made to sit there. Nos. 41 and 50 ran towards the Fozdar with their axes. Shankar Naikwadi also rushed at him. They asked him to look down. Then the Fozdar's wife entreated the people to save her husband's life. Then people rushed towards Sakharam Dhumal. These people were prevented from beating him. Tulsiram and Gopala asked the crowd not to beat the Fozdar adding that he had not troubled the people. Then the Fozdar was not assaulted.

Yesu of Baktarpur, Gopala (No. 8) and his father Bala (No. 9) were sitting near the Fozdar to prevent others from beating him. Then towards the east, the Ghondhal is of Thuguon beat the recruits who had come out of the Mamletdar's house. Then the recruiting hawaldar came out from the Brahmin's house. Haribhajan was with him and he beat the hawaldar with a stick. No. 10 also did so. Nos. 8 and 35 said "do not beat him: we shall question him about the Mamletdar." He was questioned as to where the Mamletdar was. He replied that he did not know. He was beaten with a stick and then he said he would tell. Then Haribhajan gave him a torch and he was taken inside the house. Witness did not go with them. They came back: but the Hawaldar did not come back. Nos. 8 and 35 asked Nos. 10 and 11 as to where the Hawaldar was. In the meantime Haribhajan came up and said that the Hawaldar had been pushed into the flames.

Then the people began to disperse. Accused No. 1 said, "do not go: I shall arrange for food." This was proclaimed by a tomtom by Bhagya Mang. Then food was brought and it was distributed by Nos. 51 and 9.

MAMLETDAR COMES OUT.

Then at about supper time the Mamletdar came out of the Brahmin's house. Gangaram who was sitting on the steps received a push from the Mamletdar. Ganpat Nawada who was there shouted, "Mamletdar has come out." Then Ganpat struck him with a stone: and the Mamletdar fell down. Then, No. 10 struck him with an axe. Tulsiram (No. 35) struck him with a sword and No. 8 struck him with a stick and others followed them in quick succession. Then Ganpat No. 1 said "our work is done: do not speak to any one: go to your houses: he who would give out would meet the same fate as the Mamletdar has met." The Mamletdar's body was dragged by the Mangs to the spot where the tonga was and burnt. Pieces of wood were placed on it and Gopala poured oil and the body was burnt.

Witness was arrested on Tuesday 10 or 12 days after the Mamletdar's murder. He was taken to the District Magistrate. He was given the pardon on condition that he stated the truth.

WITNESS CROSS-EXAMINED.

Cross-examined by Rao Bahadur Chitale, witness stated that he forgot to say that Yadav Raoji Satwa lived at Dhamangaon. On Sunday when witness went there, Raoji's brother was removing the ashes of the corpse of Raoji. Raoji's brother's name was Dada. His uncle was also there. They were living at the cremation ground. Rakhama was witness's younger brother. They lived together. They owned joint lands. They were 5 brothers: the sixth was dead. Witness was the most robust of all the brothers. None of them had been caught by the Mamletdar as a recruit. The Mamletdar had done them no harm. Witness's brother took some war loan. Witness's other brothers were not at the riot. They were attending to the cattle and were at the plough. Witness and Rakhama alone were at the riot. Witness's field was near the mango grove, only one field intervening. His field was known as *Mavshi*. Witness and his nephew were sowing Bajri. Witness saw the people at the grove. They left before he reached the grove. He did not recognise them. They were about 200 or 400 people. It was then about 2-30 p.m. He did not recognize from his field whether any Kolis were among these persons.

Witness did not go to Ambad. When he was informed at the Chawadi near the temple at Aurangpur, they said "the people of Dhumalwadi, Navale's *zap* and Ambad have called us." No one had come to call witness to the riot. He went out of curiosity. He went alone. Some were going ahead of him and some were behind him. There were several small batches behind witness. He did not know why they were going. He was on good terms with his brother. He did not speak to witness about this. Witness did not know the reason of the going of the crowd, till he reached the pimpal platform. He found the bazar broken. He found no sepoys (fallen) at or near the depot. He did not state before the Collector that two sepoys were lying near the depot.

Witness went in the crowd to the pimpal platform. About 200 or 300 people had already gone ahead of him. The whole road was packed with men, as far as the pimpal platform.

Witness met the police constables near the platform. They were Uma and Vithalsing: they were in uniform. They were detained near the platform and made to sit there. He did not know how long they were made to sit there. He went in the crowd. He had no weapon with him. He went in front of the crowd.

Near the pimpal platform accused No. 1 was saying to the crowd, that people should not go without killing the Mamletdar, so he went ahead. Accused Nos. 37, 47 and 49 asked witness to join in killing the Mamletdar. So he went. He also then felt that he might be caught as a recruit. So he thought it right to join with them in killing the Mamletdar. He collected rubbish and put it at the Mamletdar's door, along with his brother.

ALL APPROVERS KEPT TOGETHER.

The people got excited at the shots and on seeing some wounded. One was dead.

Then rubbish was collected and the door was set on fire. As all the accused were not before the District Magistrate, he did not mention the names of all persons named by him in court. Those accused were not shown to him after he made his statement before the District Magistrate and the police. He was kept alone till I was taken to the District Magistrate. Then the five pardoned approvers were kept together. The Kolis came at about sunset: a little before sunset: They were sitting at a distance. Many people from the sorrounding villages had come there. Some took part in the riot: and some merely watched the fun, witness did not remember whether the Kolis were armed or not. They might have been about 100, 200 or 400. They stopped till the Mamletdar was murdered.

He might have stated a few more names in this court than he had stated before the District Magistrate. The reason for it was that the accused were not before him then and on seeing them he could say who took what part. There were 7 or 8 Ghondhalis of Thugaon who beat the recruits. No police questioned him his arrest.

THE CONFESSION.

To R. B. Kokje witness stated on Thursday that he was willing to confess and that he might be taken out. He was taken to the District Magistrate twice in the morning and afternoon. In the morning his statement was not recorded. Nathu's statement was recorded then. Witness was not taken to the District Magistrate the previous day.

On return from the Ditrict Magistrate he was kept separate (alone) in a separate room, for about 15 days at Akola. He did not meet the other four approvers during that time. Then they all five were taken to Rahuri and were kept in the police jail. They were then brought to Nagpore on Kartak Shudh. At first they were kept in jail, but not with the accused present in court. Nobody had read the statements to witness before he came to the court, that day. His statement was recorded by the police about 2 or 4 days after his statement was recorded by the District Magistrate. It was not Bagya who gave a tomtom: but it was given by a Mang named Pirya, whom he knew. He did not know Bhagya Mang: so he could not say whether he was alive or dead. The Mangs were sent for, before the Mamletdar was killed. Shankar Naikwadi and Parbhu (No. 6) had gone to call the Mangs They were called for the purpose of the *tomtom*. Four Mangs came: Pirya and Babja were among them. Pirya alone came first for the *tomtom*. Then the other three came for burning the Mamletdar's body. Rama, Babja and Aba were the other three. As witness was then confused he told the Collector that he knew Rama only out of those four. He did not remember if he had stated before District Magistrate No. 9's name as one of the distributors of food. He had mentioned before the District Magistrate No. 50's name only as the person who had rushed at the Fozdar. witness's *Mavshi* field was not about a mile from the mango grove. There was no re-examination by the prosecution.

LUDENDORFF'S MILITARY MISTAKES.

BY A HIGH MILITARY AUTHORITY.

(*Special for "The Chronicle."*)

The first cause of the German defeats lay with the Germans themselves. Their disasters arose in the first place through the mistakes of their leader, Ludendorff. mistakes so astonishing that future students of the art of war will view them with amazement. War is the most unrelenting of taskmasters. The faults of generals are paid for in defeat, and by the blood of their soldiers. One mistake on the part of a general is more often than not the beginning of disaster, but that Ludendorff should be allowed to filing away all the advantages he undoubtedly had, and perpetrate a series of unforgivable military errors is incredible. That he committed these faults while fighting one of the most brilliant Commanders in history is the reason why German arms go from disaster to disaster

Ludendorff's intention in opening this year's campaign was to inflict a decisive defeat on the British and French Armies before the arrival of the American Army. The enemy possessed many advantages; he had a great superiority of forces, and his geographical position enabled him to concentrate for an attack on either the French or British front with very much greater rapidity than the latter were able to concentrate their reserves to meet it. The Germans had also been able to keep out of the line a very much larger reserve than the British and French Armies had at their disposal, and to give them a far more intensive training. Ludendorff's plan was to use these advantages for a sudden attack which would break completely through the British front near its point of junction with the French, and separate the Allied Armies. This attack succeeded in driving us back a distance of over 30 miles but just failed to reach Amiens. Instead of exploiting this great advantage Ludendorff proceeded to undertake an attack on the British left wing, apparently with a view to capturing the Channel Ports. He again only achieved a partial success, and he then selected a totally different objective, namely Paris, which formed the ultimate goal of his attacks on the Aisne front on May 27th, on the Noyon-Montdidier front on June 9th, and on the Champagne front on July 15th. It will be noticed that there was no co-ordination between these various attacks, which aimed at achieving three totally distinct objectives. Had the whole weight of the German Army been thrown into any one of them, it would almost certainly have involved disaster for the Allies, and they constituted therefore a good example of the fatal consequences of transgressing the elementary principles of strategy—the concentration of the maximum strength at the decisive point. The only assumption on which these attacks could be justified would be that they were subsidiary attacks, intended to draw in the Allied reserves and to exhaust them, and thus to prepare the way for a final effort on the enemy's part which would inflict decisive defeat on the Allied Armies. If this was his intention, however, it only shows a gross miscalculation. In the first place, the tactics adopted by the enemy caused very heavy losses, and did not allow of a prolonged series of offensives such as would be entailed by this plan. In the second place, it ignored the fact that delay was fatal to Germany, inasmuch as it gave time for the Americans to redress the balance in numbers. Ludendorff, therefore, not only miscalculated the extent of the sacrifices which his tactical methods necessitated, but he also committed the cardinal error of underrating America's willingness and ability to place large numbers in the field at short notice.

As regards the actual attacks themselves, the first three were conducted with considerable skill and achieved a large measure of success, but the enemy High Command then committed a mistake, which has been its besetting sin since the commencement of the war. It assumed that the Allied Armies had suffered so heavily in a material and moral sense that they were incapable of offering any serious resistance to a further German offensive. The enemy's fifth attack on July 15th was badly conducted, no attempt was made to ensure surprise nor to make adequate preparations; but, worst of all, in making this attack the enemy exposed his right flank on the front between Chateau Thierry and the Aisne to a counter-stroke by the Allies. He actually proposed to cross the Marne and to advance southwards leaving this flank absolutely unprotected, an act of suicidal folly such as no soldier of any education or experience should have contemplated for a moment. This dangerous manoeuvre was also wholly unnecessary since the enemy had at the moment he launched his attack a large reserve opposite the British front doing nothing at all and it should, by every principle of the military art, have been used to support the main attack which, as we know from captured orders, was intended to obtain a decision.

Faults in defensive warfare.

The faults which Ludendorff displayed in the offensive are equalled, if not surpassed, by those displayed in defensive warfare. In each successive Allied attack he has allowed himself to be surprised. He was surprised by Marshal Foch's counter-stroke on July 18th; he was surprised again by the British anti-French offensive south of the Somme on August 8th; he was again surprised by the British attack on September 2nd which broke the Hindenburg Line south of the Scarpe. Since then all his plans have miscarried. His intention was to hold the Hindenburg Line between Cambrai and St. Quentin at all costs, in order to secure the gradual retirement of the German Armies on the front between the Oise and the Meuse. The Hindenburg Line was proclaimed by him to be impregnable, and he never dreamt that it could be broken. His only fear was lest the flank of his line west of the Meuse should be endangered by an advance towards Metz or up the Meuse itself. Marshal Foch cleverly played on this fear. The attacks conducted in the St. Mihiel salient and west of the Meuse led the enemy to transfer a very large number of reserve divisions to that front, with the result that not only was the Hindenburg Line completely broken through in the series of battles conducted by the British during the latter half of September and beginning of October, but the enemy's right flank was also driven in by the British and Belgian attack on September 28th, and this flank which he believed firmly secured by the marshes of Flanders was now greatly endangered. By the second week in October Ludendorff found the whole Western Front crumbling, both his flanks were threatened and his centre was giving way rapidly. Every calculation he had made had proved false; he had been completely outgeneralled; and the only course before him was a general retreat on a front of 200 miles between the Meuse and the sea, with troops exhausted by incessant fighting, opposed to a superior enemy flushed with victory. The man who had been advertised as a supreme military genius, who, three months before, had been throwing away his troops in an abortive series of the most costly attacks and had wasted an opportunity such as has been given to few generals in history—controlling, as he did, not only the military but the whole political machinery of the German Empire—was now compelled to devote all his efforts to extricating the German Armies from a situation in which they were faced with imminent disaster.

TRY MAGNESIA FOR YOUR STOMACH TROUBLE.

IT NEUTRALISES ACIDITY AND PREVENTS FERMENTATION.

Doubtless you have already tried pepsin, bismuth, soda, charcoal, drugs, etc., and so you know that these things will not cure your trouble—in some cases they do not even give relief—but before giving up hope and deciding that you are a chronic dyspeptic just try the effect of a little magnesia—not the ordinary carbonate, oxides or citrates, but pure bisurated magnesia, which you can obtain from practically any chemist in either powder or tablet form. Take half-a-teaspoonful of the powder or two compressed tablets with a little water after your next meal, and see what a difference this makes. It will instantly neutralise the harmful acid which now causes your food to ferment giving rise to wind, heartburn, flatulence and many other unpleasant symptoms, and you will find that, provided you take a little bisurated magnesia immediately afterward, you can eat almost anything and enjoy it without any danger of pain and discomfort to follow.

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CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA AND CHINA,

PROPOSED ISSUE OF NEW CAPITAL

The Bombay Agent of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, has received the following telegram from the Banks, London Office in reference to the proposed issue of new capital:—

"Treasury raise no objections to proposed issue. Confirmatory meetings will be held on 18th December and 8th January. Proposed payment of new shares to be made by four instalments of £10 each on or before 1st March, 2nd June, 1st September and 1st December. Interest on instalments at 5 per cent. per annum from date of payment until 31st December, 1919, after which New Shares rank Pari Passu existing shares. Fractional shares will be issued. Transfer Books closed 8th January to 15th January.

A FAMINE RELIEF PROPOSAL.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Will you be so good as to allow me space for a suggestion which is likely to be helpful at the present crisis when the outlook in India, through a threatening famine, is very grave.

At the time of the terrible famine in 1897, I published an article entitled "The Famine in India—Its Cause & Cure," and among other suggestions, one was, that wells be excavated all over the famine stricken districts as part of famine relief work, and as a permanent protection against a water famine wherever such wells may be provided. The idea was taken up by the Dewan of a certain Indian State, and a provision made in the annual budget of that State for the excavation of 400 wells a year. This was started many years ago, and I recently noticed that the wise decision then made is still being continued with excellent results.

At the meeting held in the Town Hall last Friday to inaugurate a Famine Relief Fund, one of the speakers said that efforts should be made to keep famine stricken people from wandering away from their villages, in an aimless manner, probably to meet worse starvation elsewhere. It will be readily seen that one of the most effective ways of preventing such migration would be, by having in every village, relief works of its own, and what better relief works could be established than the excavation of wells in the various villages of famine stricken areas, where, for want of an adequate and reliable water supply, the villagers of such districts suffer terribly whenever the monsoons fail? In the very worst year, there is always some rain throughout India, and a considerable portion of such rain percolates into the ground Hence, when the surface is perfectly dry, there is invariably water in the substrata Now it is evident that if the water of such substrata could be located, and wells dug, through which to lift it for use to the surface again, whenever required, the anxiety regarding these frequently recurring famines in India would be greatly removed.

The principal consideration in this proposal is, where to find the most suitable sites for the excavation of wells. Knowledge in this matter is obtained mainly by observation and comparison, and I have no doubt that those persons who have had practical experience in this matter, will be only too glad to place such experience at the disposal of those appointed to organise famine relief works. Personally, I shall be most happy to place such deductions as I have arrived at from my own experience in the excavation of several wells, at the disposal of whoever may require help in this matter, whether in British India or in the Indian States. I believe, were the public requested to provide money for the excavation of such wells, there would be a very hearty response, and to what better cause could philanthropical people give their money, than to provide a good water supply for poor people? I know of a village containing about 400 inhabitants, which depends solely for its water supply on the philanthropy of a Parsi gentleman who, more than two decades ago, provided this village with a good well, which probably cost him Rs. 2,000, and which provides an ample water supply, not only to the villagers but also for all their cattle.

I trust the above suggestion, which has produced such good results in at least one Indian State, will be yet more extensively accepted at present, and result in affording much relief to the poor suffering public.—Yours, etc.

E. W. FRITCHLEY,

Standard Building, Bombay.

"MADRAS MAIL" DEFAMATION CASE.

DEFENCE PLEA OF FAIR COMMENT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, Dec. 4.

The following is the written statement filed by Mr. Brenner, editor of the "Madras Mail," defendant in the suit brought by Mrs. Besant for alleged defamation:—

The defendant admits the publication of the words set out in paragraph 3 of the plaint, but denies that they were written falsely or maliciously and states that the said words, if defamatory, do not refer to the plaintiff. The defendant states that he is unaware of the objects and constitution of the Home Rule League or Home Rule movement, of which the plaintiff alleges she is president and to which reference is made in paragraph 4 and 5 of the plaint and he denies that in using the words "socalled Home Rule movement," in words complained of, he was referring to any such particular organisation as aforesaid or to any movement other than that which is referred to in the San Francisco trial, the report of the Rowlatt Commission and the Chelmsford-Montagu Report on Indian Constitutional Reforms.

In the alternative, the defendant states that even if this Honourable Court should hold that the words complained of according to their true and natural meaning can be interpreted as referring to the Home Rule League or the Home Rule movement of which the plaintiff alleges she is president, he denies that the words complained of refer to the plaintiff or afford her any cause of action. The defendant states that the terms "Home Rule Movement" and "Home Rulers" comprise and include persons holding wide diversity of opinion, whose activities extend from constitutional agitation for political reforms on the one hand to systematic commission of violent crimes and treasonable practices and adoption of revolutionary methods on the other hand. He also states that this recognition of the above mentioned diversity of opinion is affirmed by the last sentence in the words complained of. The defendant states that the words complained of are fair and bonafide comment on the movement for attaining self-government by India, which is disclosed in the documents referred to and commented on in the said words, and he states that the matter so commented on is of great public interest, that the said words were published bonafide for the benefit of the public, and without any malice towards the plaintiff.

The defendant states that the three documents commented on in words complained of were published under circumstances, which render the statements in them privileged and his comment thereon is fair comment, even if the statements in the said documents are not true in fact. The defendant denies that the plaintiff has suffered or is likely to suffer in character or reputation throughout the world or at all by the publication of the said words and denies that the plaintiff has suffered any damage and states that at any rate the damages claimed are greatly exaggerated. The defendant prays that the suit may be dismissed with costs.

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In accordance with a resolution passed at a recent meeting of the Senate, the following message of congratulations on the successful termination of the War was cabled by his Excellency the Chancellor of the University to his Gracious Majesty to King-Emperor:—"The University of Bombay respectfully tenders its dutiful congratulations to his Gracious Majesty the King-Emperor on the brilliant success achieved by Great Britain and her Allies and the ultimate triumph of the cause of freedom and liberty."

The following telegram has been received in reply from the Private Secretary to his Majesty:—

"I am commanded to convey to you and the Senate the sincere thanks of the King-Emperor for your kind message of congratulations on the Victory achieved by Great Britain and her Allies and the prospect of an early and honourable peace."

ALL-INDIA NADWATUL-ULEMA CONFERENCE.

The Secretary of the above Conference writes:—The eighteenth sessions of the All-India Nadw-tul-Ulema Conference will be held at Belgaum (Bombay Presidency) in the Easter Holidays. The Reception Committe has already begun the work. The exact dates will be notified later.

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THE WEATHER

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Dec. 5.

The monsoon has withdrawn temporarily from the south Peninsula. Western depression has given a light local precipitation in the North Punjab and hills of the North-West Frontier Province and slight disturbance has caused nearly general rain in Central Provinces except the east, a few falls in Cestral India east and south-east of the United Provinces.

The chief amounts are:—Benares, Sutna, Saugor and Amraoti a quarter inch, Hoshangabad three-quarters, Jubbulpore, and Seoni one and a half and Nagpur one.

Forecast:—Extension of rain into Kashmir, east of Central Provinces, Bihar and Orissa.

Earthquake report:—An earthquake report of moderate intensity at its origin about six thousand five hundred miles away was recorded on Simla seismograph at seventeen hours and thirty-nine minutes yesterday.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 6th December, 1918, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. Humidity is below normal at Ambala. Day temperature is in defect at Rawalpindi.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is below normal. Temperature remains lower than usual in the western districts.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear. Humidity is generally below normal. Both day and night temperatures are below the average in Rajputana, while in Sind night temperature alone is in defect.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear nearly everywhere. Humidity is below normal except in the south of Central India West. Day temperature is below average in Central India West and locally elsewhere; night temperature is lower than usual in Cutch, north Gujarat and Central India West.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear or only lightly clouded except in the eastern districts, where moderate cloud is present. Humidity has fallen, but is still above the average in the southern half of the division. Day temperature is below normal except in the south. Night temperature continues in moderate or considerable excess in the eastern half of the reporting area; but in the west it has fallen and is now nearly normal.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear or only lightly clouded. Humidity is in excess in the south Konkan, but is in defect at Bombay. Day temperature is below the average at Ratnagiri.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear in the north-west of the division; elsewhere skies are lightly or moderately clouded and humidity is above normal. Night temperature is above the average in Hyderabad and the south Bombay Deccan, the excess ranging up to 12 deg. at Nizamabad.

General Remarks.—Weather has been dry except for very light showers in the eastern districts of the Central Provinces. The disturbance in the extreme north has apparently travelled away eastwards and skies have cleared in the Punjab. Conditions in the south of the Peninsula are becoming more favourable for the re-appearance of the monsoon.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 5th Dec. 1918.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m. 10 a.m. 2 p.m. 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg Fahr.	29.938 Inch
Temperature of Air	76.9 Deg.
Wet Bulb Thermometer	66.4 "
Dew Point	60.5 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.586 "
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy=10)	0.6 "
Maximum temperature of Air	84.9 "
Minimum do.	69.7 "
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight	N,NE,ENE,NW,NNW,NNE.
Movement of Wind do.	190 Mile.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean time. Depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean time.	Depth on Soft.	LOW WATER. Day of Month.	Bombay Mean time.	Depth on Soft.
	Dec.	h. m.	ft. in.	Dec.	h. m.	ft. in.
Fri.	6	m 0 43	28 10	6	m 6 50	10 4
		0 28a	28 1		6 25a	15 10
Sat.	7	m 1 19	28 8	7	m 7 28	19 5
		1 3a	25 11		7 1a	16 5
Sun.	8	m 1 56	25 4	8	m 8 8	19 5
		1 52a	25 7		7 39a	17 2
Mon.	9	m 2 36	27 12	9	m 8 56	19 4
		2 46a	25 5		8 25a	18 2
Tues.	10	m 3 20	27 4	10	m 9 51	19 2
		3 58a	24 11		9 75a	19 3
Wed.	11	m 4 9	26 10	11	m 10 58	18 9
		5 7a	25 0		10 48a	20 3
Thurs.	12	m 5 6	25 6	12	0 6a	18 0
		m 6 24a	25 6			

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

Dec. 6 (Friday)	Sunrise. 6h. 50m.	Sunset. 6h. 1m.
" 7 (Saturday)	" 6h. 59m.	" 6h. 1m.
" 8 (Sunday)	" 7h. 0m.	" 6h. 2m.
" 9 (Monday)	" 7h. 1m.	" 6h. 2m.
" 10 (Tuesday)	" 7h. 1m.	" 6h. 2m.
" 11 (Wednesday)	" 7h. 2m.	" 6h. 3m.
" 12 (Thursday)	" 7h. 2m.	" 6h. 3m.

Phases of the Moon:—New Moon 1918. Dec. 3d. 8h. 49.3m. p.m.; First quarter 11d. 8h. 1.4m. a.m. Full Moon 18d. 6h. 47.5m. a.m.; Last quarter 25d. 0h. 0.6m. p.m.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, on the 6th December, 1918, was 30.144 inches for temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .019 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer readings should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given.

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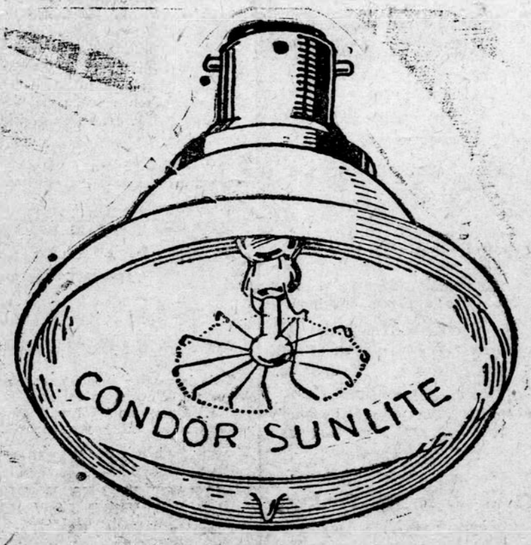

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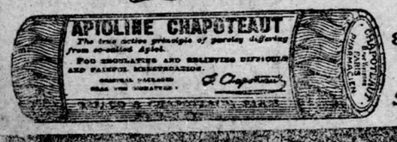

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CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

The Cathedral, St. Thomas the Apostle, Church Gate Street.—Clergy, Rev. H. E. Arnould, Senior Presidency Chaplain; Rev. W. F. M. Hammerton, Garrison Chaplain, 7 a.m., Holy Communion; 7-45 a.m., Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion, Choral. Tours in C. Hymns 46, 269, 311, 182, 5.30 p.m. Children's service 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Canticles, Anthem, Woodward in A. Hymns 48, 193, 288. Collections for Choice Fund. Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m., and Evensong at 5-15 p.m. Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m. On Wednesdays Choral Evensong at 6.30 p.m. The Lord Bishop of Bombay will preach the sermon on Sunday evening.

Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba.—Chaplain Rev. R. L. Wormald. 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 10 a.m. Parade Service; 5-15 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

All Saints Church, Malabar Hill.—8 a.m., Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m., Evening Prayer.

St. Mary the Blessed Virgin, Parel.—Chaplain Rev. J. B. Glass, 8 a.m., Morning Prayer; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

Emmanuel Church (C. M. S.), Girgaum.—Clergy: English.—Rev. C. W. Thorne, M.A. Marathi.—Rev. Canon D. L. Joshi and Rev. D. A. Yardi, B.A. Gujarati—Rev. L. Hari English Services: 8 a.m., Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m., Evening Prayer and Sermon. Collections for Church Expenses and Poor. The Ven. the Archdeacon of Uganda will preach Marathi Service 9 a.m., Gujarati Service 2-30 p.m.

St. Paul's Kamatipura (S.P.G.), Foras Road.—7 a.m., Matins; 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion (Choral); 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

Christ Church Byculla.—7-0 a.m., Holy Communion (Plain); 7-30 a.m., Morning Prayer; 8-0 a.m., Holy Communion (Choral); 5-15 p.m., Children's Service; 6-30 p.m., Evening Prayer and Sermon.

St. Nicholas' Church (opposite Prince's Dock)—Chaplain J. W. Bilby. 10 a.m., Holy Communion; 7-30 p.m., Evening Prayer and Sermon.

Holy Trinity Church, Hornby Road.—Clergy Rev. A. L. Bradbury. 8 a.m., Matins and Litany; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

Holy Cross, Umarkhadi (Chapel of Ease to St. Peter).—Clergy: Rev. Fr. Moore, Rev. H. Lord and Rev. J. Londhe. 6-30 a.m., Holy Communion (English); 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion (Marathi): 8 a.m., Matins (Gujarati); 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon (Marathi).

St. Peter's, Mazagon.—6-30 a.m., Holy Eucharist; 7-15 a.m., Matins and Litany, 8-0 a.m., Choral Eucharist; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

St. Stephen's Church, Bandra Hill.—Clergy; Rev. J. S. Payne. Matins and Sermon at 11 a.m.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

St. Andrew's Church (Church of Scotland), Apollo Street, Fort.—Senior Chaplain Rev. J. Drummond Gordon, B. D. 9-30 a.m., Joint Service with United Free Church of Scotland; 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

United Free Church of Scotland, Waudby Road.—9-30 a.m., United Service in St. Andhew's Church; 5 p.m., Sunday School and Bible Classes; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service. Sermon: "Has the Church failed, and if so, why?

WESLEYAN.

Wesleyan Church, Colaba Causeway.—9 a.m., Morning Service; 5 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens, Byculla-10 a.m., Morning Service; 5 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Wesleyan Marathi Mission.—8-15 a.m., Morning Service, Byculla; 9-30 a.m., Sunday School, Parel; 4-30 p.m., Evening Service, Parel.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Ambroli Presbyterian Church, Girgaum Back Road.—Morning Service, 9-30 a.m.; Evening Service in Marathi, 5 p.m.

METHODIST.

Taylor Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, Clare Road, Byculla.—Pastor; Rev. W. E. Bancroft. 8-30 a.m., Sunday School; 9-15 a.m., Morning Service; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service; 8-30 p.m., Men's Social Hour in Union Hall.

Bowen Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church Lansdowne Road, Apollo Bunder.—Pastor Rev. H. Ingham. 9-45 a.m., Sunday School; 11 a.m., Morning Service; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

CONGREGATIONAL.

American Mission Church, Hume Memorial Church, New Nagpada Road, Byculla.—Pastor: Rev. John Malelu, 9 a.m., Sunday School; 10 a.m., Sunday School Teachers' Class; 5-45 p.m., Gospel Spreading Society; 5 p.m. Afternoon Service, Prayer Meeting on Friday at 6-30 p.m. Agripada: 9 a.m., Sunday School; 5 p.m., Afternoon Service.

BAPTIST.

Bombay Baptist Church (opp. Post Office), Middle Colaba.—Minister Rev. E. P. Blackaby, 9 a.m., and 6-30 p.m., Sermon; Sunday School from 5 to 6 p.m.

SEVENTH DAY ADVENTISTS.

Seventh Day Adventists Church, Apolla Bunder (opposite Watson's Annexe).—Service: Sunday 6-30 p.m., Saturday 6-30 p.m., 5-15 Sabbath School. Wednesday 6-30 p.m. Bible Study and Prayer Meeting. Pastors: G. W. Petit and W. R. French in charge.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

The Cathedral (Our Lady of Hope), Kalbadevi.—Vicar Rev. Dr. B. de Monte. 7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

St. Anne's, Byculla.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers, Masses 6-30 a.m., 7-30 a.m., and 8-30 a.m., Evening Service, 6-30 p.m.

Church of Our Lady of the Resary, Mazagon.—Masses 5-30 a.m., 7 a.m., and 8-30 a.m. Evening Service 6 p.m.

Cavel Church (Our Lady of Health).—Vicar. Rev. M. DeSa. Masses 7 and 8-30.

Church of St. Francis Xavier, Dabul, (Burrow's Lane), Girgaum Road.—Vicar; Rev. Fr. J. N. Coutinho. 5-30 6-30 7-30 and 10-30 a.m., Masses. 6 p.m., Evening Service.

St. Theresa's Chapel, Girgaum Tram Terminus—Chaplain: Rev. D. Remedios, 6-30 a.m. Mass; 5-0 p.m., Evening Service.

Chapel of Our Lady of Dolours, New Sonapur.—Chaplain: Rev. Daniel X. Fernandes. Masses at 6 and 8 a.m., 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Church of N. S. de Salvacao, Dadar.—Masses at 5-30 and 6-30 a.m. Evening Service 4-30 p.m. Daily Masses 6-30 and 8 a.m.

Mount Mary's Chapel, Bandra Hill, Bandra.—9-30 a.m., Mass.

ARMENIAN CHURCH.

St. Peter's (Armenian) Church, Medows Street, Fort.—Mass 9 a.m.

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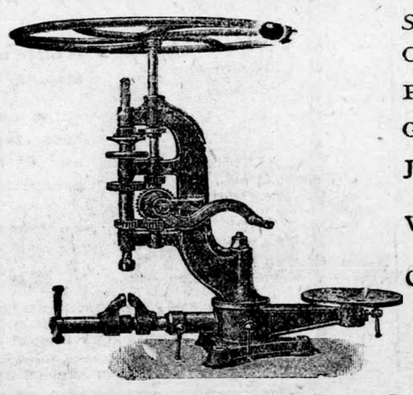

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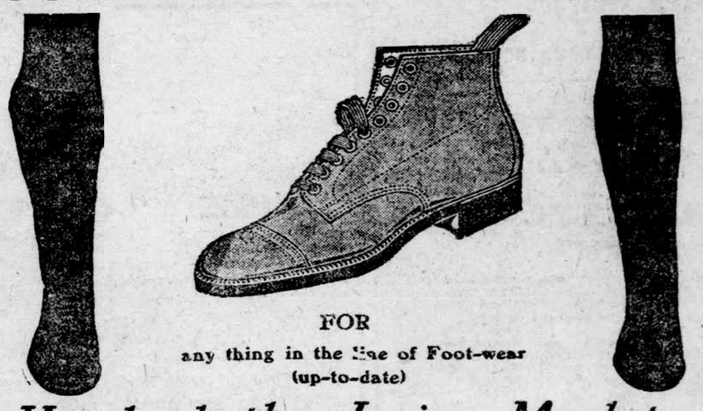

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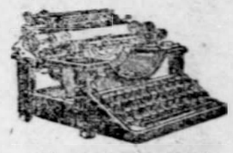

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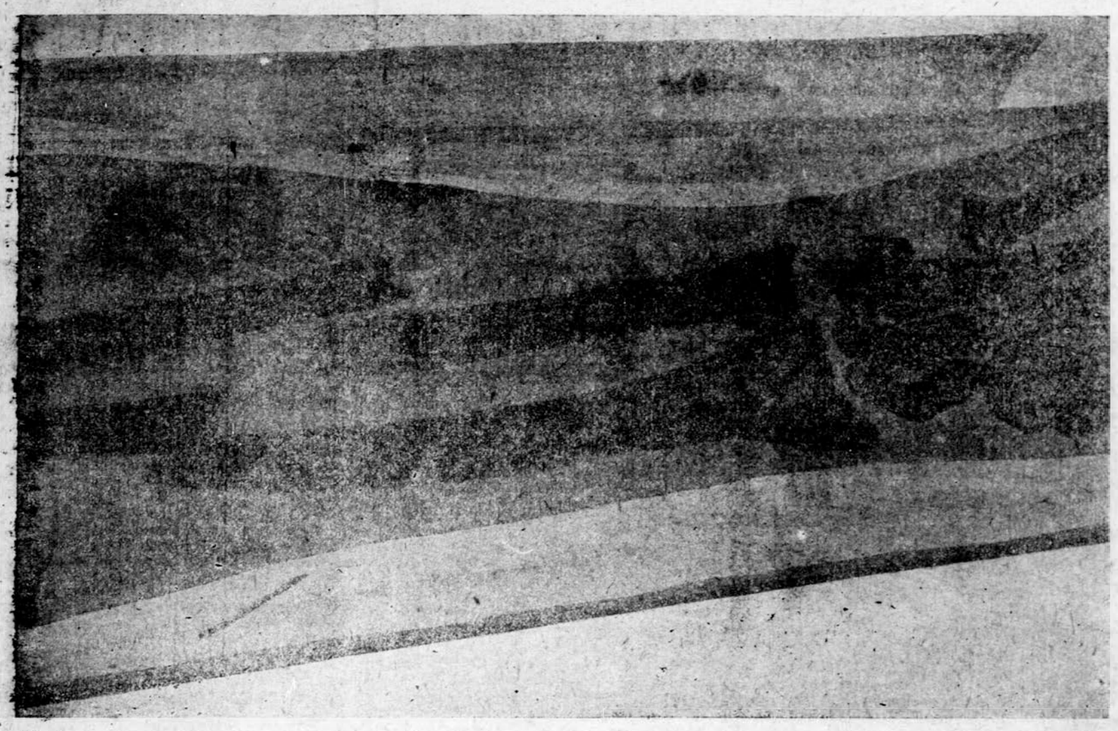

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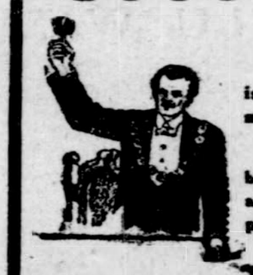

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